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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE WAR!

The Forces in Paris!

THREE SEPARATE ARMIES!

Positions of the Besiegers!

GRAND SORTIE EXPECTED!

Germans from Metz!

MARCHING TO THE SOUTH!

Reinforcing Von der Tann!

RECAPTURE OF DIJON!

Germans Before Paris

ANXIOUS TO TAKE THE CITY!

And then Return Home!

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FROM LONDON.

[N. Y. World Cable.]

THE MILITARY ORGANIZATION IN PARIS—NUMBERS AND DISPOSITION—THE PROVISION QUESTION.

LONDON, November 15.—A dispatch from Paris, 9th, says: Trochu now has equipped 1,050 field guns of new and approved patterns. The organization of the armies into which the garrison is divided is as follows:

The first army, commanded by General Clement Thomas, consists of 280 battalions of National Guards Sedantaire, one legion of artillery and ten squadrons of cavalry. The duty of this force is to garrison the Enceinte, and it numbers three hundred thousand men. Its cavalry is commanded by Col. Zehoelcher.

The second army is commanded by General Du Croilard, and divided into three corps, the first commanded by General Vinoy, Second by General Renault and the Third by General D'Exea. This army consists of eight divisions of infantry and one division of cavalry and numbers one hundred and thirty-five thousand men, all regulars. Its duty will be to make a sortie or strive to force its way through the Prussian lines and join the army coming from the Loire.

The Third Army is commanded by General Trochu, and comprises seven divisions of infantry and one of cavalry, and numbers 120,000 mobiles and marines. Its duty is to defend the forts and undertake operations near them. Trochu's general staff is composed of Gen. Schmitz, Chief; Gen. Guion, Chief of Artillery; Gens. Chabaud and Latour, Chief Engineers; Gen. Wolf, Chief Commissary. Eight divisions of the Second Army are commanded respectively by Trochu, Sormain, De Tuncus, De Beaufort, Conrad, De Hughes, Laroniere, and Pothuar.

Trochu informed the troops in a recent speech that the whole force of Germans around Paris is only 200,000 men, spread over a circle of investment of sixty miles in circumference, and when the proper time has arrived he will easily break this attenuated circle.

An official report shows that the provisions are sufficient to give fresh meat, bacon, bread and dried vegetables, in all two pounds of solid food per day to each inhabitant until the 20th of January.

THE POSITION OF THE BESIEGING FORCES.

The World's correspondent writes from Versailles, Nov. 10th: I have made a tour around the whole German circle of investment, beginning at Sartronville, a point on the Seine eight kelometres northeast of St. Germain en Laye. The army of the Crown Prince holds a double line of entrenched positions extending from the west to the southeast side of the city to Chille, a point on the Marne, near the junction of the Strasburg Railroad with the river. This line is forty-five miles long, taking in St. Germain, Marly, Versailles, Sceaux, Choisy Le Rio and Noisy Le Grande. The army of the Crown Prince of Saxony holds a line extending from Chailles around the north and north east of the city twenty miles long, touching Mont Vermeil, Sevrines, Gorges and Sauves. The troops are quartered in all the houses of the villages, and some in wooden barracks, and are so scattered it is difficult to determine their strength. They are apparently so arranged as to be able to concentrate sixty or seventy thousand men on any point attacked within two hours. To concentrate larger force will require six or seven hours. No doubt the health of the troops is greatly impared. The sick lists are daily growing more alarming.

DIJON CAPTURED BY THE FRENCH.

The World correspondent at Dole says: Dijon has been recaptured by the French, who, after a brilliant engagement, drove the Prussians from the city. The Prussians are retreating northeast along the road leading through the towns of Moreban and Moncache to Ceray.

ENGLAND'S REPLY TO RUSSIA'S DEMAND.

The reply of the British Government to the demand of Russia for the abolition of the treaty of 1856 is understood to be weak and deprecating.

COUNT MOLTKE'S OPINION.

The World correspondent at Versailles, writing on the 11th, says: Moltke said yesterday, "Paris will be able to hold out almost four weeks longer. I deplore the folly of the French in refusing to yield and the necessity for devastating the country." The opinion of the army coincides with that of Moltke. The men, however, are terribly anxious to get home; they do not care about seeing Paris now.

EXPECTED IMPERIAL RESTORATION.

The belief prevails among the officers that as soon as Paris is occupied the majority of the troops will be quartered in the city and there remain all winter, superintending the Constituent Assembly and keeping a wide circle of the country under subjection. The whole army lately under Bazaine is to be brought back to France, to be used in strengthening the hands of the new strong government with which peace will be made. At the head of this government will be Napoleon. This is the reason why Bazaine has been sent to Wilhelmshohe and of the continued communications between Napoleon, the King, Bismarck and the Imperialists of England and Belgium.

RECRUITING OFFICE BROKEN UP.

LONDON, November 15.—The Prussian authorities in Strasburg have discovered and broken up a recruiting office for the French service establishment. Though conducted with great secrecy it had been in operation for over a fortnight and had enlisted and sent out two hundred and eighty Franc-Tireurs.

A THREATENING COLUMN.

The Prussian column from Rheims threatens the army of Gen. Cambriels.

GERMAN METZ ARMY MOVING SOUTH.

LONDON, Nov. 10—10:30 P. M.—Dispatches to-night report that Prince Frederick Charles is moving southward to strengthen Von der Tann and his troops occupy Donveinet, Troyers and Sens.

THE RUSSIAN NOTE.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The Vienna Cabinet is disappointed at Gladstone's dispatch on the Russian note, and likens him to Lord Aberdeen. In view of the possible movement of Russia southward, a British fleet of observation will be established in the Mediterranean, with Malta as a place of rendezvous.

[N. Y. Herald Cable.]

INVESTMENT OF BELFORT.

LONDON, November 15.—A letter from Basle, 13th, states the Prussian troops were investing Belfort at five o'clock under General Trischow. The earthworks were already formidable. The place is apparently strongly fortified and the German officers think it will take a month to reduce it. The garrison, including Mobiles, is said to reach sixty thousand. Rumors existed of the gathering of French forces in the neighborhood to attack Trishow.

[N. Y. Herald Special.]

EFFECT OF THE ORLEANS VICTORY.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—A special correspondent writing from Rouen on the 14th says: The spirit of the people is excellent. The victory at Orleans had a tremendous effect. The Prussians are reported still at Gisors, having made no northward movement. There are about 25,000 troops here, including a large force of artillery. Rouen is not fortified.

A GRAND SORTIE FROM PARIS EXPECTED.

The Herald correspondent writes from Versailles, 11th: A grand sortie from Paris is expected about the 18th or 20th, and preparations to resist the attack are vigorously pressed forward.

QUESTIONABLE SUCCESS OF THE ARMY OF THE LOIRE.

I have good reason for advising you not to place too much reliance on reports of the success of the army of the Loire. Von der Tann with a small force is falling steadily back in accordance with a well understood plan. No doubt he will lose a considerable number of men, but the sacrifice will be the same as at Gravelotte. It is intended to hold the Loire army in check, and meanwhile Frederick Charles is steadily pushing on and is even now nearly within striking distance of Paladine's right flank. I believe I can confidently assure you that unless Moltke's plans fail, as they have not yet failed since the commencement of the war, the army of the Loire will find itself in a trap and the chances of another disastrous capitulation are imminent. Large reinforcements and a big convoy of guns made their appearance at St. Denis yesterday morning.

ENVOY FROM RUSSIA.

A special envoy from St. Petersburg reached headquarters yesterday and had an interview with the King in the presence of the Crown Prince, Bismarck and Moltke.

FROM GARIBALDI'S COMMAND.

A special correspondent of the Tribune, with Garibaldi, at Le Creusot, says: Eight hundred workmen came yesterday to Auton as a deputation to Garibaldi from Le Creusot, offering to place themselves and the whole establishment at his orders to manufacture mitrailleuses, cannon and chassepots, or put on red shirts and fight. All unmarried men from nineteen to forty years of age had previously been enrolled and of the remainder all married men under 40 now start for the field. The priests have all been turned out of the Seminary at Auton by Garibaldi's order and the pupils sent home. Gambetta is reported displeased at this, but has not countermanded the order. Gen. Michel has been superceded and Craizet appointed his successor.

The same correspondent, writing on the 12th, from Auton, says: Ricciotti Garibaldi is to command the Franco-Tireurs, comprising the Fourth Brigade. One battery and some Spencer rifles have arrived. Bozad's quarters are at Epinol. He had a long interview to-day with Garibaldi to perfect plans for operations. The ground is covered with snow.

[New York Tribune Cable.]

LATE FROM PARIS.

LONDON, November 15.—The New York Tribune special correspondent at Versailles, writing on the 11th, says: Paris papers are received dated the 8th. The press still accuse the Government of feebleness and treachery, but Trochu and his colleagues are evidently brave and full of power. The public feeling is still for resistance. The Prussian siege works are still unfinished, but they are more able to resist a sortie, the men being better massed and reinforcements having arrived.

CORRESPONDENCE FROM VERDUN.

The Tribune correspondent at Verdun, writing 9th, says: I have just entered the town, the fortress of which surrendered to General Von Gaal with four thousand prisoners, including two generals and about one hundred officers. The citadel has suffered much from the bombardment and most of casners and store rooms are in ruins. The bombardment was to have been renewed. Gen. Manteuffel, with his corps, was already on the march to assist the detachment hitherto besieging the fortress, but the officers of the citadel were not able longer to keep the soldiers under discipline. The Republican party resisted the surrender. Last night they took up arms against the garrison and a fight ensued, in which several were killed and wounded. The Prussians entered Verdun without receiving any demonstrations from the inhabitants. The citadel is still provisioned for several weeks. Many rifles, guns, quantities of ammunition and other war materials were thrown in the river last night. Gen. Wallersbalk, the commander, left for Wilhelmshohe.

MISCELLANEOUS WAR NOTES.

LONDON, November 15.—It is said that a number of documents were found in a balloon recently captured by the Prussians which seriously compromise the neutrality of Switzerland.

A note from the French Government thanks the neutrals for their late intervention in behalf of peace. The note says that the acceptance of the harsh Prussian terms would have been virtually subscribing to our own subjugation.

The Times, in its editorial article on the situation, is disposed to believe that the war will not by any means be ended when Paris is taken, so intense is the bitterness of the French.

The Post charges that Gladstone's interest in peace between France and Germany was just long enough to admit of the negotiation of the new French loan.

The steamship Westphalia sailed on the 2d inst. for New York, and took refuge on the 10th inst. at Cuxhaven, owing to the movements of the French fleet near the mouth of the Elbe.

Bismarck denies the authenticity of the dispatch reported sent by him to the North German Minister at Florence. The Belgium Government replies to the complaints of Prussia about the tone of Belgium journals, that their press is constitutionally free.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

Earl Russell, who was commissioned by the English Foreign Office to bear to Versailles dispatches expostulating against the temporizing policy of Prussia upon the Eastern question, has written to Earl Granville that he expects a prolonged stay at Versailles, and that there is a growing belief that the siege of Paris is a gigantic mistake.

RECAPTURE OF DIJON CONFIRMED.

LONDON, Midnight.—Additional French reports confirm the recapture of Dijon.

GIVING THEIR BELLS.

The French churches in France are offering their bells to be cast into cannon.

REINFORCING VON DER TANN.

Prince Frederick Chas. reached River Youre. His columns converge at Sens, and he will cross the river to the assistance of Von der Tann with an army estimated at one hundred thousand men.

GERMAN VESSEL CAPTURED.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—Advices are received that the German vessel Terra Joanna has been captured by a French gunboat.

FROM FRANCE.

RUMORED SURRENDER OF BAVARIANS.

TOURS, November 15.—It is rumored that a large body of Bavarians surrendered near Arthenay yesterday.

Prince Frederick Charles is now within a few days' march of the army of the Loire.

SORTIE FROM MEZIERES.

A dispatch from Mezieres dated yesterday, states that a force of eight hundred troops made a sortie there on that day, and relieved a body of Franc-Tireurs, who were surrounded at Prael. One hundred Prussians were placed hors de combat.

RUSSIA AND THE PARIS TREATY.

The resolve on the part of the Russian government to withdraw from the Paris treaty creates a profound sensation here. It is said that the English envoy has gone to Versailles to demand King William's views of the matter.

CAMP FORTIFIED—FREESHOOTERS ACTIVE.

The French camp between Arthenay and Orleans is now very strongly fortified and armed with cannon of long range. This will serve as a base for the army of the Loire.

Advices from St. Peravy show that there have been constant engagements between the Franc Tireurs and Prussian scouts for several days past. Many have been killed on both sides.

FRENCH DISPATCHES.

TOURS, November 15.—A dispatch from Lyons announces that mutinous soldiers of the Garde Mobile had been tried and three of them executed. The town of Auxonne, in the department of Cote d'Or is nearly invested by Prussians.

DOLE, November 14.—The Prussian force at Chengrey, about 4,800 strong, has been recalled to Gray, in the Department of Haute Saone, owing to the recapture of Dijon by the French. Three hundred Prussians attacked this place yesterday, but were handsomely repulsed by the National Guard.

MARSEILLES, November 14.—Returns from the municipal elections foot up Republicans 29,000, Communists 8,000. The city has been and is perfectly quiet.

BAVARIANS DESERTING—VALOROUS CONDUCT ACKNOWLEDGED.

TOURS, November 15.—The Bavarians of Von der Tann's command are deserting in considerable numbers and the peasants capture and bring them to Tours. The Government in the Moniteur, thanks the National Guard of Department of the Sine et Marne for gallant conduct in capturing a body of Prussian cavalry and mentions their exploit in an order of the day.

There is nothing official from Paris or the army of the Loire published to-day. General De Palladines is by a decree of the Government appointed commander-in-chief of the army of the Loire.

In addition to the forces now organized and in the field, four entrenched camps are to be formed, wherein five hundred thousand men may be drilled.

On German prisoners taken around Orleans were found large quantities of French jewelry and gold.

FROM GERMANY.

GERMAN UNITY NEGOTIATIONS.

BERLIN, November 15.—Negotiations looking to German unity are pending. Prussia recently made a proposition that all legislation relating to the press and the matter of public meetings should belong exclusively to the Federal Parliament.

THEIR REAR LOOKED AFTER.

VERSAILLES, Nov. 15.—The rear of the armies investing Paris is protected by the arrival of fresh troops.

Other Cable Dispatches.

[Special to the N. Y. World.]

ITALY.

ENTRANCE TO THE QUIRINAL FORCED.

A special dispatch from Florence says: A forcible entrance to the Quirinal has been effected. Commodore Spagna, being asked for the keys to the palace, said he had consigned them to Antonelli. The Cardinal being applied to, said he had given them to the Pope. No one ventured to ask the Pope for them, but a locksmith was employed to pick the locks, when the palace was entered. An inventory was then taken of all the contents. An immense collection of Papal antiquities were seized, namely: The archives of music, ecclesiastical affairs of council, affairs of Master of Ceremonies, A. H. Principe's Latin letters and affairs of the Secretary of State. The seizure of the palace has called forth severe comments from a part of the clerical journals and these were all seized and confiscated. The expulsion of Priests engaged in teaching continues every day. No further pretence is made for recognizing any rights of the Pope or church.

The Opinione believes Russia's demand will be granted by the powers.

RUSSIA.

THE TREATY OF PARIS CIRCULAR.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 15.—The circular of Prince Gortschakoff concerning the treaty of Paris of '56, is dated October 31st. It recites the successive alteration and violation of European treaties, among them that of '56, and is unable to see why Russia should observe the latter when it has been disregarded by others. Therefore Russia disowns the obligation to the limited enjoyment fyr the use of the Euxine, and invites the Sultan to enjoy equal rights with her. She has no wish to rekindle the eastern question, and only aims at increasing her defensive strength. The Government has procured as a compromise a substitute, which is the arrangement of the question at issue on an equitable and therefore permanent basis.

IRELAND.

A PAPAL DEMONSTRATION.

CORK, November 15.—A great demonstration of sympathy for the Pope was made here to-night. An immense public meeting was held, presided over by the Bishop of the Diocese and addressed by the members of Parliament from this district. Resolutions expressing personal sympathy for the Holy Father, lamenting the destruction of temporal power as detrimental to the peace of Europe, and in favor of memoralizing Her Majesty's Government, were adopted by acclamation.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, November 15.—Great enthusiasm was created at the Bourse here by the announcement that the Prussians had evacuated Orleans.

Jay, American Minister, gave an entertainment last night, in honor of General Sheridan and party, at which Baron Beust and Count Andreassy were present.

HUNGARY.

PESTH, November 15.—In the Hungarian Diet to-day Deak urged the Government to resist Russian pretensions. The opposition, however, desired to effect peaceful arrangements.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, Nov. 15—Evening.—Consols 92¾; bonds quiet but steady; 5 20's '62, 88¾; do. '65, 87¾; do. '67, 89½; 10 40's, 86¾. Stocks quiet but steady; Erie 18¾; Illinois 111; Western 29½.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 15.—Cotton demand fair and advanced; sales 12,000 bales; uplands 9¼@9½c; Orleans 9¾@9⅞c. California wheat 11s 2d; Western Spring 9s 11d; winter 10s 1½c. Flour 21s 3d. Corn new 29 to 29½c. Oats 2s 7½. Pork 103s. Beef 102s. Lard 71s 6d; Cumberland middles 64s.

FRANKFORT, Nov. 15.—5 20s '62: 94⅛.

Upper Rivers.

[By P. & A. Telegraph Line.]

BROWNSVILLE, Nov. 15.—River about on a stand with four feet water in the channel. Weather cloudy; thermometer 38 at six P. M.

OIL CITY, Nov. 15.—River rising slowly with 22 inches water in the channel. Weather cloudy and snowing. Thermometer 40 at 6 P. M.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE CAPITAL.

Peremptory Recall of Mr. Motley Denied—Government Tax on New York Railroads—Disposition of the West Point Cadet Case—The Internal Revenue Commissionership—Cost of Collecting the Revenue—The Defaulting Paymasters—Change of Pension Agents.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15, 1870.

PEREMPTORILY RECALLED.

On Friday last the President directed Secretary Fish to send a cable dispatch to London, peremptorily recalling Motley as Minister to England, and directing Moran, Secretary of Legation, to act as Charge d'Affairs until a new Minister is appointed. The President gives as a reason for this immediate action the necessity for instant decision in the fishery controversy with Canada, and other differences with the British Government, which he does not feel inclined to intrust to the management of Motley.

THE REPORT DENIED.

Several gentlemen in high official positions denied, to-day, the truth of the report that the President had recalled Minister Motley and instructed him to turn over the affairs of the Legation to Secretary Moran, and the Evening Star says it is authorized by proper authority to state there is no truth in the report. It may be added that Motley has been waiting for several months the arrival of his successor, and consequently has not initiated any measures of importance, nor is such his intention, with the British Government.

TAX ON GROSS RECEIPTS.

Jay Gould, President of the Erie Railroad Company, wrote to the Internal Revenue Bureau that he learned an assessment had been returned by the Supervisor against that Company for tax on gross receipts and earnings alleged to have been expended in construction, and asked that the Assessor might be instructed to afford every facility for presenting such facts as were necessary to be stated in the claim which he made for the payment of tax assessed. Accordingly the Assessor of the Sixth New York district was instructed to proceed in the investigation, which has already been commenced, according to the provisions of section 14 of the act of July 18, 1864, amended, which would give the company ample facilities for presenting all the facts that they may desire bearing on the company's liability to the tax. And the Assessor has also been instructed to take steps necessary for making the proper assessment.

The Internal Revenue Bureau has written to Assessor Lathrop, at Albany, respecting the assessment of tax upon what is known as the eighty per cent. scrip dividend declared by New York Central Railroad Company in favor of stockholders. The Commissioner says: Due regard for the interests and rights of the Government forbid the assessment should no longer be delayed.

THE CADET CASE.

The War Department to-day issued an order approving the proceedings of the recent court martial at West Point in the case of Cadet James W. Smith (colored), and its finding upon the first charge against him, of conduct prejudicial to good order and military discipline, by creating disturbance in camp and assaulting Cadet Wilson with a dipper and his fists. The sentence for this offence, that Cadet Smith walk post under charge of a cadet sentinel from two P. M. until recall, for six consecutive Saturdays, is disapproved, Secretary Belknap concurring in the opinion of the Judge Advocate General that it is better the sentence should be disapproved than that the sanction of the Government should be given to punishment so utterly insufficient. Cadet Smith is acquitted of the second charge, conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman, in speaking disrespectfully to a file closer during drill, August 18th, and the Department approves this finding, accepting Smith's written explanations, though the evidence as to his intentions in thus speaking hardly amounts to a reasonable doubt which would justify acquittal. The order releases Smith from arrest and dissolves the courtmartial.

THE REVENUE COMMISSIONERSHIP.

A lively contest is arising over the vacant Commissionership of Internal Revenue, and the different sections are pressing their claims with much strength. Several Senators here all appear to be greatly interested in the contest, but it is still impossible to give any opinion as to the result. General Woodford, of New York, and Representative Kelsey are mentioned. Allison, of Iowa, has many warm friends, who urge his fitness, but it is not known that he would accept. Douglass, the present Acting Commissioner, continues to hold his strength, still pressed by Pennsylvania. It was stated yesterday by a Senator that Senator Morton received from the President a promise that he would appoint Colonel William Cumback, of Indiana, if that gentleman would accept. It is known that the President is anxious to recognize Cumback, and that he is only waiting for an indication of his wish.

COST OF COLLECTING REVENUE.

From statements now preparing in the office of the Fifth Auditor of the Treasury, which, when completed, will show the cost of assessing and collecting the Internal Revenue in every district in the United States, it appears that the rate of expenses in Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis and other western cities, for collecting the revenue, is only half that incurred in New York, Philadelphia, New Orleans, and other cities in the North and South.

DEFAULTING PAYMASTERS.

The reports of the naval courts in relation to the cases of several Paymasters charged with irregularities or defalcation have been forwarded to the Secretary of the Navy, but the action will not be promulgated until the remaining cases are disposed of, which will not be for a month.

PENSION AGENTS CHANGED.

The President appointed Wm. E. Ebert pension agent at Macon, Missouri, vice John T. Clemens removed, and George E. Webster pension agent at Fort Gibson, vice Alex. Clapperton, removed.

ANOTHER REPORT CONTRADICTED.

The report current to-day that Representative Loughridge, of Iowa, has been offered and accepted the appointment of Commissioner of the Land office is untrue.

Activity in the Navy Yards.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Orders have been received at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, from the Navy Department at Washington, to fit out for sea, with all possible dispatch, frigate Minnesota, first rate, carrying forty-six guns, and 3,000 tons burden; frigate Tennessee, second rate, carrying twenty-three guns and 1,135 tons burden, and the frigate Shawmut, fourth rate, carrying three guns and 310 tons burden. In consequence of this order, the signs are unusually active in the Yard and it is more than likely that an additional force of workmen will be taken on to complete the work at the earliest possible day. The workmen who have been discharged will be replaced by more efficient men. There are 2,500 experienced workmen in the Yard. The Tennessee is almost ready to go into commission. She has been coaled and is ready to receive her guns and provisions. The Minnesota has yet a great deal of work to be done on her before she can float out of dry dock and receive her spars and rigging, as now only her lower masts are standing. The Minnesota cannot be ready for sea under two months at least, and probably not then. The Shawmut is still on the stocks, having been almost entirely rebuilt. She will be ready for launching in a few days, and can be made ready for sea in two months if necessary. Work will be pushed ahead on her until she is completed. It is understood that orders have been given to the Commanders at Boston, Portsmouth, Philadelphia and Norfolk navy yards to fit out with expedition several ships of first and second rates. No less than twelve vessels, of various classes, are to be put in sea-going condition at once. Work is to be suspended on the Susquehana, Gettysburg, Albany, Hartford, Roanoke and Minnesota as soon as they leave the dock until the above named vessels are completed.

The Louisville Canal Improvements.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, November 15.—Gen. Weitzel, in charge of the improvements to the Louisville Canal, in reply to a letter from George F. Davis, President of the Board of Aldermen, says he has requested the Board of Directors not to open the canal until the end of the present low water; that the government is conducting the work for all and not for a class, and that he is doing all in his power. He says boats cannot be allowed to pass at night, as the blasting is done after the men generally quit work. The canal can only be enlarged by the exercise of patience. He thinks if the appropriations he has asked from Congress are not granted at the ensuing session, the canal will be closed for two summers. He deprecates the passage of resolutions such as were recently adopted in Cincinnati, looking to the immediate opening.

A committee of the Chamber of Commerce was instructed to-day to proceed at once to Louisville and make a complete investigation and report.

Another Self-Confessed Nathan Murderer.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, November 15.—A well dressed young man, giving his name as Dallas Lord, called on Deputy Sheriff Wm. Warren, of Norfolk county, at Randolph, last evening, and confessed he was the murderer of Benjamin Nathan, and stated he had an accomplice named Frank Barr, whom he had separated from yesterday eight miles from Boston. Both of them had traveled over the country since the murder. Lord said he could no longer keep the secret. Sheriff Warren locked him up awaiting an investigation. It is supposed Lord is another insane man seeking notoriety.

Official Returns of South Carolina Election

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, November 15.—The following majorities in South Carolina are taken from the certified official returns: Robert K. Scott, Republican, for Governor, 33,534; Alonzo J. Rausier, Republican, for Lieutenant Governor, 31,637. For Congress—First District, Joseph H. Rainey, Republican, 8,593; Second District, Delarge, Republican, 986; Third District, Rob't B. Elliott, Republican, 6,567; Fourth District, Alexander S. Wallace, Republican, 3,304. Congressman at large, J. P. M. Epping, 69. Joseph H. Rainey was also elected to fill the unexpired term in the First District by a majority of 17,194.

The Georgia Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Nov. 15.—The Democratic State ticket is probably elected by 3,000 to 5,000 majority. The House will stand sixty-five Democrats to thirty-five Republicans. About fifteen of the latter are colored. The last House was about eighty-three Republicans to seventeen Democrats. The Senators hold over; that body stands thirty-one Republicans to two Democrats. It is doubtful which party has the majority on joint ballot.

Lake Steamers Supposed Lost, with One Hundred Souls.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—Nothing further has been heard from the steamer Algonia, plying between Collingwood and Lake Superior ports. She has been out twenty days, and it is feared she has gone down with all on board, nearly one hundred souls.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, November 15, 1870.

REVENUE SEIZURES.

Government officials seized the books of a prominent grocery house for reporting short weight on coffee at the Custom House.

A large number of seizures have been secretly made by Custom House and Treasury officials within a short time, including a prominent bonded warehouse.

BUSINESS FAILURE.

The failure of a prominent commission house in the hop trade is announced which may possibly embarrass other firms.

THE MONEY MARKET.

Money is more active at 5 to 6 per cent. There are some shipments of currency to the west. On the contrary Cincinnati banks are allowing funds to accumulate here to their credit and those of Chicago are remitting money to New York correspondents.

PACIFIC MAIL COMPANY.

The Pacific Mail election takes place to-morrow. But very little interest is manifested in the matter. The following is the regular ticket for directors, which will probably be successful without opposition: Allen McLane, Jas. M. Brown, Wm. Potter, Jonathan Thorne, Francis Skeddy, Wm. H. Webb and Sidney Mason. Mr. McLane will be elected to the Presidency. The company intends to build several large iron screw steamers for freight business on the China route, but will await the action of Congress on the tariff to see where they can be built cheapest.

RUMOR DENIED.

The rumor prevalent to-day that a prominent grocery importing house had been seized by Customs officials for rendering false weights on coffee, is denied at the seizure Bureau of the Custom House.

COLLEGE REUNION.

The Seventh Annual Reunion of the alumni of the Dartmouth College will be held at Delmonico's on the evening of December 1st.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The first snow of the season fell at St. Louis yesterday.

—Mrs. Bullard, editor of the Revolution, sails for Europe to-morrow.

—Snow storms prevailed at many points in the northwest and south of Chicago yesterday.

—The Rev. Dr. Ballard, a well-known Episcopal clergyman, died suddenly at Brunswick, Me., Monday night.

—At Milwaukee yesterday morning the extensive tobacco works of L. J. Hobart were destroyed by fire, involving a loss of $12,000.

—Margaret Moore, a married women, in New York, while laboring under a fit of temporary insanity, last night, killed her infant by cutting its throat with a razor.

—The steamship Frankfort, from Bremen, arrived at New Orleans yesterday with eight hundred and ninety-four passengers, mostly emigrants, of whom five hundred are for Texas.

—M. W. Ostrander, messenger of the Peoples' Bank, New York, had his pocket picked yesterday of seven gold certificates payable at various banks, amounting to $4,954, and promissory notes for $8,390.

—Rev. Dr. R. Foster has been elected President of the Drew Theological Seminary, New Jersey, Rev. Dr. John T. Herst, professor of Church History, and Rev. Dr. C. D. Fass, to another vacant professorship.

—Prof. Edward W. Root, of Child Department of Chemistry, Hamilton College, died yesterday morning in his thirtieth year. The Freshmen Class in Hamilton College have returned to work as loyal students.

—The receivers of the Indianapolis, Cincinnati and Layfayette Railroad have appointed O. F. Moore superintendent, N. L. Hall, master of transportation, and C. Vandeusen, road master, with offices at Indianapolis.

—The afternoon passenger train from Portland to Bangor, Me., yesterday ran over an ox two miles above Augusta. One baggage and five passenger cars were thrown from the track and badly smashed. Four or five persons were injured, none fatally.

—Greenlaw, who recently got the contract for the completion of the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad, has appointed S. B. Beaumont general manager, with full powers and instructions to finish the road by February 10th. Beaumont has employed a large number of hands.

—A dispatch from London to the treasurer of the Great Western Railroad says all the bonds put on the London market by that company to raise funds to build an air line from Buffalo to Glencoe, have been subscribed. This will cause an expenditure of five million dollars in Ontario within the next few months.

—The Ohio Female Suffrage Association commenced its annual session at Columbus yesterday. The number of delegates is quite small and but little interest is manifested in the proceedings. In the absence of the President, the meeting was presided over by Mrs. M V. Longey. Speeches have been made by Lucy Stone and others.

—Calvin W. Starbuck, founder and principal proprietor of the Cincinnati Times, died suddenly at half-past six o'clock Tuesday morning, from disease of the heart. He was forty-eight years old. His general health was good. He was at the office as usual on Monday, and complained of nothing until half-past four Tuesday morning.

—The trial of the Baton Rouge prisoners commenced at New Orleans yesterday morning. The Picayune says it is asserted that nine-tenths of these prisoners are well known quiet and respectable citizens, who were in no way connected with the riot. David Fisher was arrested for killing Mayor Schonberg and Judge Lawes. In default of bail he was sent to the parish prison.

—The hall of the Cooper's Union, New York, was crowded Monday night with an audience representing all classes of the citizens, to listen to A. J. Mundella, a member of Parliament from Sheffield, who lectured on strikes, arbitration and civil service in Great Britain. The platform was occupied by a number of prominent divines, lawyers, merchants and others.

—A young man calling himself Dallas Lord, surrendered himself to an officer in Randolph, Mass., and has been taken to Boston. He confesses that he murdered Benjamin Nathan in New York.

The young man who surrendered himself as the murderer of Benjamin Nathan, proves to be insane. His name is George Heffron, of Pottsville, Pa.

—Governor Hoffman was serenaded last night at Albany, and there was quite a general illumination of public and private buildings. He made a speech deprecating the employment of United States troops and Deputy Marshals to control the New York City election, which he prophesied will not be done again. He also advocated the burying of dead issues and dealing with the living facts of the day.

—A young man named Lykings, who lived near Weston, Mo., started last Saturday to pay some money to a man living eight miles west of Leavenworth, Kansas. Another man named James Renick followed him, and when a short distance from his destination shot him four times in the head and robbed him. Renick was arrested in Weston on Sunday and one hundred and fifty dollars of Lyking's money found on his person.

—A New Orleans correspondent writes: A day or two before the election seven companies of infantry, with two Gatling guns, reached the city, and were stationed at the Custom House ready, in case of an emergency, to respond to the call of the United States Marshal, A. B. Packard. A portion of the militia were held by Adjutant General Jas. Longstreet, prepared for duty at a moment's call, but there was not the slightest need of either force.

Cincinnati and Springfield Short Line Railroad.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, OHIO, November 15.—The stockholders of the Cincinnati and Springfield Short Line Railroad, held a meeting here today and elected the following directors: Horace F. Clark, New York, President of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad, James M. Marvin, Saratoga, Director of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, J. H. Devereux, Cleveland, Vice President Lakeshore, L. M. Hubby, Cleveland, Oscar Townsend, Cleveland, President C. C. C. & I. R. R., R. M. Shoemaker, Seth Evans and Jas. N. Kenney, Cincinnati. The Board organized by by electing R. M. Shoemaker, President, and M. C. Shoemaker, Secretary. The location has not been definitely selected. Persons were present to-day from the route via Dayton, as well as the direct route by Lebanon to Springfield.

Important Railroad Project.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, Nov. 15.—It is reported here to-day that the Pennsylvania Central Railroad has determined to build a road from Deerfield on the Little Miami Railroad via Lebanon and Centreville to Dayton. This road, besides passing through the celebrated limestone fields of Centreville, would give the Pennsylvania Central a direct road to Dayton and would afford them an opportunity of opening a grand through line to Chicago via Dayton, Union and Logansport. It is known that those in the interest of the Central have for sometime had the construction of this link in contemplation.

The I. O. O. F. of Indianapolis.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 15. The Grand Lodge and Grand Encampment of the I. O. O. F. met in this city to-day, in semi-annual communication. The attendance of both bodies is unusually large. The reports of the grand officers show the order to be rapidly increasing in this jurisdiction. Past Grand Masters Henry Weford, Wm. White, J. C. Underwood and W. W. Morris, of Kentucky, and Past Grand Master Quinn, of Ohio, are in attendance. The Grand Encampment elected T. G. Behemal Grand Patriarch.

The Illinois Congressmen.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—The election of General Moore to Congress in the Seventh District of this State is placed beyond a doubt. His majority is from eight to nine hundred. There seems to be no further doubt of the election of Hawley, Republican, in the Fourth District. His majority is small.

The Arizona Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, November 15.—The latest Arizona returns make McCormick, Democrat, for Congress, 1,000 ahead. His election is sure.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 15.—Pork dull and lower; new 24¼. Bacon 14¼@14½ for clear; 21¼ for sugar cured; prime 11½. Molasses, prime 67@69; others unchanged. Cotton active and higher; sales 6,600; good ordinary 14⅛@14¼; low middling 15⅛@15¼; receipts 11,399 bales. Cattle unchanged. Sterling 20 3-8; sight ¼ discount; gold 11⅛.

Live Stock.

CAMBRIDGE, November 15.—Beef Cattle; receipts 1,010 head; no improvement in prices; sales extra at 12@12½c, first quality 11@11½c, second quality 9@10½c and third quality 6@8c. Sheep and Lambs; receipts 11,085 head; sales in lots at $1,25@4,00 each; extra $4,50@5,00.

MRS. PLANK, of Killingly, Conn., claims to be the oldest lady in the United States, who retains complete possession of her faculties. She was borne on the 20th of October, 1765, and has a vivid recollection of the very many important events in the history of the Republic. Her father, John Graves, was a soldier of the revolution. Mrs. Plank is probaby the only centenarian in the country who does not claim the honor of having been on terms of intimacy with George Washington.

BY MAIL FROM ABROAD.

AN eminent London scenic painter has gone to Sedan to make sketches for some new piece that will soon be performed at a London theatre.

IT is suggested in Paris to protograph letters on a very reduced scale, and thus be able to send several thousand communications by one pigeon.

OF the 3,598 houses of Strasburg, 448 have been completely destroyed, and from 2,000 to 3,000 damaged. The total losses and damages are estimated at 38,000,000 francs.

A PROTEST against the infallibility dogma, bearing the names of more than fifteen hundred of the most influential Catholics of Cologne, has been published in the Cologne Gazette.

GIRARDIN proposed to turn loose against the German armies the famishing beasts of the Zoological Gardens of Paris. They would furnish the German marksmen beautiful sport.

THE Church Record says: The Archbishop of Canterbury is desirous that a committee of prelates should be appointed by the Upper House of Convocation in England to consider a plan for the revision of the Prayer Book.

AT least 3,000 German provision columns are daily occupied in collecting everything eatable in the neighborhood of Paris, though interminable provision columns are sent from the railway stations of Norgent and Nanteuil.

THE French officers held prisoners in Stettin, in Prussia, are improving their leisure hours by giving French lessons. A number of them have opened a French school, which is very well patronized by the citizens of the town.

THE Echo Francais quotes a letter from the Abbe Granier de Cassagnac, stating that the nephew, the notorious Paul de Cassagnac, has effected his escape to Vienna from the Silesian fortresses, where he was kept a prisoner of war.

FIVE hundred Turcos held captive in the stockade near Cologne had to be taken to a separate camp inside of the Fortress at Wesel, on account of their unruly behavior. They were set to work on the fortifications for punishment.

A German paper of October 14, the anniversary of the battle of Jena, comments on the fact that on that day there were more French prisoners in Germany than Napoleon had soldiers when he conquered Prussia sixty-four years before.

WHEN the Zouaves who had been sentenced to death in Paris for the cowardice they displayed in the sortie on the 19th of September last, were conveyed back to prison, they were with difficulty protected against an infuriated mob, who threatened to tear them to pieces.

CONSTANT MAYER will present to each of the fairs to be held for the benefit of the Jewish hospital and the wounded French, a black canvas, to be raffled for, subscriptions to be placed at a low figure, and on the respective canvases Mr. Mayer will paint the portraits of the fortunate winners.

A LETTER in the Allgemeine Zeitung notices the difficulties under which the government of Lorraine by the Germans is carried on. A police commissioner, who has thirty villages under his control, has to make a daily circuit of eighteen or twenty miles, and can go nowhere without an escort of Ulans.

AN immense tree, near a Prussian camp, in front of Paris, was uprooted the other day by a violent gust of wind. Some German soldiers passing by the fallen monarch of the woods, discovered amid its roots a tin box filled with gold coin and valuable jewels.

THE Echo du Nord relates that four French Mobiles, engaged in throwing up earthworks around Paris, found, near Mont Valerien, some antiquities of great value. The place has been marked, and the search will be continued when times are a little more peaceful.

THE number of inhabitants of Berlin belonging to the reserve of Landwehr who have been called on for service is 35,400, or nearly five per cent. of the population. This, however, is considerably above the average of the whole country. More than 13,000 of their wives, having no means of support, have to be maintained by the city.

OF the twenty thousand horses captured at Sedan and elsewhere, the best have been picked out and supplied to the German artillery and cavalry. Those include many capital Norman horses for the cavalry and heavy animals for the artillery. The Barbary horses of the African troops, excellent as they are, are deemed too small for the Prussian cavalry.

SIR RODERICK MURCHISON writes as follows: "It is my painful duty to announce that the distinguished traveler, Mr. George Haywood, to whom the Founders' Gold Medal of the Royal Geographical Society was awarded at the last anniversary of that body, was assassinated and his property plundered about the beginning of last August by the followers of the Chief Meer Wate Khan of Yassim."

THE Moniteur notices the death (in a sortie) of Madame Lefebvre, the fine looking vivandiere of Franc-tireurs of Paris. She was a golden haired beauty, and never failed to excite the admiration of those who saw her marching with her corps. She was mortally wounded by a musket ball, which struck her in the chest as she was administering some brandy to a wounded comrade behind a barricade.

A correspondent in Normandy talks thus of a drill of the Garde Nationale: The recruits come to drill with their guns and their dogs. When the order is simply "shoulder arms," there is not much to complain of—the dogs wag their tails and the men do not always poke their bayonets in their next neighbor's head; it is when the order is given "order arms," and the guns come down on the dogs' tails or neighbors' corns, that the spectacle and sound becomes tragic.

THE chair in which Napoleon sat while arranging (or rather assenting to) the forms of his capitulation with King William at Sedan is likely to become a historical relic. He had no sooner risen from it than a Berlin police officer, on duty at the Prussian headquarters, laid hands upon it, at the same time giving the servant who had charge of the room a twenty franc piece. It may yet sell for its weight in gold, as it is probably the most interesting Sedan chair in existence.

Two strange facts are reported from East France. The first is, that the French Commander-General Cambriels had closed all the factories and workshops in the districts of Alsace and the Vosges in which he had the authority; the second, that a manufacturer of Mulhouse having in spite of great difficulties, made arrangements for getting cotton from Switzerland so as to give occupation to factories, he feceived a rude order from the Government at Tours to give up his project, for the reason that "it was the duty of the men to fight and not to work."

THE Prussian Military authorities, says a Berlin letter in the Cologne Gazette, are actively providing for the Winter outfit of the troops. This is chiefly effected by requisitions on the French territories occupied, but extensive contracts have been made with manufacturers at home, which are to be completed not later than the 15th of November. The provisions are also procured, where possible, from those territories, but preparers of preserved meat and sausages at Frankfort, Soissons and Strasbourg will co-operate. The ambulance trains are to be heated by iron stoves.

THE Nord—latest copy received—states that the conferences of the Theatre of the Porte Saint Martin, at Paris, had been inaugurated by M. Athanase Coquerel, the Protestant Minister. There was an immense crowd. M. Coquerel said: "Eighteen months ago I preached peace; to-day I preach war a outrance. Both belligerent peoples wished for peace, but there was an Emperor. It was necessary to bring his reign to an end, and to commence that of his son. Hence the war, and the invasion, which is a tradition in the Bonaparte family. It is also the chastisement of his race and of those who confide in them."

IT is with a heart full of patriotic pride and gratitude that Mr. Punchinello observes the adoption, in his dear native Italy, of the manners and customs of the land of his adoption. At an election recently held in Rome, about something or some other thing, one enterprising Roman has been discovered who voted "yes" twenty-five times in as many electoral urns—thereby, it is to be presumed, earning a good deal of money. We have a more lively hope for charming Italy when we find even a single citizen exhibiting a skill which would do honor to the most accomplished professional voter in New York. There is something encouraging in finding the sons of St. Peter becoming, every one of them, Re-Peters.

RAILROADS.

THE engineers are at work locating the line of the Great Northern Railroad in Texas.

THE Maine Central Railroad has recently changed its grade, the track for a distance of 70 miles having been moved in three days.

THE railroad west from Fort Madicon, Iowa, has been graded to Farmington, a distance of twenty-five miles; the ties have been brought to that division, and the iron for it is en route from New York.

OVER 530,000 passengers and 170,000 tons of freight have been carried over the Stonington and Providence Railroad during the past year. The net earnings for the year were $263,333.72, and the amount of dividends paid $141,798.50.

WORK has been commenced on the Mendota & Albany Railroad, (Illinois). The road was graded some years ago, but for some reason was then abandoned. A force of 100 men are engaged upon the work in the vicinity and east of Prophetstown.

THE Oregon and California railroad, it is announced, has graded one hundred miles of the road from Portland, and of that distance, seventy-one miles are laid with rails. Passenger and freight trains are running from Portland to Salem, a distance of fifty-one miles.

THE Maquoketa (Iowa) Sentinel says: "It now begins to look very much as if the Dubuque, Bellevue & Mississippi Railroad was really to be built after all. Messrs. Reiling & Flinn have a large contract at Bellevue, and will begin working northward this week. Work has also commenced north of Dubuque."

THE Pekin (Ill.) Republican of Nov. 4th says: "Secretary Coleigh, of the Peoria, Lincoln & Decatur Railroad, informs us that the work of ballasting and otherwise improving the new railway line between here and Delavan moves forward briskly. The work on the Y at Delavan, where a junction is formed with the Jacksonville branch of the St. Louis, Alton & Chicago Railroad, is well advanced."

IN the case of the Little Miami Railroad Company against the Eureka Fire and Marine Insurance Company, to recover under a policy of insurance the amount of a loss sustained, three years ago, by a passenger train running into a wood train, at Xenia, and causing the destruction of $24,000 worth of property, cars and baggage, Judge Taft has rendered a judgment, in the Superior Court of Cincinnati, for the plaintiffs. The loss is divided among six insurance companies.

ENGINEERS AND FIREMEN, according to the Railroad Gazette, are obliged to spend many unoccupied hours about the "round house," and often have no other place of comfort than the cabs of their locomotives, toasting themselves alternately on one side and then on the other before a hot stove, while the surrounding atmosphere is at the freezing point. The Gazette therefore argues that a comfortable reading room, with books and newspapers, should be provided for the engineers and their assistants, instead of leaving them to their own devices in the desolation of the engine-house at midnight.

Persuasive Steak.

The following plan it is said was lately resorted to on circuit, in order to hasten the decision of a refractory jury who were locked up to consider their verdict: It was past supper, and the court officials had no wish to pass the night in waiting upon the twelve men who were deliberating on their verdict. A large dish of beefsteaks, fried with onions, giving off a body of aroma sufficient to fill the largest hall in England, was brought into the passage close to the door of the unhappy jurymen's prison. The door was opened, the cover taken off the dish, and the aroma of the steak and onions floated in, and invaded and pervaded every square inch of the little room. Mere mortal Englishmen could not stand out long against such appetizing aroma. A second opening of the door and advancement of the dish clinched the matter, and enabled the jury to find a unanimous verdict.

INDUSTRIAL.

TO OPEN new manufactories is to create new pursuits.

THE Catasqua, Pa., rolling mill employs two hundred and twenty-five hands.

ALL the locomotive works in Patterson, New Jersey, are busy at work. There is little the prospect of a slackening up.

THE Jordan Rolling Mills, at Allentown, Pa., have been sold to the Glee Iron Company for $140,000, and work has been resumed there.

A COMPANY has been chartered at Portsmouth, Ohio, to manufacture agricultural implements in that city, with a capital stock of $150,000.

THE citizens of Mineral Ridge, Ohio, have subscribed $27,000 towards a rolling mill. They are also talking of erecting a foundry and machine shop.

THE new rolling mill at Wheatland, Pa., is being pushed forward rapidly. Wheatland is destined to be a large and prosperous town at no distant day.

THERE are twenty silk factories in Philadelphia, employing some 1,500 women and children, and an invested capital of not far from $1,500,000.

CINCINNATI rejoices over the lately established manufactory of looking glasses, which is the only one in the country west of New York, except one in San Francisco.

THE Marietta, Ohio, iron works are doing business at the rate of $800,000 annually, and about $180,000 are paid out annually for labor, while $40,000 are consumed in coal.

LAST year, at the Keystone Spring Works, Pittsburgh, of which Morris & Rutan are proprietors, were made twenty thousand spiral springs, mainly for agricultural purposes.

THERE are manufactured in the United States each year over one million five hundred thousand sythes, at a cost of about the same number of dollars, employing not far from fifteen hundred hands.

IT is said that the largest room in the world is in a cotton mill down in little Rhode Island. It is 750 feet long by 76 wide. The building, which is not completed, is 2,100 feet long, 75 feet wide, and four stories high.

THE proprietors of Colt's armory have received orders for four hundred of the famous Gatling cannon, for the Russian, Turkish and Egyptian governments, which will make business quite lively for some time to come.

There are eight or ten pin factories in Rhode Island. One of these turns out 6,000,000 pins per day, or 2,191,000,000 per year. If the others make an equal number, the annual product of the article in that State is 19,719,000,000.

A ROLLING MILL is to be built at Greenville, Pennsylvania. Work will be begun at once on one of the buildings, which are to be one hundred and sixty feet long by eighty feet wide. The other buildings will be erected in due time.

THE blast furnace at the iron works of Reis & Berger, New Castle, Pa., has produced, during the last two weeks, 425 tons, which has been duly transferred to the puddling furnaces and rolls, and thence a large proportion of it to the nail factory.

THE Warren (Ohio) Constitution says: Richard's new furnace is rapidly approaching completion, together with overhauling and constructing the rolling mill. It is ready to receive by rail its bulky articles, and has its engine and hot blast ovens about ready for a fair trial.

THE Ohio Iron Company at Zanesville has purchased between seven and eight acres of land from Mr. Gordius Hall, which will be used by them in their already extensive business, but which they are making preparations to greatly enlarge by the erection of another blast furnace.

THE firm of Proctor & Gamble, the well-known soap, candle and lard factors of Cincinnati, did a business last year of $3,600,000, an average of $300,000 per month. Their business this year is increasing at the rate of $2,000 per week, or $104,000 per year.

WM. SPRAGUE has completed his arrangements to erect an extensive manufacturing establishment at Columbia, S. C. He has lately inspected the whole ground himself, and the work on the canal leased from the State for a water-power will go forward at once.

THE Uniontown, Pa., Planing Mill Company have purchased the right to manufacture and sell a Reaping and Mowing Machine in Western Pennsylvania. If the company meets with such success as to justify them them the first year, they will build a foundry in order to make their own castings.

MACHINERY lately perfected in England spins and weaves from animal hair, of cats and rabbits especially, either by itself or with a slight admixture of silk, a sort of velvet tissue, distinguishable from silk, but not inferior in fineness or beauty. The principle colors are black and white, though any color or shade common in other fabrics can be imparted equally well.

THE Marietta Iron Works have been working for the last year, almost exclusively on rails and fish bars. They have turned out about $700,000 worth of work during that time. They employ 200 hands. Their capacity is sixty tons per day. They have sixteen boiling furnaces and five heating furnaces. They have also a mill for the manufacture of bar, hoop, and angle iron.

THE Appleton, Michigan, Times says that the Appleton Iron Company purchased a fifty acre site within the city limits, upon which they will commence immediately the erection of twelve kilns. They have six already completed in the town of Freedom. The eighteen 40 cord kilns are expected to char 15,000 cords of wood into 800,000 bushels of coal annually, which will be about the amount of fuel required to keep the furnace in operation.

THE Juniata Iron and Nail Company's Works, located at Hollidaysburg, Pa., and consisting of a large rolling mill and nail factory, together with the Cap Furnace, the right to mine ore in the Bloomfield banks, and the company's farms and mountain land lying along the Cove Railroad, near the reservoir, have been sold at public sale for $100,000, being $20,000 more than the amount of first mortgage bonds issued by the company. The purchasers were a number of the original stockholders. Second mortgage bonds, to the amount of $50,000, are still held against the company, but no doubt the entire amount of indebtedness will soon be liquidated.

THE matallurgic works at Essen, near Duseldorf, in Rhenish Prussia, are unrivalled throughout the world. They cover nearly two hundred acres, give employment to 12,000 workmen, are served by three lines of rails and a circular railroad, and consume every day more than one hundred trains of coal of twenty-five wagons each. One article only is made—cast steel. The machinery is of course in proportion. The steam hammer works out blocks of metal weighing over seventeen thousand pounds. The steel is used in making locomotive springs, bearings, and pistons, wheel-tires, but chiefly for artillery. The Krupp mills can turn out day by day five batteries of eight pieces, field pieces, and one siege piece. Krupp exhibited a monster gun in the Exposition of 1867, which would throw a 350 pound shot. People would not in those days believe in what they saw. But they believe now that very gun is in position at the Bay of Julide.

JOURNALISTIC.

THE Paris papers are now published half size.

PATTERSON, New Jersey, is to have a new German paper.

A CHINESE paper has been established at Helena, Montana.

PARKE GODWIN has retired from the editorship of Putnam's Magazine.

A JOURNAL devoted to photography is soon to be started in New York.

CHARLES CARROLL, of the Christain Union, is to take editorial charge of the Aldine Press.

THE Catholic Publication Society will soon bring out a Sunday school paper called the Young Catholic.

J. R. THOMPSON, a "printer boy" of Carrollton, Ohio, is preparing to enter the ministry of the M. E. church.

BALTIMORE is to have a new morning paper, with Mr. F. Key Howard, late of the Gazette, as the managing man.

THE first number of the New Monthly Magazine, a southern Methodist publication, will be issued in December.

ARTHUR WELLINGTON TYLER is announced as the new editor of the Meadville, Pennsylvania, Daily Republican.

SENATOR ROSS, of Kansas, set type recently for his newspaper, all the compositors having struck and left the office.

A PAPER out west has for its motto: "Good will to all men who pay promptly. Devoted to news and making money."

THE Berwick (Pennsylvania) Gazette, the Ottumwa (Iowa) Reveille, and the Gilman (Illinois) Journal have suspended.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, SR., does no more work. He is therefore said to be the oldest pen-shunner upon journalism.

A. D. WELSH, a Boston journalist, is to assume editorial management of the Charleston and South Carolina Sunday Times.

MR. DANIEL WOODSON, once Secretary and acting Governor of Kansas, is a type-setter in the office of the Parker Record.

AUSTIN BROOKS, editor of the Quincy, Illinois, Herald, and a journalist and writer of good repute, died recently in Chicago.

THE convicts in the New Jersey State Prison publish a paper called the Trenton Sentinel. It is supposed that they steal their items.

THE Kansas City Bulletin has passed into the hands of a joint stock company consisting of about one hundred well-known Republicans.

THE new editor of Hearth and Home is David W. Judd, A. M., formerly one of the editors of the New York Commercial Advertiser.

THE Des Moines (Iowa) Bulletin has been purchased by the publishers of the Iowa State Register, who will continue its publication as an evening paper.

PARKE GODWIN is to be retained as one of the editors of the new Scribner's Monthly, and all of the old contributors to Putnam's will write for the new magazine.

IT is suggested that C. H. Sweetser and I. W. Hoff might write a good book on "What I Know About Starting Newspapers." Such a work would be valuable and entertaining.

THE Bowling Green (Kentucky) Democrat was recently sold for $5,000 to Mr. George K. Baber, formerly of the Louisville Journal, and once editor of the Workingman's Advocate of this city.

THE Presbyterian Banner, of Pittsburgh, claims to be in its fifty-seventh volume, and that the Recorder, of which it is the legitimate successor, was the first religious newspaper in the country.

THE Daily Topic, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, having been purchased by a company styling itself the Harrisburg Publishing Association, has been changed in name to the Pennsylvania State Journal.

THE Meadville Republican has recently been enlarged and otherwise improved mechanically and editorially. The paper has not heretofore had a flowry pathway, but seems to be now on the road to prosperity.

THE New York Evening Mail has reached the fourth anniversary of its establishment. It is one of the best of the two-cent press of the metropolis, and abundantly deserves the success and prosperity it has achieved.

IT is announced that two new campaign papers, both in the interest of Tammany Hall, are to be started in New York city. The one, the Election Bell, is to be a tri-weekly, and the other, the Mutual Alliance, once a week.

THE City Item, Philadelphia, is "run" by a father and seven sons, a patriarchial arrangement that should recommend it to family men, every element of journalistic necessity being under the care of one of the eight Fitz's.

THE arrangements for starting a new Democratic paper in Washington City are said to be complete. The capital of $100,000 has been paid up, and the editorial and business heads selected. The first number will be issued about the middle of November.

MR. GEORGE R. GRAHAM, once renowned in the American literary world as the publisher of Graham's Magazine, of Philadelphia, and afterward the proprietor and publisher of the Philadelphia North American, is now a prominent operator in the Long Room of the Stock Exchange.

THE WEST.

SOME ruffian at Evansville recently indulged in the fiendish sport of cutting the tongues out of live cows.

F. JOSEPH HENDERSON was shot and killed by a railroad laborer at Anna, Union county, Ill., on the 5th inst.

CHARLES BOSWELL, of West Hartford, has given $50,000 to Washburne College, at Topeka, Kansas, as a fund for indigent students.

THERE are in attendance in the Medical Department of the Iowa State University thirty-four stuents, five of whom are women.

THE case of G. W. Frost against the Pacific Railroad contractors, at Omaha, for forty thousand dollars, was compromised for five thousand.

HON. T. C. EVARTS, of Montana, who was lost during the Yellowstone Expedition, has arrived at Helena, and is in a fair way of complete recovery.

HUGH J. GLENN owned a farm of 22,500 acres in Colusa county, Cal., and, feeling cramped, spent $200,000 in adding 12,500 acres. He raises stock and grain.

Nebraska has 116,888 inhabitants. The most populous county is Douglas, which including Omaha has 20,000 inhabitants, and next comes Ojoe county, the population of which, including Nebraska City, is 12,062.

IN the Lee County (Iowa) Circuit Court a woman of forty, in a suit for breach of promise to marry against the landlord of the Pioneer House, a man of seventy-eight, got a verdict of $10 damages. She asked $2,000.

A FARMER named St. John was shot dead while sitting in his house reading near Valparaiso, Indiana, Saturday. The body of a young man named Sopher, who committed the deed, was found some distance from the house, having committed suicide.

THE Illinois Legislature is divided politically as follows: Senate—Republicans, 30; Democrats, 19; Independent Democrat (Mortimer O'Kean,) supported by Republicans, 1. Total, 50. House—Republicans (regular and independent,) 101; Democrats 76. Total, 177.

COLONEL CERAN ST. VRAIN, a well-known citizen of New Mexico, died at Mora, in that Territory, on the 26th ult. He had lived in New Mexico over forty years, had been the associate of Bent, Kit Carson, and Aubrey, and was a prosperous and hospitable merchant.

AN unknown insane woman, aged about forty, was killed by a train near Cleveland on Thursday, on the Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad. She carried a small satchel containing only a few old rags, a glove, an overshoe, and some pieces of newspapers.

Two female temperance advocates at Carlinville, Ill., who desired to avoid the disgrace of having their father seen about the streets in a state of intoxication, tied the old gentleman to a bed-post, and kept him in that helpless condition until he was completely sobered.

A GERMAN named Hirsch, employed as a clerk at San Francisco, committed suicide by blowing his brains out with a Derringer pistol on the 3d inst., while in a state of despondency brought on through his failure to draw a prize in the Mercantile Library Lottery of that city.

AN Indianapolis editor recently discovered that there was an acre and a half of government land in one of the counties bordering on the Ohio river. He paid $3 18¾ for it. Going down to see what he had purchased, the County Surveyor showed him an elegant sand bar in a bend on the Ohio river, just below low water mark.

THE medical school at Iowa City has a dog with a syphon pipe let into his stomach. By its aid gastric juice can be obtained for experiments and other curious physical phenomena be shown, such as opening the end and allowing the dog to drink, which as the fluid runs out as fast as it is taken in, he will do till he lies down exhausted. The canine is in good health.

THE Marshall, Michigan, Statesman says that there is a lady in that city who is going to die unless the doctors can invent some preparation to kill the jute bugs which have found a resting place in her scalp. They have forced themselves in under the skin, and the scalp is covered with sores. Most of the hair has fallen off, and the rest is coming out. A jute "switch" was the cause.

THE SOUTH.

WILLIE WADDLE, aged fourteen years, while ginning cotton near Memphis, Tenn., on Friday, was caught in the gin, and literally torn to pieces.

LEWIS TRAVIS, a colored man, charged with killing Major Lansent, and six other persons in Spalding, Ga., was arrested on Saturday, at Nashville, Tenn.

MARY LOUISE BOREE is the first purely African girl whom the New Orleans schools have graduated as a teacher. She was the best of her class.

FORTY indictments have been found in the United States Court at Memphis, Tenn., against persons holding office in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment.

LAST Friday the boiler of Parmer's saw mill in Coahoma county, Mississippi, exploded killing the engineer, Oliver Grant, and Edwards, the sawyer, and badly scalding several others.

THE engine of a construction train, on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, exploded at a water station south of Memphis, Friday evening, and was completely demolished. A negro fireman was killed, and Dennis Mack, the engineer, was seriously injured.

MR. MONTGOMERY, a colored man, who was at one time a slave of Jeff Davis, but now the owner of a 4,000 acre plantation in Mississippi, formerly the property of the latter, has raised 2,000 bales of cotton this year. The planters everywhere throughout the State are recovering slowly but surely from the effects of the war.

THE crop reports from Arkansas this season are very encouraging. The farmers all over the State declare that the yield of cotton has exceeded their most sanguine expectations. On the bottom lands of the State, along the Mississippi, White, Arkansas and Red Rivers, a bale and a half to the acre is not an unusual crop, while the uplands average three quarters of a bale.

THE Louisville Courier-Journal says: "Within the last twelve months death has played havoc with the journalistic brotherhood of Louisville. Not less than ten persons, connected one way and another and at one time and another with the press of this city, have gone to their final account. Prentice, Faxon, Johnson, Kirk, Halleck, Whitley, Marshall and Hughes, have died one after another. With the exception of Mr. Prentice, all of them were comparatively young, and most of them conspicuously showy men."

GALVESTON, TEXAS, has suffered severely by the loss of the steamer Varuna, many of the leading citizens of that place having been lost on that vessel. The Galveston papers have placed their columns in mourning and contain elaborate biographical accounts of prominent persons who went down with the Varuna. In the year 1856, when the steamer Nautilus was wrecked, Galveston lost many of her citizens, but a great number of prominent business men were on the Varuna. On the receipt of the news a meeting of citizens was called, and a day of mourning was appointed, on which it was agreed to close all places of business, and to hold a general religious service.

MR. WHITELAW REID, who has discharged the duties, without enjoying the title, of managing editor of the New York Tribune since the retirement of John Russell Young, has recently been clothed with whatever dignity the name contributes. Mr. Reid is a western journalist, a graduate from the press of Cincinnati, and his connection with the Tribune has shown him to be thoroughly familiar with the requirements of his profession.

RADICAL CURE Rupture Truss at Dr Keysers 167 Liberty street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
For SIX NIGHTS—THURSDAY and SATURDAY MATINEE, commencing Monday, Nov. 21.
FOX & DENIER'S
Famous Pantomime Troupe,
In their new and original Pantomime, by C. K. Fox, entitled the
Three Blind Mice.
THIRTY WELL SELECTED ARTISTS
Will appear in conjunction with the world renowned WOODEN HEADED ACROBATS.
Parquette and Dress Circle, 50c; Family Circle, 25c. Reserved Seats, 25c. extra. Box sheets for the sale of reserved seats open at the Box office of the Academy Friday, Nov. 18. no16

McClelland & McLean,
(SUCCESSORS TO ARTHUR KIRK,)
MANUFACTURERS
Lamps, Lamp Goods, Chandeliers, Hall Lamps, Table Glassware, &c.
LUBRICATING, CARBON & HEAD LIGHT OILS,
No. 230 LIBERTY and 175 WOOD ST.,
no16 PITTSBURGH, PA.

HENRY G. HALE
Has now in stock the very latest styles of
FALL GOODS
Direct from the London market, comprising DIAGONALS, ENGLISH COATINGS, CHEVIOT SUITINGS and an endless variety of the choicest PANTALOON PATTERNS. Also, ENGLISH CORDUROY of all colors.
Cor. Penn Avenue and Sixth Street.

LOCOMOTIVES, &c.
THE PITTSBURGH LOCOMOTIVE AND CAR WORKS manufacture all descriptions of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS AND TANKS.
D. A. STEWART, President; WILSON MILLER, Secretary and Treasurer; J. AUG. DURGIN, Supt. Office, No. 10 SIXTH ST., Pittsburgh. no16:h20

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Nov. 16, 1870.
NOTICE.—The assessment for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of McCurdy alley, from Fulton street to Beaver avenue, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until SATURDAY, November 26 1870, when it will be returned to the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.
no16:h28 CHARLES DAVIS, City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, Nov. 16, 1870.
NOTICE.—The assessment for the Grading and Paving of Irwin alley, from 40th to 42d street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, November 25th, 1870, when they will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
no16 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of WILLIAM MURRAY, late of Snowden Township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against said estate will present them for payment, and persons owing the estate will call and settle the same.
J. G. MURRAY, H. H. MURRAY. Executors.
no16:h35

NOTICE.—I hereby return my thanks to H. F. BEHRHORST & CO., No. 49 Main street, Allegheny, for their return to me of Twenty-nine dollars I lost on Monday evening, and found and returned to me by them to-day.
A. C. CROMMER.
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 15, 1870. no16:h3

500 BBLS. PURE WEST VA. OIL,
300 bbls Natural Lubricating Oil;
300 bbls Head-Light Oil, 170 degrees test: In store and for sale by
PITTSBURGH OIL CO.,
no16 358 Penn street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN ORDINANCE—Providing for the issue of Bonds to refund District Sewer assessments.

WHEREAS, By an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act relative to Allegheny City," approved the 24th day of March, A. D. 1869, that for the purpose of equalizing the tax for Sewers, the Councils of said city are authorized and required to refund to owners of all property, except for frontage tax, which property may have heretofore, under any sewerage act of said city, heretofore or at present in force, paid assessments made prior to the passage of said act.

AND WHEREAS, A large portion of the claims arising out of said act before recited, are of small amounts, and for the purpose of placing all of said claimants upon an equal footing, therefore,

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Controller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to have bonds prepared, designated "Sewerage Bonds," to the amount of One Hundred and Forty Thousand Dollars, of the denomination of $500 and $1000, to be registered or coupon as the purchasers thereof may desire, and to bear interest at the rate of seven per centum per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of May and November in each and every year at the Banking House of Townsend, Wheelen & Co., in the City of Philadelphia, Penna., principal payable at maturity at the office of the Treasurer of said city, interest and principal free from State and local taxes; said bonds to be signed by the Mayor and Treasurer, and countersigned by the Controller.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said Bonds shall mature yearly in sums of Twenty Thousand Dollars, beginning with the first in number on the first day of November, A. D. 1880, and Twenty Thousand on the first day of November every year thereafter, until the whole amount is redeemed.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of the sewer Tax as provided for by the Act hereinbefore recited as may be required, shall be set apart and applied to the redemption of said Bonds maturing during the year the moneys were received if any, and to the payment of interest on said Bonds outstanding, and if there be none of said Bonds maturing in any year or years when such moneys shall have been received, then the amount thereof after paying the interest on all of said Bonds outstanding, shall be applied to general sewerage purposes.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all sales of said Bonds shall be by the Controller, by and with the advice and consent of the Committee on Finance, and the proceeds deposited with the Treasurer, to be used for no other purpose than that that expressed in this Ordinance.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the faith, credit and corporate property of the City of Allegheny, be and is hereby pledged for the redemption of said Bonds at maturity, with the interest accruing thereon.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this 10th day of November, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. no16

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Construction of a Plank Sidewalk on East street, from the Toll Gate to the City line.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed, to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Plank walk on East street, as aforesaid, the same to be located on east side of said East street; and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expenses of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be proportioned as follows: East side, two-thirds; West side one-third; and collected, as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Plankwalks in the City of Allegheny," approved March 9, 1869.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith, be and they are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 10th day of November, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. no16

AN ORDINANCE—To authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on Grant avenue.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Sewer Commission be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer, located as follows, and according to plan to be approved by Councils: On Grant avenue between Lincoln avenue and Beech street, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act, entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, 1869."

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 10th day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. no16

AN ORDINANCE—To Authorize the Construction of a Main Sewer on Pasture Lane.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Sewer Commission be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer, located as follows and according to plans to be approved by Councils: On Pasture Lane, from Jackson street to Ackley street, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder, or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act, entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny city', approved March 24th, A. D. 1869."

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 10th day of November, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. no16

AN ORDINANCE—To Authorize the Construction of a Main Sewer in Western District.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Sewer Commission be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer, located as follows, and according to plan to be approved by Councils: Commencing at terminus of Sedgwick street sewer on Bayard street, and extending westwardly one hundred feet west of Beaver avenue, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for, by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act, entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24th, A. D. 1869."

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 10th day of November, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President pro tem of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. no16

AN ORDINANCE—To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on Pasture Lane.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Sewer Commission be, and they are hereby authorized and directed, to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer, located as follows, and according to plan to be approved by Councils: On Pasture Lane, from Ackley street to old city line, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for, by an Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act, entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, A. D. 1870."

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 10th day of November, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. no16

AN ORDINANCE—To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on Webster street.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of same, That the Sewer Commission be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer, located as follows, and according to plans to be approved by Councils: On Webster street, from Jackson street to North avenue, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for, by an Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act, entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, A. D. 1869."

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 10th day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

JAMES M'BRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
HENRY WARNER,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. no16

DWELLING HOUSES FOR SALE.—Fulton street, $18,000; East Liberty, $16,000; Webster street, $3,300; Sewickley, $8,000; Woods Run, $8,000; corner Third avenue and Ferry streets, $4,500; Five Houses Strawberry alley, $8,500; Forbes street, $3,500; Grant street, $5,000; Allegheny, $5,000; Franklin and Townsend streets, $4,000; Third avenue, $8,000; Oakland, $5,000; Oakland $10,000; Elm street, $1,800; Woods Run, $3,000; Ferry street, $6,500. Others in various locations. S. CUTHBERT & SON,
no7 [illegible] Smithfield street.

FOREIGN SINGING BIRDS.—A large number of all kinds of GERMAN SINGING BIRDS, CANARY BIRDS, &c., received and for sale at the most reasonable terms. Also, canary and other seed for birds, and bird cages of the finest styles. Fine German Pigeons very cheap.
GEO. DENZEL,
No. 338 Penn street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR STOLEN.—A large, black NEWFOUNDLAND DOG, answering to the name of Frank. Has a scar above the right eye. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning him to the Second National Bank, Allegheny, or Enterprise Savings Bank, Manchester. 11-16

LOST.—On Sunday, November 6th, a JET EAR-RING, medallion pattern. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this office. 11-7

LOST.—On Monday, on Federal street, Allegheny, between No. 181 and the Hill, a BLACK MOROCCO POCKET BOOK, containing $60 or more; also a note for $14. $10 reward will be paid for it at 181 Federal street.

ESTRAYED.—To the premises of the subscriber, No. 94 Twenty-fourth street, East Birmingham, a BROWN MARE COLT. The owner will call, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be sold according to law.
J. K. THORNTON.

ADVERTISEMENTS on this page under the general heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, TO-LET, &c., will be inserted at transient rates only—TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than THIRTY CENTS.

WANTS.

WANTED—AGENTS.—In a new, light and profitable business. Three different articles, one entirely new, which sells at 200 per cent. profit as quick as seen. Apply at 25½ PENN STREET, between 8th and 9th. 11-16

WANTED.—A Purchaser for one of the best HOTELS in the city. Large house and rent low. Reasons for selling, sickness in family. Enquire at No. 344 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh. 11-16

WANTED.—TWO GOOD BOOT-MAKERS, one on Calf and one on Kip. Inquire at No. 77 SEVENTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh. 11-15

WANTED.—By a temperance man, situation as GROOM or COACHMAN in a private family, age 27. Address W. C., 200 BEAVER AVENUE, Allegheny. 11-15

WANTED.
MORTGAGES.
$35,500 to invest, in large or small amounts on city or county property.
THOMAS K. PETTY,
no15 179 Smithfield street.

WANTED—A BUSINESS MAN who has a capital of from $6,000 to $8,000 to purchase an interest or the whole business, in a well established and paying manufactory. 30 per cent. profits. Address S. J., this office. no8

WANTED,
EMPLOYMENT IN A ROLLING MILL or office connected therewith, by a young man capable of taking of the inside working of the mill or the office part of the business.
Address A. B., Allegheny City, Pa.

WANTED — AGENTS. — ($20 per day) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Has the under-feed, makes the "lock-stitch" (alike on both sides,) and is fully licensed. The best and cheapest Family Sewing Machine in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Boston, Mass., Pittsburgh Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo. oc22:f56

WANTED.—50 Laborers for Railroad; 20 Coal Miners, a Blacksmith for country; 10 Girls for Housework in city; 6 for country; 3 Cooks for city; several girls want chamberwork nursing and sewing. Farm Hands, Drivers, Laborers and Boys furnished at short notice, by applying at No. 1 Sixth street, first door from the Suspension Bridge.

WANTED.
SALESMEN.
Salesmen wanted to sell goods by sample and collect bills. Apply to
S. F. HARRIS,
no9:g53 95 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—MORE COAL DIGGERS For the best Mine in Illinois. Written guarantees for steady work and good wages are furnished by
R. A. SCHNABEL,
no8:g77 128 Smithfield street.

WANTED—MORTGAGES.
Thirty Thousand Dollars to Loan
in large or small amounts on property in Allegheny county at a fair rate of interest.
CHARLES JEREMY,
Real Estate Agent,
[illegible] Grant street.

WANTED.
MORTGAGES.
Money to loan on Mortgages.
GEORGE S. HILL,
oc10:e94 Cor. Wood street and Third avenue.

AGENTS WANTED—($225 a month) —by the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., BOSTON, MASS., or ST. LOUIS, MO.

$100,000 TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES SECURED BY REAL ESTATE, in large or small sums.
Apply to Lock Box 39,
se2:c74 Pittsburgh P. O.

BOARDING.

WANTED.—A FEW BOARDERS in a private family. Apply at No. 31 CHESTNUT STREET, Sixth ward, four squares above the Court House. 11-10

BOARDING.—Two Rooms To-Let, Furnished or Unfurnished, with Board. Also, Day Boarders, at 162 Fourth avenue.

TO-LET.

TO-LET.—The Second and Third Story FRONT ROOMS furnished, suitable for single gentlemen. No. 34 NINTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. 11-16

TO-LET.—DOUBLE PARLOR, first floor, No. 198 PENN STREET, opposite Mercantile Library, suitable for an office. Apply at 198 Penn street. 11-16

TO-LET—FURNISHED ROOM, suitable for a gentleman's sleeping room. Enquire at 154 FOURTH AVENUE. 10-26

TO-LET.—A Comfortable House of FOUR ROOMS to a responsible tenant. Possession given immediately. Inquire at No. 59 Poplar street, Allegheny.

TO-LET.—A Large Unfurnished FRONT ROOM, with or without boarding, suitable for man and wife, or two, three or four gentlemen. Inquire at No. 18 Ninth (late Hand) street.

TO LET.—A large furnished front room, with or without board, suitable for man and wife, or two single gentlemen. Apply to 22 Wylie street, five minutes' walk from the Postoffice. 11-7

TO-LET.—Room 24x30, with from 4 to 6 horse steam power. Enquire of
JOHN BEST & CO.,
no8 Glass Works.

TO-LET—With immediate possession the three storied brick warehouse, No. 153 Wood street. Apply to McELROY, DICKSON & CO., 54 Wood street. no8:f75

TO LET.—Front and back parlors on first floor. Also large front sleeping room on second floor, either furnished or unfurnished, at No. 40 Anderson street, Allegheny City. References required. 11-7

TO LET OR LEASE.—From April 1, 1871, that handsome three story building, No. 82 Wood street; the best location for business in the city, formerly occupied by L. Hirshfield & Son. Inquire of Arnsthall & Son, 72 Smithfield street. 11-9

TO LET.—On James street, Allegheny.
A GOOD STABLE,
With accommodations for four horses. Apply at Superior Oil Works, on Saw Mill Valley Plank Road, Reserve township. oc14:f4-TTSF

FOR RENT.
Duquesne Hall.
SEVERAL OFFICES.
WM. H. LOWE,
Of Gazzam & Co., Attorneys.
no16 96 FIFTH AVENUE.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—HOUSE AND LOT.—On Mount Albion Hill, 13th ward, a substantially built Cottage House of seven rooms and hall, good cellar, cistern, soft water at kitchen door, stable, carriage house, &c. Size of lot 50 feet by 200 feet; planted with a variety of choice fruit trees, grapes, &c. Location beautiful, only seven minutes' walk from Sandard Station, A. V. R. R., or Citizens Railway. For particulars address or inquire of WILLIAM WIGHTMAN, No. 3 Sill's Block, Duquesne Way. no8:f38

FOR SALE.—Engines and Boilers, New and Second Hand, of all kinds, constantly on hand.
Orders from all parts of the country promptly attended to.
JAMES HILL & CO.,
Corner Marion Avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. W., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—Will be sold at public auction on SATURDAY, November 19, '70, at 2 P. M., at the well known tavern stand, No. 295 Liberty street, the bar fixtures, License, Liquors, also the leasehold of the property for one year, with the privilege of two years. Rent moderate. Also, at the same time will be offered the furniture, beds, bedding, &c. I am doing a fair business. Reasons for selling, sickness of the proprietor. Sale positive. WILLIAM BIDDLE, Proprietor. no11

FOR SALE—SMALL COUNTRY SEAT.—Situated one mile from Port Perry. Contains three acres of rich garden land, filled with fruit of the best varieties, all bearing; 300 grape vines; one of the best springs of water at the door. The improvements are a neat 2 story Dwelling, with 4 rooms, nearly new; also a Tenant House, with 3 rooms, Stable and other outbuildings. This property is offered at a very low figure, as the owner is moving south. Apply to
se23 S. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth Ave.

FOR SALE CHEAP, OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—A fine COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing 30 acres with 2 houses thereon; one, a fine, comfortable and convenient house; good water, and one of the best water powers in Western Pennsylvania for a mill; 16 miles from the city, on the waters of Turtle Creek Road, ¼ of a mile from Stewart's Station, Central Railroad. Also, several good Farms in good locations and houses for sale. Enquire of
WILLIAM WARD,
my11 No. 110 Grant St., opposite Cathedral.

FOR SALE.
ON 44th STREET.—Two Handsome Brick Dwellings of 7 and 8 rooms respectively. Lots 48 by 100 and 26 by 137.
ON 43d STREET.—One very fine two story Brick Dwelling of 9 rooms. Lot 26 by 137.
ON BUTLER STREET.—One Handsome Brick Dwelling of 7 rooms and finished attic. Lot 20 by 100.
ON 45th STREET.—Two very fine lots 20 and 24 by 100.
ON 44th STREET.—An elegant Lot 46 by 100.
Farms, Houses, Lots of all descriptions, and Money in sums of $500 to $5,000 may be had of
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The two story double house, the residence of Robert S. Kennedy, Esq., adjoining the residence of Messrs. Wm. and Hay Walker and Wm. Cooper, in McClure township, on the New Brighton Road, about 3 miles from the city. The house contains 14 rooms; also, ice house and cooling room, summer kitchen and laundry and out house, convenient to the main building; the house is supplied with water and gas. The grounds, comprising about 10½ acres, are tastefully laid out and are stocked with an abundance of fruit and ornamental trees, small fruits, &c. On the premises are a large stable, cold grapery, out houses and gardener's house of 5 rooms. Verner Station, on the P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. is within a few minutes' walk of the house. For terms, enquire at the PEARL MILL, Allegheny.

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EXTRA No. 1 and No. 2 LARD OIL, LUBRICATING OILS, &c.
Also, PRIME FAMILY LARD, in tierces, barrels and buckets, at lowest rates.
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E DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
ner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

EDNESDAY, NOV. 16, 1870.

ONDS at Frankfort 94½.

closed in New York yesterday 111¼.

PROPORTION to population Pitts gh is now building more elegant, mas and costly edifices for trade purposes any other city in the United States. prosperity as a people is gratifying. yearly becoming greater. From 1870 880 we promise, from present signs, nake greater headway than we did 1840 to 1870.

E OBSERVE some of our country ex ges publishing under the head of ll of Honor" the names of sub bers who pay their subscrip s. It is certainly an honorable thing any man to pay his debts, but we can conceive why any more credit should awarded newspaper subscribers for than any other lot of people who debt. If all journals would es ished the inexorable rule of demand pay in advance, they would prosper he more, put themselves under less gations to patrons, and prevent many ple from proving themselves dis rable and unworthy of credit. The or and publisher of a local paper ly earns his subscription price from patron, and it is not any great compli t to him when debtors pay their sub tions. By publishing "rolls of hon patrons are made feel that by dis ging their honest debts, the editor is the recipient of something akin to aritable donation.

GARRAHAN'S LETTER throws still light on the Cox controversy, and n the least creditable to the Secre It is a plain statement, and from tter and entire want of any vitupera will command at least a respectful sal. His letter is made up nearly al ther of extracts, and in this he differs ly from the late Secretary, who ba is communication almost entirely on rtions of his own. There is one point ever, that cannot fail to attract atten and which demands explanation. e did exist an official record of a nt grated to McGarrahan, which was ed in the name of President Lincoln. n McGarrahan requested an exempli ion of this record it was refused, and serts the record itself was defaced destroyed by the order of Mr. Cox. atement of this nature must either rue, or McGarrahan crazy. The facts so susceptible of proof, that to aver in this way, when not true, would he work only of an utter fool. If , that fact alone, settles the case of Cox, and the only wrong the Presi has been guilty of, is in retaining n office as long as he did. But true ntrue, the charge has been boldly , and is easy of contradiction by if false, and unless it is disproved Cox will stand in a very unenviable before the people.

AN FRANCISCO LOTTERY.

e late great lottery of the San Fran Library is seed sown for the future es of many men, and women, and ren. These lotteries are respecters er of age nor sex, and grasp as dily from a little child as from an . The prizes drawn in San Fran are advertisements for every lottery e Union, and the trade, no doubt, for a long time be active. The *prize* at is looked for, and the nine hund nd ninety-nine disappointments are tten. The late great lottery ca , as far as heard from, more than ase of suicide over disappointment, hat one case is but an infinitesimal on of the destitution and crime it ngendered and will occasion here There is a mania connected with at our patient, plodding, honest ing citizens can scarcely realize. ppointment seems only to fan the , and, like all risks in gambling, the er the loss the more eager is the n to have another chance to win. oubt hundreds whose ways of life been lowly but contented, will be ed, after the late prizes drawn in Francisco, just to try their luck once. door, however, that when once the has crossed the threshold, seems thereafter to stand open, inviting ictim to enter There are other of lotteries, and in other States California, that it would be well gh should they not be too generally ed, lest may create a thirst for San Francisco's Library scheme.

ENGLAND AND RUSSIA.

o significant rumors reach us by this morning. One is that Russia iven notice she will no longer re the stipulations of the Paris treaty 56, and the other is that Great Bri s anxious to re-open the Alabama s controversey with a view to an diate settlement. Put this and that her.—*N. Y. World.*

ill be pretty hard to put "this and together," particularly as both are rs. We suppose however that the ation is simply, that should Russia longer to regard the Paris treaty , England will form alliances of and defensive to resist aggres f Pan-Germanism and Pan-Slavism. at least is the tenor of a dispatch London. It is unquestionably true Russia intends and expects to take tage of the present Franco-Prus war, and get rid if possible of her ment not to construct nor to main ny naval or military arsenal on the of the Black Sea. But France and nd were actors in that treaty, and nd may deem there is equita round for interference in favor of e, as Prussia is asserted to be in athy with the movement of Russia. e settlement of the Alabama claims nly be connected with any such in , by the fact, that England desires free of all causes of rupture with nited States before involving the nment in a war with any other na

Whether there is any truth in these re we cannot say, but one fact is sig nt, and that is, that the present leading military power of the world, ia, was not a party to the treaty. e infringement would not demand terference, it being in reality, so far is concerned, a simple question be Austria and Russia having the hs of the Danube. Austria has not and will not be friendly to Prussia the war. It may therefore be true Russia and Prussia have had a secret standing, and that England has in ed that should Russia endeavor to the treaty, France should have sistance of Great Britain.

GLAND AND FREE TRADE.

Free Trade sentiment of our people to England for an endorsement of policy. It is one of the wonders con with the arguments in support of Trade, that reference is confined al xclusively to this one nation. Re ght well advance the inquiry, why at a blessing as it is urged Free would be, is not more universally d, more generally received. That are those of great intellect in al very country that favor the idea is at England alone seems to be the overnment upon which any positive n may rest, that as a Government s that policy. Russia and Austria ccording to English opinion, duties amounting to prohibition. The h tariff and Spain are the highest unless it be Russia. The French decided to be "onerous" Mr. asserted that the great progress of ny was owing to the protective features of the Zollverein system, and that system has been declared by England to be practically prohibitory. The fact is we fail to cite one single example, of any nation relaxing her commercial system, or indeed of any one advocating Free Trade save England. It may be true, and undoubtedly is, that the rates on certain goods, are much higher in some of the governments named than in the others. But in arriving at any sensible conclusion, no one will found his opinion on *rates*. Free Trade and Protection are not to be judged in that way. Whether there is a duty of sixty or one per cent., the question is not between the two duties named, but whether the one per cent. offers protection to home industry. If it does, it is just as far from encouraging the policy of Free Trade as though the rate was sixty per cent. It must therefore be taken into consideration what is the effect of the duty imposed, and not what the amount of that duty may be. If this point is regarded, England *alone* has the exclusive right to boast of being *the* advocate of Free Trade.

It is worth our while to look at the class and character of men advocating this policy. There are two classes. The first class is composed of idealists. Men who have taken advanced steps on certain liberal grounds, and from their center have endeavored to imbue every principle in their governments with what they believe to be the same stamp of liberality. They belong to that class of theorists te which we have heretofore alluded. They have adopted a word that rings like pure coin, and one that has the hearts of the people. Their arguments are not founded upon demonstration, but on analogy. "All liberties," says Jules Simon in the Corps Legislatif, "are sisters; if we have liberty of trade we shall have others." How much he intended to include in this remarkable conclusion, it is impossible to say, but if it were true, what a terrible train of evils would necessarily follow. Every man has a certain conception of what he especially calls liberty, but whether M. Simon includes the Fourierism of France or the Mormonism of America, is left to each individual to determine. But the sentence is quoted only to illustrate what is meant by placing one class of free trade supporters as idealists. The second class is mainly composed of importers of foreign goods. Silk merchants are rarely if ever protectionists. If a rigid examination be made, it will be found that almost exclusively to these two classes are the leaders of free trade confined. There are unquestionably men of intelligence whose minds are warped and influenced by a partial understanding of the question, and who are afraid that by protection the wages of their laborers will be increased, but these men are not the *leaders*. They only help to swell the mass of followers

We next turn to the foundation doctrine of free trade, that "each nation should supply to the worlds market what it produces best and cheapest, and should resign to other nations those industries in which it is not so strong." This is one of the great charitable ideas of that class truthfully termed idealists. How can this be accomplished. It is undoubtedly a grand scheme for one great brotherhood all over the universe, but would free trade tend in the slightest degree to carry out the idea. Nations would be divided into purely Agricultural, Mechanical and Manufacturing communities, wholly dependent on each other for life and existence. But more than that, if a long reign of peace settled over the world, as money became plentier, and civilization founded on the great basis of science advanced, as our children and friends travelled in other countries and learned new resources for profit and gain, it would be found that a nation who had heretofore been living off the special production of another, had all the requirements necessary for carrying on that trade. What is to be done then. With years of practice and knowledge of all the requirements necessary to carry on that trade economically, the foreign nation could undersell. Must ores lie in the ground, and material decay, and work for thousands of laborers be recklessly thrown aside, simply because one country is now and the other old. What rights have the workingmen of any nation, over the workingmen of America. As our population increases, what charitable idea is it, that says to the sons and daughters of workingmen, our sentimentalists have agreed that a great co-operative brotherhood should be formed, and England has the branch of traffic lying 'tis true at our very door, and you can find no employment with us in that direction. Would not our own special branches of industry be glutted, and prices fall to less than a living price. Would not poverty be a guest in almost every workingmans household, and would not bread stuffs and every character of market consumption fall to a price so low that it would not pay to bring them to the markets. And beyond all this, diven to seek new homes, would not our laborers find themselves in countries where markets were equally glutted with our own.

It may, however, be said that the above doctrine of free trade does not go thus far. That any nation who finds resources at her own door for any trade has a right to enter into that business. Such an objection is simply absurd. To give a nation that right, and at the same time take her power away to act, is all that is given. It is true the new country would have a right to build manufactories and embark in trade, but who would be the purchasers, when the old country could furnish the same goods at one-half the price. The doctrine means simply what we say, and and nothing more nor less, and if carried out in its grand liberality ! would fill our country with paupers.

This condition of affairs, however, can never occur, because no such great brotherhood will ever be formed. The tendency of every government is against it. A reaction has taken effect in England and the poverty, crime and destitution among the laboring classes, have been found in the manufacturing districts. Between 1853 and 1868 there is a difference in the amount expended in actual relief of the poor, of three millions and one half of dollars, an increase of 50 per cent. Sir Edward Sullivan asserts that "the manufacturing districts are depressed as they never have been before; and any one who will visit them may see by evidence that cannot lie, by smokeless chimneys, by closed shops, by crowded poor-houses and gutted jails, by crowds of squalid idlers, that the distress is real."

* * * * * * *

"In the present condition of manufacturing industries it is foolish to tell the operative class to attribute the prosperity to free trade; they are not prosperous; it is a mockery to tell them to thank God for a full stomach, when they are empty. They are not well off; never has starvation, pauperism, crime, discontent, been so plentiful in the manufacturing districts; never since England has been a manufacturing county has *every* industry, great or small, been so completely depressed; never has work been so impossible to find; never have the means and savings of the working classes been at so low an ebb.

As far as regards the condition of the working man in England the evidence is all of the above character. With regard to the manufacturing interests Mr. Roberts of Manchester says:

"We find at Millwall, Deptford, Woolwich, and most ship-building ports, are comparatively idle; no sailing vessels building; foreign vessels do away with the necessity for British. Trade falls off in the towns of Nottingham, Macclesfield, Stockport, Bolton, Wigan, Oldham, Coventry, Leek, Preston, Manchester, Derby, Congleton, Sandbach, Leighton, Buzzard, Luton, Newport, Pagnell, Tring, Exeter, Crediton and London, and many other places. Ship-building involves thirty other trades; watch-making, sixty trades; they are gradually passing from us. The iron trade is losing ground: tools, chairs, pans, spades, hoes, axes, nails, knives, tin ware, locks, curry-combs, traps, hinges, brass foundry, needles, hooks, guns, swords, buttons, jewelry, steel pens, trinkets, pins, wire, tubing, scales, cutlery, bronze articles, japanned articles, &c., &c., now come from America, France, and Germany. We have doors, window-sashes, and all kinds of wood-work, from the Baltic. Foreign agricultural implements, furniture, artificial flowers, baby-linen, dresses, baskets, beads, beds, Berlin work, blankets, bonnets, boots, braids, brushes, candles, canes, common carpets, cardboards, caps, china glass of every kind, clocks, cloths, damasks, delaine, electrotype paper, pencils, fringe, muslin, lace, gilded goods, gold and silver articles, hosiery, leather, linen, looking glasses, lucifers, shoes, silk, ribbons, soap, stationery, stays, steam engines,—in fact every thing, small and great, and all are admitted duty free into England, and on equal terms into our colonies.

"Is it, then, any matter of surprise that the British workmen and British manufacturers have no employment? If all these articles were made here, there would be no lack of work for the British workmen: and the whole of England would once more be set in motion."

These facts are significant, and the leading men of England are taking very strong ground against that policy that is ruining the government. England could be pointed to heretofore, because her age alone gave her power and resources no other nation had, but as science increased, as capital became plenty, as wages became lower in other countries, her free trade proved ruinous, and the voice of her people is against it. Hereafter Free Traders must point elsewhere as an argument for that policy.

BRIEF TOPICS.

A WOMAN'S WRONGS.

Quite apart from any pecuniary advantages that may accrue, there must naturally be something highly exciting and fascinating in carrying successfully to completion so adroit a robbery as that which has just been accomplished to the serious detriment of an eminent London jeweler. Shortly before noon a well-dressed young woman entered his shop and selected jewelery of the value of £140. She requested that an assistant might be sent with her to her residence to be paid, and she handed the jeweler a card of a clergyman whom he knew, and to whom she represented she was related. Being taken off his guard by her appearance and demeanor he allowed one of his assistants to accompany her, and they started together in a cab. She got out at the front of the great linendrapers, and went in to make a purchase, taking with her the jewelry, and leaving the assistant in the cab. After waiting a long time, the jeweler's assistant went into the shop to remind her that it was getting late, but only to discover that Messrs. Stagg & Mantle had another door to their shop, by which the fair one had got a good half hour start of him. It need scarcely be added that the parson repudiated all knowledge of his *soi disant* friend, and what is more, the police are equally unacquainted with this expert damsel.

A WELSH ST. GEORGE.

That valorous knight, St. George, who went all the way to Cappadocia for his dragon, neglected, it seems, some of a similar stock on British soil. For several months rumors have been in circulation that a large and strange-looking animal had been seen on the banks of the River Elwy, Wales, and was believed to be domiciled in the caves of Cefu, about two miles from St. Asaph, a cathedral city. One day last month a young man went out from Ryhl to meet the monster, and having armed himself with the protection of Heaven and a stout stick, approached the mouth of the cave, sheltered by a protecting ledge. For one hour the champion waited At length a humming sound was heard, apparently issuing from the depths of the cavern, "like a distant swarm of bees." Nearer and louder drew the sound of the approaching monster. The champion peeped over the ledge, and, behold, his enemy stood before him! He took "one long look at earth and sky," and sprang over the ledge. The combat was brief but decisive. The monster yielded to destiny and the second blow of the champion's stick. He was evidently a young creature, and had not time to show how much fight there was in him. Nothing like him has been seen before on the island. The following are his dimensions: From the nose to the end of the tail, exactly four feet eleven inches, the tail being rather more than half that length. The limbs measure twelve inches; the fore ones have five toes, and the hind ones four. The animal is web-footed, black above and white beneath. The coat is mailed, quite hard, and protruding in sharp corners and angles. The head is low and flat, the mouth large and round at the end, measuring seven inches by three inches; the teeth are numerous. The new St. George—one Thomas Hughes—is exhibiting his vanquished enemy at Rhyl, Wales.

OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA.

It is stated that the greater portion of the coffee sold in the United States as "Old Government Java," is only so in name. All the coffee plantations in Java and the other Dutch East India islands are under the control of the Holland Government, and all the best of the crop is shipped by the 'Maalschappy" or Dutch Trade association, under contract with the Government direct from the island to Amsterdam and Rotterdam, where it is sold at their regular monthly auction sales. For the above reason, it is asserted, that "Old Government Java" must be imported from Holland. On the other hand, it is contended, that nearly if not all the coffee brought to the United States as "Old Government Java" is imported from the place of growth, and is either that portion of the crop which has been rejected by the Dutch Government, or is coffee which has been grown in the vicinity of the Dutch possessions.

SLOPPY EFFUSIVENESS.

The *Saturday Review* says:—Nothing is more annoying than than display of affection which some husbands and wives show to each other in society. That familiarity of touch, those half concealed caresses, those absurd names, that prodigiality, of endearing epithets, that devoted attention which they flaunt in the face of the public as a kind of challenge to the woird at large to come and admire their happiness, is always noticed and laughed at, and sometimes more than laughed at. Yet to some women this parade of love is the very essence of married happiness, and part of their dearest privileges. They believe themseles admired and envied, when they are ridiculed and scoffed at; and they think their husbands are models for other men to copy, when they are taken as an example for all to avoid. Men who have any real manliness, however, do not give into this kind of thing; though there are some, as affeminate and gushing as women themselves, who like this sloppy effusivenes of love, and carry on into quite old age, as lavishly as they had fondled the youthful bride. and seeing no want of harmony in calling a withered old dame of sixty and upwards by the pet names, by which they had been call her when she was a slip of a girl of eighteen. The continuance of love from youth to old age is very lovely, very cheering; but even "John Anderson, my Jo," would lose its pathos if Mrs. Anderson had ignored the difference between the raven locks and the snowy brow.—This public display of familiar affection is never seen among men who pride themselves on making good lovers; as certain men do—those who have reduced the practice of love making to an art, a science, and their lesson to a letter.

REUTER.

Newspaper readers are familiar with the name of Mr. Reuter, who is so closely identified with news telegraphing in Europe. Of this gentleman *Chamber's Journal* says: "In 1849 he opened an office at Aix-la-Chapelle, and had carrier pigeons to convey messages from that place to Brussels. as the telegraph was not formed there at that time. In 1851 he transferred his office to London, and devoted his attention to inducing the British Press, which obtained information at an enormous cost, to depend on him for it. In 1858, to show what he could do, he sent his telegrams to the various papers free of cost: and they were so impressed with their value that several subscribed to his system. In February, 1859, the Emperor of France made the famous speech threatening Austria through her ambassador. This was delivered at 1 P. M., and at 2 P. M., the speech was published in the third edition of the *Times*, having been transmitted by Mr. Reuter. The press soon adopted his system, and the daily papers of the north have the same telegrams as these of the metropolis. The wires are connected in London from Mr. Reuter's office to the editor's room of each journal. Mr. Reuter recently sold his business to the British government at a premium of three hundred thousand pounds."

NAPOLEON'S NONCHALENCE.

As for the personal demeanor of Napoleon III. at Sedan, writes a correspondent of a London paper, all who were eye-witnesses to his conduct describe it as that of one who either cared not for death, or actually threw himself in its way. On two occasions during the day he was providentially spared being instantly killed. In the midst of the scene of confusion which ensued upon the irruption of the panic-stricken French into Sedan, the Emperor, riding slowly through the wide street swept by the German artillery and choked by the disordered soldiery, paused for a moment to address a question to a colonel of his staff. At the same instant a shell exploded a few feet in front of Napoleon, leaving him unharmed, though it was evident to all around that he had escaped by a miracle. The Emperor continued on his way without manifesting the slightest emotion, greeted by the enthusiastic *vivats* of the troops. Later, while sitting at a window, indicting his celebrated letter to the King of Prussia, a shell struck the wall just outside and burst only a few feet from the Emperor's chair, again leaving him unscathed and unmoved.

POSTAL CARDS.

There is good reason to expect that the Postoffice Department will soon be authorized by Congress to issue for the public use postal cards similar to those now so popular in Germany, and which have lately been introduced into the postal service of Great Britain. These cards have a place for direction, name and place. They are about two and a half by three and a half inches, with ruled lines and a postage stamp printed on one of the corners. They will probably be sold at two cents, and will find here, as in Europe, abundance of purchasers. Kept in the pocket-book, a message may be written on them while on the street corner, or in a car or carriage, and they may be dropped into the nearest post box or thrown into the mail car, and thus hundreds of messages will be sent by mail which are not sent now, simply because the materials for writing are not at hand, or it is too much trouble to write a letter, which is always supposed to be more or less a formal document. These hastily scribbled cards have added largely to the English postal revenue, and proved a public convenience of no mean character. We have no doubt the Postmaster General will recommend their use in the American postal service, in his annual report, and that we will have them in use before the close of the winter.

AERONAUTICAL.

Ballooning has come to be an exact science in Paris, and every ærial mail bears dispatches to the Government, private letters, left open to official inspection, and some agent, who either goes out as a contractor for supplies or as a patriot to wake up the dormant provinces. A letter from an American firm in Paris details the perils of a trip in a private balloon, built by M. Piper, a Government contractor, prevented by his weight from sailing in the regular mail balloon. The ascent was made on the 7th, and after being wafted slowly to the northward the balloon fell in about half an hour, almost like a dead mass, into a pond formed by an inundation of the river Craud. We had fallen between the French and Prussian outposts, where both forces kept up a steady fire upon us for more than an hour, and it was only by feigning to be dead for fully three hours, or from the moment when we descended until dusk, that we escaped. At last we got away by swimming, sometimes plunging almost up to our shoulders into the mire of the puddle, and thus only were we at length enabled to reach the French outposts. All that we had with us was carried away by the balloon, which rose again, at once, as we left it.

EARLY CLOSING.

The Bishop of Manchester in a speech at a meeting for promoting early closing in Manchester, made the following observation: "He had one more word to say which had been suggested by a remark that late hours were productive of gross amusements and dissipation. It might or it might not be so. He had not sufficient knowledge to enable him to decide; but the liberation of young people from active employment at an early hour left more time at their disposal, which they might or might not employ profitably. When we noticed there was such a multiplication of places of amusement—not only theatres, which he considered admirable instruments of public instruction when only such magnificent pieces as "Richard the Third" were presented—but vicious places of amusement which were open to a late hour at night, he did feel there was a responsibilty upon these young people to see that they spent the hours at their disposal in a right manner."

AN ARAB AND HIS HORSE.

Julius von Wickede, the noted German military writer, describes the following scene which occurred after the capitulation of Sedan: "It was a touching scene," says he, "to see a fine looking officer of the Chasseurs d'Afrique take leave of a splendid bay horse, with a black mane, a fine full blooded Arabian. He literally embraced the noble steed, patted its back and caressed it, giving all sorts of affectionate names. The intelligent animal seemed to comprehend its master, and pressed its head against his breast in a caressing manner, as Oriental horses are wont to do, Suddenly the officer stepped back, and a terrible struggle seemed to take place in his breast. He held his hand to his eyes, and then he tore his sword from his scabbard, plunged it into the breast of his noble charger, piercing its heart. He had aimed well, for the faithful horse fell dead without a struggle. Now the officer turned away, sobbing like a child, without bestowing a look on the saddle and the trappings, and joined his companions, who were mounting into the railway cars which took them to their place of captivity."

A STRIKING CHORUS.

A strike took place in the Imperial Opera at Vienna the other day. The members of the orchestra had received an increase of salaries, and the choristers demanded the same. Their demands were refused, and so they intended to strike. The managers were in great tribulation as to what form this strike was to assume. At first it was believed that they would stay away altogether. But no, when evening came they appeared as usual, and the performance of the "Magic Flute" commenced. But fancy the astonishment of the manager and the audience when the choristers only murmured their parts. In vain did the leader gesticulate with his baton, they could hardly be heard. To increase the distress some of the solo singers refused to sing with such a chorus and they had to be replaced by others. But a general collapse ensued when the leader, a very excitable individual, was seized by a fit of insanity. The curtain had to go down, and the spectators received their money back at the door. Next day the demands of the choristers were satisfied.

A FEW EGGS.

The war in France has cut off the egg supply of the English, and unless a new source is discovered whence a supply may be drawn, our British cousins will have to forego the luxury of a rare bit upon their breakfast tables. France, it would seem, before the war supplied the main portion of the egg food consumed in London. In 1868, 890,000,000 of eggs were imported into England; and *Land and Water* states, on reliable authority, that the quantity at the early part of the present year, previous to the declaration of war, was rapidly nearing a proportion equal to 1,600,000,000. These vast numbers were brought from Ireland, Belgium, Holland, and France, the latter country furnishing 700,000,000. In the item of eggs alone, then, England promises to seriously feel the effects of the war unless peace is soon restored. Great attention is given to the reasing of poultry in France, and England has paid the French dealers for dead poultry in a single year the sum of $70,000,000. With the whole country turned into a hostile camp the poultry interest will be nearly destroyed, for it is well known that soldiers have a peculiar fondness for hen roosts.

FORT ANCIENT.

"It is a wonder; yes, a 'volley' of wonders. Its old, massive, mysterious walls measure seven full miles. It encloses one hundred acres. Its walls are full five rods wide at the base on level ground, and twenty to twenty-five feet high. Full grown forest trees, as oaks, poplar, sugar beech, &c, grow all over its embankments, and evidently other forests have perished from off it with old age. It has an embrasure about each one hundred and fifty feet, but what for no living witness can tell. Its site, on the east hills of the little Miami, is well chosen, and its *salient* and *re-entrant* angles cover the ravines and approaches with a skill that would do honor to a modern engineer. The surface stones have evidently been gathered off the land around and thrown into the base of the structure. In some instances they have been laid in with care, especially on the side-hill places, It is a system of two forts, of not very unequal size, standing north and south of each other. Near their junction they are defended by double lines. In all places the works have been con structed of the land immediately adjoining them, and not brought from a distance, as many say. Fort Ancient is but one of a most extensive and elaborate system of works extending from northeast to southeast across the continent, and built by a vigorous, intelligent, although unknown, people. They will not, however, always remain unknown. The light of science and research has turned back upon the pathway of human history with a determination to unravel its most intricate problems that cannot be thwarted."

AN IMMIGRATION SCHEME.

The immigration enterprise started some time ago under the aupices of Governor Alcorn, of Mississippi, is likely to be immensely serviceable to the South. The company controlling the undertaking is known as the National Land and Emigration Company, and has an authorized capital of $6,000,000. Its managers are of large-hearted, public-spirited men, who have secured the control of millions acres of as fine lands as are there in the world. These lands are in the States of Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Tennessee and Texas. These lands are sold for cash or on credit. Sales are made on credit as follows: One fifth cash down at time of purchase; no payment, except interest, due at end of first year; one-fifth cash, with interest. due at the end of fourth year; one fifth cash, with interest, due at end of fifth year. Interest on deferred payments at 6 per cent. per annum. A deduction of 10 per cent. on credit will be made for cash payment in full. Thus a farm of one hundred and sixty acres, at two dollars and fifty cents per acre, (the usual price), will cost four hundred dollars, and then you have five years to pay it in.

INNOCENTS ABROAD.

The *Saturday Review*, coming across Mark Twain's wonderful book of travel was for a moment non-plussed, for none of the common place rules of criticism would do for so outrageously unique a book, then, too, one of the articles of the *Saturday Review's* creed is that adulation is sinful. So the critic, siezed with a happy idea, went to work and wrote a critique on Mark's own model; savagely excoriating him for ignorance and stupidity and praising, as novel and instructive, the most egregious of his inventions. In doing this he so thoroughly mastered the style of the great humorist, the little knack of saying in a side splitting way just what every one knows he can't possibly mean, that the result is almost equal to Mark Twain's best productions, and that author, perceiving this has kindly presented it to the readers of the December *Galaxy* among his memoranda.

A MUSICAL SPIDER.

The love of the spider for music is well established by authentic evidence. The following anecdote is related by M. Michelet, the eminent French savant: "Berthome, the celebrated violinist, owed his early success to the seclusion in which he was made to work while very young. But in his solitude he had one companion unsuspected, viz: a spider. First of all it lived in the corner of the wall, but gradually it ventured to the corner of the desk, then on to the child, and at last it would take up its place on the arm that held the violin, breathless with delight and emotion. It served as an audience; the child artist needed no other encouragement—no other sympathy. But the child had a step mother, and she one day, bringing a stranger to hear the boy practice, saw the creature at its accustomed post, and with a single blow from her slipper annihilated the audience The child took it so to heart that he was ill for three months, and almost died."

Edwin M. Stanton.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE'S LETTER TO JUDGE BLACK.

The following letter from Chief Justice Chase to Judge Black on the Stanton controversy has just been made public:

SANDUSKY, Ohio, July 4, 1870.

"My dear sir: Just before leaving Washington I received through your kindness, as I suppose, a number of the *Galaxy* for June. Your letter to Senator Wilson had already attracted my attention, and I have since read it again It is marked, as every one who knows you would expect, by great power, but there are, as I think, some errors of fact which ought to be corrected. What Senator Wilson said in the *Atlantic Monthly* for February about remarks made to me by Mr. Stanton nearly thirty years ago, at Columbus, is, in substance, quite correct. Mr Stanton did, in 1842, express his concurrence in the views relating to slavery set forth in the address and resolutions of the Ohio State Liberty Convention of December, 1841, of which I was the writer. There was, I think, at that time no material difference in political principle between us. But he was identified in party relations with the old line Democracy, while I thought it my duty to act independently of both of the then great national organizations. He urged me to join the party with which he was connected, and declared with emphasis his radiness to stand by me in the support of the principles I had proclaimed. More than once, on subsequent occasions, when withdrawn from active participation in politics, and absorbed in professional labors, he expressed his purpose to act, whenever he should again engage in political action with those who, like myself, were then known as independent Democrats against the nationalization of slavery.

"And you are misinformed also, in respect to the circumstances connected with Mr. Stanton's appointment as Secretary of War in place of General Cameron I then thought, and still think, I was well acquainted with them. General Cameron had expressed a wish to retire and take the mission to St. Petersburg, some time before he actually withdrew, and I believe that he was the first to suggest to Mr. Lincoln the name of Mr. Stanton. I held myself, several conversations on the subject of General Cameron's retirement, his appointment to St. Petersburg, and the appointment of Mr. Stanton as his successor; and I called on Mr. Stanton to ascertain if he would accept the post of Secretary of War if tendered. Ultimately, when, as I suppose, the matter was fully understood, Mr. Lincoln addressed a note to General Cameron, tendering the mission to St. Petersburg, and signifying his willingness to accept his resignation. The note was brief and seemed curt. But Mr. Lincoln, on his attention being drawn to its terms, said that he intented to make it everything it should be, and another note was substituted, expressing what he declared to be his real sentiments. This is, I believe, as exact a statement as its brevity admits of General Cameron's retirement from Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet. He was not removed; he resigned, because, as he stated at the time, he preferred the mission to the Secretaryship; and he did recommend the appointment of Mr Stanton as his successor.

"On one other point I wish to correct your information, lest not mentioning I may seem to have admitted its exactitude. You ftated that 'the Cabinet (Mr. Lincoln's) voted six to one *in favor of surrendering Fort Sumter;* Mr. Blair being the only dissentient. *I never voted for the surrender of Fort Sumter.*' My grounds of opposition to its surrender were not, perhaps, the same, nor so absolute, as those of Mr. Blair, but I was against it, and so voted.

"I was in a pofition to be well informed, and I am sure you would not willingly remain in error. Before all things, Justice.

"Yours very truly,
S. P. CHASE.

"The Hon. J. S. Black."

CALAMITY IN EGYPT.

Terrible Explosion of Gun Cotton—Loss of Fifty Lives.

(Alexandria Correspondence London Echo)

On Sunday night last about 4 o'clock in the morning, the inhabitants of this town were awakened by a shock which every body at once declared to be the shock of an earthquake, but which really was the effect of the explosion of a magazine, in which had been stored a number of cases filled with gun cotton, that had only lately arrived from Trieste. The Australian manufacturers had warned the authorities here that this cotton would have to be turned daily, as it was liable to spontaneous ignition, but this, in all likelihood, was soon forgotten, and the result is the misfortune I have to write about. The magazine was situated in the quarter of the town called Kom-el-Dyck (The Cock's Hill) a calcareous rock, where stood in olden times a theatre, and which, until lately was covered with Arab huts, but where Europeans and Syrians having discovered the salubrity of the spot had built houses and villas with gardens. A great number of these are now either destroyed or more or less injured, as the huge stones with which the magazine had been built had been sent with a lateral force against the houses, and bombarded them, in some cases completely destroying them, in other cases going through several walls and doing little harm. The house of Mr. WILSON, an English resident, was completely destroyed. yet though the rooms were filled with stones, he and his family were not injured—a wonderful escape indeed. Beyond the destruction of the houses in the immediate quarter, no greater mischief was done to property than the breaking of windows in nearly all the houses situated within a quarter of a mile from the magazine, but the loss of life occasioned by the accident, arising from carelessness; is very great. It is true that the official account gives the number as fifty, it is true that most of them were "only Arabs;" but then I believe the number is very far below the real one, and I also believe that the lives of these "only Arabs" were valuable. But no one would be likely to think so who saw the few soldiers at work that were sent to dig for the buried bodies. It was a horrible sight. They take from the side of a heap some of the stones and rubbish, and put them on the top of the very same heap they are working at, until they discover some part of a body. They then get hold of it as best they can, and pull, shouting at the same time in their horrible monotonous measure. Here they drag forth the body of a woman which, having been lying compressed by the stones, expands in each part as it comes forth; then they expose another body—is it a man or woman? Bystanders cannot tell, for the head is not there. The work went on during the forenoon. In the afternoon nothing was done. Next morning I expected to find, at all events, those places cleared where it was likely that bodies were still lying, but no, I only found about 600 soldiers employed in filling up the gap made by the explosion where the magazine stood, carrying the stones and raking the earth down with their hands, while the Arabs, who were still in search of relatives were also digging in the same manner, where yesterday morning had stood their poor dwellings. The excitement here is very great, everybody blaming the Government for storing such an explosive material in the midst of a thickly populated quarter.

ONLY ONE SAVED OUT OF 200.

A Letter to His Brother from the Survivor from the Wreck of the Cambria—Drifting in a Boat with the Dead Girl.

[From the Hudson Register.]

James McGartland, residing in this city, yesterday received the following letter from his brother John, the only survivor from the ill-fated Cambria:

LONDONDERRY, Oct. 26, 1870.

DEAR JAMES: I take pen in hand in hopes of satisfying you that I escaped with my life, thank God, out of the wreck of the Cambria. We were coming on finely until the 19th, when a dreadful storm arose, which drove us against a rock, about thirty miles from Londonderry. Our ship opened in the bow, and in a very short time she sank.

I got into one of the small boats, with twelve others, when in a few minutes it capsized, throwing us all into the water I got hold of the side of the boat, and fortunately succeeded in getting into it again, where I remained from 11 o'clock on Wednesday night till 2:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon. And so I drifted about with the wind and waves, with one dead girl, my only companion, when fortunately I was picked up by a steamer coming in, and brought into Derry.

I was well attended for a few days and now I am at home again, as well as when I left you, thank God for it. I lost all my clothes except what I had on. So you see God has favored me. Thanks be to Him for His kind mercies.

Your affectionate brother,
JOHN MCGARTLAND.

The Golden Rule.

The golden rule for those who are suffering from lung disease of any sort is to take medicine in time. It will not do to put off from day to day, the use of a medicine which has been known to cure some of the most stubborn diseases of the lungs to which we are liable. That medicine is DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE. Infallible in the first stages of lung diseases. a cure in the intermediate stages, and an alleviant in the last stages of pulmonary consumption.

The cost of a bottle is a mere trifle, and many an one has been snatched from an untimely grave by heeding the salutary advice here recorded. DR KEYSER'S LUNG CURE is the "*sine quo non*" of lung medicines, and the use of a single bottle will always do good, can never do harm, and will cure an ordinary cough in less than a day. Dr. Keyser's principal office for lung and other obstinate chronic diseases is 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. If your druggist does not keep it, send five dollars to Dr. Keyser, and he will send four bottles securely boxed, by express, with full directions how to use it.

HEMP AND TAR LOZENGES.

The best and most effectual remedy known for coughs and colds, tickling in the throat, etc.

Irwin's celebrated Pile Ointment, the best remedy known for Piles, sold only in Pittsburgh, at JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S Drug Store, corner of Penn and Sixth streets, (old St. Clair street,) where you will find a handsome assortment of Drugs and Chemicals; also, all and every kind of Toilet Articles, Soaps, Brushes, Combs, and the finest preparations in our line for housekeepers of every description. Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.,
Corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) streets.

A NATIONAL MEDICINE.

One can hardly pick up a newspaper or turn a street corner now-a-days that he does not find, staring him in the face, the announcement that Prof. So-and-so has just discovered a medicine which is a panacea for all the ills that flesh is, or may be heir to. These "wonderful" discoveries usually have an existence of a few months, then disappear from public notice. The reason of their sudden extinguishment is apparent. They were humbugs. At the outset all medical preparations have an equal chance for success, as all are equally unknown; but the chaff is soon winnowed from the grain by the practical test which an unprejudiced public applies to all things. There are but few preparations of medicine which have withstood the impartial judgment of the people for any length of time. One of the few which we have now in mind, and which has been a long time familiar to nearly every household in the land, is the celebrated Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Their almost universal sale and use, and their emphatic endorsement from all portions of the country, compel the admission that they must be a specific for the ailments for which they are recommended. Letters before us attest their efficacy in diseases of the throat, bowels and liver. In that truly terrible complaint dyspepsia, they are regarded as a sure cure. In Pittsburgh, where these Bitters are manufactured, their sale for home use is immense. This fact alone speaks volumes in its favor.—*Extracts from the Muscatine Courier, Iowa, Feb. 7, 1870*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER &
VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
☞ Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRAFF,
HUGUS
& CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

Lubin's French Extracts,
Lubin's French Soaps,
Lubin's French Satchets,
Thomas' Hair Brushes,
Bayley's Ess. Bouquet,
Low's Fine Extracts,
Low's Celebrated Soap,
Squire's Glycerine Soap,
Price's Glycerine Soap,
Sarg's Vienna Soap,
Brecknell's Skin Soap,
Brandy and Sherry Wine,
Cigars de Joy, for Asthma.
With other CHOICE GOODS, all of my own personal selection and importation.
SIMON JOHNSTON,
Cor. Smithfield Street and Fourth Avenue.
SOLE AGENT FOR
Peter Squire's London Medicinal Extracts and Chemicals.
no15-TTHS

ESTABLISHED..........1809
Enoch Morgan's Sons
SAPOLIO,
FOR GENERAL
HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.
IS BETTER AND CHEAPER THAN SOAP
for cleaning windows (without water), removing stains from marble and paint, scouring and polishing cutlery and culinary articles, and excellent for general house cleaning purposes.
Pittsburgh Depot for Enoch Morgan's Sons Soaps and Sapolio, at
JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT'S,
oc1-W8 Cor. Smithfield St. and 2d avenue.

DOUBLE BARREL
SHOT GUNS!
The shooting season has just commenced, and I have a fine assortment of Double and Single Barrel Shot Guns, varying in price from $9 50 to $150 00, some of them very fine. Sportsmen will do well to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere at
JAMES BOWN'S,
136 WOOD STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Special Bargains
FOR MONDAY,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
AT 12½c. A YARD.
TEN CASES
Bookfold Flannels
A GREAT BARGAIN.
At 22c., Heavy Twilled Gray Flannels.
At 25c., Plain Dark Gray Flannels.
At 31c., Plain Brown Gray Flannels.
At 12½c., Yard-wide Bleached Muslins an extra good bargain.
At 18¾c., Yard-wide Feather Ticking.
At 6¼c., Fast Colored Calicos.
At 8½c., Fast Colored Calicos—some of the best makes.
At 25c., Black and Colored Corded Alpacas.
At 30c., Heavy Col'd Poplins, beautiful shades
At 30c., Wide Green Serge Plaids.
At 30c., Wide Green and Red Alpaca Plaids.
At 12½c., Good style Dark Delaines.
At 87½c., Waterproof Cloth—a good article.
A COMPLETE STOCK OF
DRESS GOODS.
CASSIMERES,
Flannels, Blankets
AND
QUILTS,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

No. 110 Market St.,
PITTSBURGH.
C. YEAGER & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Notions, Fancy Goods and Toys,
Offer to dealers their large and well selected assortment of the above classes of goods.
The Foreign Goods were imported direct by ourselves before the present European war. All of our Stock was Purchased for Cash, and those who favor us with a call and examination of the assortment offered, will find it equal, if not superior to any in the country, and our prices as low as those of New York Houses.
Wholesale Department up stairs.
NO. 110 MARKET STREET,
no13:h2 NEAR LIBERTY.

FURS, FURS.
ELEGANT NEW STYLES
Astrachan Sacques
SEAL SACQUES,
Elegant Sable Sets,
AND ALL THE LOW GRADES
FURS,
For Ladies, Misses and Children,
EMBRACING THE NEWEST STYLES.
M'CORD & CO.,
Offer the Largest Stock of the above Goods for inspection and at prices that cannot be rivalled for cheapness.
M'CORD & CO.,
131 Wood Street.
no5:

DIARIES, 1861.
Samples now ready. Discounts from manufacturers list, according to quantity. Large terms to buyers. Thirty styles, the most desirable, covering all the varieties. Orders taken now to deliver any time during the season. The best time to buy is now, when the assortment is complete. Send for price list.
J. L. READ & SON,
Booksellers & Stationers,
102 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH,
PROPRIETORS OF
"Our New Paper."

BAILEY & CO.,
12th and Chestnut Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA.
BRIDAL SILVER,
French Bronzes,
FINE WATCHES,
Mantel Sets.
A very large stock in all the above lines. Goods sent by express free of charge.

City Standard Time.
96 FEDERAL ST.
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'S.
GENTS' WATCHES.
ALL MAKES, GRADES AND STYLES IN GOLD AND SILVER. WATCHES REPAIRED. CLOCKS, ETC.
LADIES' WATCHES.
FROM $25 UPWARDS. A SPECIALTY. OPERA, LEONTINE, GUARD, NECK AND VEST CHAINS, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE.
ALLEGHENY. 96
Thos. M'Fadden, Jr.

MORTON'S
GOLD PENS,
A complete assortment and the best PENS in the world.
ALLAN C. BAKEWELL & CO.
AGENTS FOR PITTSBURGH.
75 Wood Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
AT $1.00.
Children's Cloth Suits.
AT 87½c.
BOULEVARDE SKIRTS,
EMBOSSED BORDERS.
AT $1.00
Black and White
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
FORMER PRICE $2.00.
CHILDREN'S WHITE AND COLORED
Astrican Sacks.
Furs, Shawls, Skirts,
Hats and Bonnets,
Ribbons, Flowers and Feathers,
Alack and Colored Velveteens,
Broche Scarfs and Collars,
Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, &c.
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

GRAND
Clearance Sale
AT
HORNE & CO'S,
PREPARATORY TO REMOVING THEIR
Retail Business
TO
Library Hall, Penn St.
Everything marked down, and many goods to much less than cost, in order to close them out.
SPECIALTIES FOR TODAY:
100 dozen British Cotton Hose, heavy and full regular, 25 cents per pair.
Real French Corsets, Corded and 26 Whalebones, $1.00 per pair.
50 dozen 30 Spring Hoop Skirts, Fresh Goods, at 50 cents.
Norfolk and New Brunswick Co's Underwear, for Men, hand seamed, at $1.50 and up—all sizes.
Our entire importation of Trafousse Kid Gloves, bright and light in shades, and dark and blacks, sizes 5½ to 8, at $2 per pair, unexcelled by any make.
Embroideries, Hamburg and Scotch Worked, lower than the lowest.
Hamburg Embroideries, 3-4 to 6 yards, at bargains.
77 and 79
MARKET STREET.
no5:

On a Par with Gold!
WE NOW OFFER
Our New Stock
OF
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS
AT
EASTERN PRICES.
BUYERS ARE INVITED TO
Examine our Goods & Prices
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood Street.

PITTSBURGH
BREWERY.
Joshua Rhodes
Having resumed the BREWERY BUSINESS at the OLD STAND, corner of Duquesne Way and Barker's alley, solicits a portion of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon him in former days.
It will be his earnest endeavor to manufacture an article of
ALE
That for EXCELLENCE and PURITY cannot be excelled.
He will also constantly have on hand a full supply of MALT AND HOPS. oc31:f88

THE FINEST
Cream Bon Bons
AND
ASSORTED CANDIES
For Presents, can be Obtained at
GEORGE BEAVEN'S,
No. 112 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

JOHN H. DALZELL. J. WILLIS DALZELL.
ROBERT B. TOWNSEND.
Dalzells & Townsend,
PORK PACKERS,
And dealers in
Bacon, Lard, Pork, Lard Oil, &c.,
247 LIBERTY STREET,
(Opposite Wood.)
PITTSBURGH.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL
TREES, EVERGREENS, SHRUBS
AND
Greenhouse Plants,
Cultivated and for sale by
JOHN. R. & A. MURDOCH.
Seed Store, 112 Smithfield Street, opposite P. O. Oakland Greenhouses, on Fifth (old Penna.) Avenue, 14th Ward. Nurseries, on Squirrel hill, 22d Ward.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c

Oliver McClintock
& Company,
Announce the continued arrival, from England, direct, of choice selections in
Solid and Tapestry
BRUSSELS,
DRUGGETS AND FELTINGS,
In connection with the finest assortment of domestic
CARPETS,
Oil Cloths, Mattings, &c.,
Offered in the city.
☞ Prices lower than last season.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO,
23 Fifth Avenue.
oc7

OCTOBER, 1869.
Our New Fall Stock of
CARPETS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
LACE AND NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS
WALNUT AND BRASS CORNICES.
&c., &c., &c.,
Is now open and our customers and the public are invited to call and compare our goods and prices with the stock of any Carpet House in Pittsburgh or the eastern cities.
M'Farland & Collins
71 AND 73 FIFTH AVE.
oc14 Next to U. S. Custom House, second floor.

CARPETS.
FALL STOCK.
LARGE ASSORTMENT.
ALL QUALITIES,
LOW PRICES.
We call the attention of the Trade to our NEW STOCK, the largest we have offered at this season of the year. Our assortment of
Tapestry and Body Brussels
AND
Druggets and Drugget Squares,
Cannot be excelled by any in the market.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.

NEW CARPETS,
The very latest Fall Styles.
Woven Druggets,
Bordered Squares, &c
M'CALLUM BROS
51 Fifth Avenue
oc3 (Above Wood Street.)

Carpet Chain and Batting.
A full supply of CARPET CHAIN AND BATTING at Manufacturers' Prices, will always found at
JOHN WILSON & SONS,
No. 297 Liberty Street.
☞ Warps furnished on short notice.
oc5:e41 HOLMES, BELL & CO.

GLASS, QUEENSWARE &c.
100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.
QUEENSWARE,
FINE FRENCH,
China and Glass.
SILVER PLATED GOODS, DINNER AND TEA SETS, TEA TRAYS AND CUTLERY.
The best imported WHITE STONE WARE and COMMON GOODS at low prices.
R. E. BREED & CO..
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.

REYNOLDS STEEN & CO.,
124 Wood Street
Importers and Dealers in
FRENCH, CHINA, FINE CUT GLASS AND
Queensware.
☞ The largest assortment at New York prices.

ESTABLISHED 1828.
HENRY HIGBY...ALBERT HIGBY...ROBT. M. CUST
HIGBY, CUST & CO.,
No. 189 Liberty St.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers and Jobbers in CHINA, QUEENSWARE, GLASS and SILVER-PLATED WARE.
The attention of all requiring goods in the above line is directed to our Stock, imported directly from the best European markets, and we are now receiving a fresh and desirable lot of the above goods.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Tobacco and Cigars,
No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,
(Third door from Suspension Bridge,) ALLEGHENY, PA.
AGENTS FOR
Louisville Tobaccos.
no6:g61

C. D. ARNSTHAL.......... ARNSTHAL.
ARNSTHAL & SON,
Virginia and Louisville
Tobacco Agency,
SEGARS
Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos,
79 SMITHFIELD STREET Pittsburgh.

WALL PAPERS.
WALL PAPERS
At Low Prices,
For sale by
W. P. MARSHALL,
191 Liberty Street.

FRENCH DECORATIONS,
Gold Panels, Ceilings, Statuary, Pictures.
Buy before they advance!
W. P. MARSHALL.

NEW WALL PAPERS,
Now receiving, of new designs, for halls, dining rooms and chambers. Also, Plain Tints and Decorations in extensive variety, at
No. 107 MARKET ST., near Fifth avenue.
oc29: JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produce some of the following effects as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, [illegible]

$40 A DAY—LLOYD'S PATENT REVOLVING DOUBLE [illegible] MAPS of AMERICA and EUROPE, for 1871. [illegible] Grant, McClellan, Sherman, Sheridan, &c., &c., during the war. Send money and see Maps first; if not sold, taken back on demand. [illegible] E. LLOYD, 23 Broadway, N. Y.

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,
BANKERS,
No. 78 Fourth Ave.,
Buy and sell all kinds of
Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.
Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
au25:o31

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,
BANKERS,
BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
GOLD SILVER AND COUPONS,
ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
Money loaned on Government Bonds at low est market rates.
Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, Nov. 15, 1870.

The loan market is more active to-day. The banks have been unable to discount the large offerings of Monday, and to-day the supply of good paper on the street was more abundant. Should the demand continue through the week, it is probable that borrowers will be compelled to concede an advance in the rates.

Our home stock and bond market continues inactive. While the orders to purchase bank stocks are light, small as they are, it is difficult to fill them. First class securities are very closely held. The custom of using them as collateral for occasional loans, instead of the old practice of getting endorsers, is growing more and more into use, and a most commendable custom it is.

The eastern markets, save in gold, are considerably firmer to-day, in spite of the tremendous telegram published on Monday evening by our neighbor, of the *Chronicle*. We were astounded, "knocked up," "shaken together," as we read the terrible news on our way homewards. We thought of earthquakes, grasped a lamp post, and waited for the "end of the world" to come. A neighbor came along, to whom we pointed out the dire dispatch, and asked if the world had really "gone and done it." He smiled a big smile, and said "it's only the New York *World*." "It has cost 'em, (not the *Chronicle* fellows) a few dollars to make all that noise; perhaps it will frighten some weak brother into selling out, but I guess not." We went home and slept soundly, and lo! to-day stocks have been *tumbling upwards* since morning, and men are moving about as unconcerned as usual.

Gold has been about steady all day, opening at 111⅜ and closing at 111⅜. A strong effort was made to put it up to 115, but the fact is gold is intrinsically weak, and all the boistering, aided by a large short interest, scarcely makes it hold its own. One large New York operator was unfortunate as to secure *a good round lot* at 112⅜ two days since, and is not quite well pleased over the ill success of the *World's* telegram.

Robinson Bros., No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations of bonds and stocks, from their latest advices by wire:

	Monday.	Tuesday.
Bonds—1881	113¾	113¾
5-20—1862	108	108
" 1864	107	107
" 1865	107	107⅛
" 1865 new	109⅜	109⅜
" 1867	109⅜	109⅜
" 1868	109⅜	109⅜
10-40s	106⅜	106⅜
Currency 6's	111⅜	111⅜
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	92¼	92⅝
Do Scrip	87¼	87⅜
Erie	22¾	22⅜
Reading	101⅛	102
Mich. Southern	93⅝	93⅝
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	106¼	106⅜
Rock Island	113⅞	114
Chicago & N. W.	79⅞	80
Do. Preferred	89⅞	90
Pacific Mail	41¼	42
St. Paul, Common	59⅝	60⅛
Do. Preferred	79⅝	80⅛
Ohio & Mississippi	32⅜	32⅝
Wabash	52	52¼
Do preferred	74	74
Adams Express	67¾	67¾

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co.:

Gold	111⅜	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1865	109⅜
U. S. 6s, 1881	113⅞	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1867	109⅜
U. S. 5-20 1862	8	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1868	109⅜
U. S. 5-20 1864	7	U. P. R. R.	87¼
U. S. 5-20 1865	7	C. P. R. R.	92
U. S. 10-40	6⅜	Cv. Pacific	111⅜

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 15, 1870.

Sterling dull at 9⅛@9½ per cent. Gold opened at 111⅜, declined to 110⅞, recovered to 111⅜, declined to 111⅛, and closed at 111⅛@111¼. Carrying rates 1@4 per cent. Borrowing flat. The clearances were $119,000,000.

Governments steady. Coupons of '81, 113⅝@113¾; '62, 108@108⅛; '64, 107⅛@107¼; '65, 107⅛@107¼; new, 109⅜@109⅜; '67, 109⅜@109½; '68, 109⅜@109½; 10-40's, 106⅜@106½; currency 6's, 111⅜@111½.

State bonds dull and lower: Missouris, 91⅝; old Tennessees 61; new do 59½; new Virginias 64; old do 65; old North Carolinas 48½; new 25½.

Stocks were active and higher, closing firm: Canton, 67; Cumberland Coal, 30; Western Union Telegraph, 42; Quicksilver, 4; Mariposa, 8⅛; preferred 10⅛; Adams Express, 67⅞; Wells & Fargo, 36⅝; American Merchants Union, 43⅜; United States, 43⅞; Pacific 42, 42⅛; New York Central, 92⅞; Scrip, 87⅞; Erie, 22⅞; preferred, 47; Harlem, 133; preferred, 134; Reading, 101⅞; Michigan Central, 121⅛; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 106⅜; North Western, 80⅛; preferred, 90⅛; Rock Island, 114; New Jersey Central, 10[illegible]; St. Paul, 59⅝; preferred, 80⅛; Wabash, 52⅛; preferred, 73; Fort Wayne, 94⅛; Terre Haute, 72; preferred, 52; Chicago & Alton, 116⅛; preferred, 118; Ohio & Mississippi, 32⅛; C. C. & C. 80⅛; Baltimore & Ohio, 150; Lake Shore, 98⅛; Indiana Central, 19; Illinois Central, 136.

Sub-Treasury balance: Gold $[illegible]; currency, $9,040,[illegible].

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, November 15, 1870.

The general markets are moderately active though there is room for improvement. The receipts of all kinds of merchandise continue large, but under the influence of a steady consumptive demand, there is no accumulation of stocks, and our merchants, generally, do not seem disposed to carry any more stock than they can possibly help, being apprehensive of the future: besides, there is no necessity for keeping up big stocks, as the demand in this market for everything is entirely local and consumptive, as there is an almost total absence of anything like speculation, and then, again, there has been so little fluctuation in prices recently, that there is seldom an opportunity afforded to take advantage of a rise. With but few exceptions, however, trade has been very good this fall, the volume of business in the aggregate having been larger, if anything, than is usual, though there has been and is still considerable complaint in regard to small margins, and, however, much this is to be regretted, there seems no help for it.

APPLES—The receipts although still large appear to be falling off somewhat, and the market continues dull though prices remain unchanged—dealers generally refuse to make concessions in order to effect sales. We continue to quote at $[illegible] per bbl. for fair to prime, and $[illegible] for choice.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales at [illegible] cts per gallon, as to quality.

ASHES—Common soda ash, & refined, 4½; Pearls, 9½; Pots 7½.

BEESWAX—Sales at 38 to 35 cents.

BEANS—$[illegible] per bushel.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Is dull and drooping: we now quote at $[illegible] per cwt.

BROOM CORN—Quoted at [illegible].

BUTTER—Continues very sluggish, and with an unusually heavy supply and continued large receipts, prices are weak and drooping. Fair to prime [illegible], and choice 31@32. There is very little "commission" butter being sold above 35, and commission men are glad to get that figure.

CHEESE—Is quiet and unchanged. Western Reserve, 14@14½; Ohio Factory 15@15½; Ohio Goshen, 15½; New York Goshen, 18@[illegible].

CRANBERRIES—Very irregular, ranging all the way from $[illegible] per bbl, the outside figure for Sackett's.

CARBON OIL—Standard brands 23, in a jobbing way, [illegible] for small lots.

CHESTNUTS—Market bare.

CIDER—Is selling all the way from $[illegible] per bbl, as to quality.

COAL—Sales of Anthracite at $[illegible] per ton by the car load, delivered.

CEMENT—Sales Louisville Hydraulic at $[illegible], and Calcined Plaster at $[illegible] per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Quiet and unchanged. New crop Peaches, [illegible] for quarters and [illegible] for halves. Apples, [illegible]. [illegible] Blackberries, [illegible].

EGGS—The receipts [illegible] but with a light demand, prices are unchanged, [illegible] for fresh, and [illegible] for pickled. Family bakers and the hotels are the principal consumers, and they, as might be expected, take hold very sparingly at the prices.

FEATHERS—Demand is improving but there is no change whatever in prices: No. 1 live geese, [illegible] in small lots, [illegible].

FLOUR—The market is devoid of anything particularly new or important—demand fair though entirely local, and margins exceedingly fine. We continue to quote Western flour, in store, at $5.75@6.25 for spring wheat; $6.00@6.50 for red winter, and $6.75@7.00 for white. Rye flour, $[illegible] and dull.

GRAIN—We can report a continued steady milling demand for wheat, and the mills seem to be taking all the offers at quotations, $1.15@1.20 for red, and $1.25@1.28 for white. Sales of some half dozen cars red at quotations. Oats continue dull and heavy, though without quotable change in prices; sales on track at [illegible]—dealers not disposed to go above 47@48c, and furnish sacks, though it is hard to get hold of any, as yet, at these figures, holders, generally, in the country, are asking about 45, for No. 1 delivered here, notwithstanding sales are now making every day in this market at from 45@46c. There is a continued steady demand for new corn, and while the supply is light and the market firmer, there is no advance in prices; [illegible], buying and selling. Old is nominal at 70@75c. Rye is quiet and nominally unchanged at [illegible]. There is a little better feeling in Barley, under the influence of the advices from the West, and there is some little enquiry for prime—common and inferior is not wanted, hardly at any price; we continue to quote Pennsylvania and Ohio spring at 80@90, and fall at 90c @$1.00.

GROCERIES—The grocery trade is reported less active, the demand having fallen off considerably recently; however there is no change to make in quotations, excepting rice, which has declined about one cent. Sugars and coffees steady and unchanged.

COFFEE—Choice Rio, 23; Prime, 21½; Good 21; Fair, 20; Ordinary, 18½@19; Java, 26; Laguayra, 22. Roasted Coffee loose, 28; in papers, 24.

SUGARS—New Orleans, 11½@12½ for old, and 13 for new; Porto Rico, 10½@12; Cuba, 10@11½; Box Sugars, 11@12; Demerara, 12½@13½. Refined—Standard Hards, 14½; A, 13½; B, 13⅛; Ex C, 13⅛; C Y M, 12⅞.

SYRUPS—Havemeyer & Elders, 80@90; Lovering, 65@70; other brands, 65@75.

RICE—Carolina, 7½@8.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, 85@90 for old crop, and $1.15 for new; Porto Rico, 65@70; Demarara, 75.

HAY—Is being sold from country wagons at $16@25 according to quality and condition.

HONEY—Sales at 30@35 cts.

HOMINY—Small sales at $6@6.25 per bbl.

HUSKS—Sales at 3@3½ cts.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland at $2.35 per bbl and eastern at $1.75.

LARD OIL—Is quoted at $1.12@1.16 for Extra No. 1, and 85@88c for No. 2.

MILL FEED—Sales of middlings at $1.50@1.70, according to quality. Seconds may be quoted at $1.10@1.20.

ONIONS—Dull though unchanged: $3@3.50 per bbl for fair to good: and $4 for prime silver skins.

POULTRY—Live chickens quoted at 50@55c per pair, and dressed at 12@14 cts per lb. Live Turkeys, $1.00@1.50 each; dressed at 16@18 cts per lb.

RAGS—Quoted at 4@4½c.

PROVISIONS—Stock of Bacon in this market almost exhausted; some few small sales of plain Sugar Cured Hams, at 24. Sales of new Lard, at 15½@15½, in tcs; and new Mess Pork at $24@25.

POTATOES—We can report sales of prime Peach Blows at 80@90c. Sweet Potatoes are still reported steady at $4 to $4.50 per bbl, as to quality.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.60@1.65 by the car load, with the usual advance for small lots is store.

SEEDS—There is some little enquiry for Clover Seed, but there is nothing doing, and no price has as yet been established; no demand whatever for Timothy seed. Flax seed is wanted at $2.10@2.12 and none offering.

TALLOW—Rendered, at 8⅛@8¾c.

TURNIPS—Very dull and in good supply; may be quoted at 65@70c per bushel.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, November 15, 1870.

The oil market for early deliveries continues strong, and a still further advance has been established; futures, however, although a shade stronger, are not quotably higher, and there does not seem to be much enquiry for "lines" extending into next year even at present quotations. It is intimated that the object in "bulling" the market for early deliveries has been done with a view of helping futures, but thus far it has not been much of a success, with the exception, as already noted, of creating a little stronger feeling. Operators, generally, seem to be impressed with the belief that while a material advance may be established, it cannot for any length of time be maintained, arguing that with the present heavy production and lateness of the season, it is out of the question.

CRUDE.

Sales 1,000 November at 9⅛; 800 spot at 9⅛; 1,000 do at 9⅛. Seller December and seller all year may be quoted at 9 cts. Buyer first half 1871, 10½; all 1871, 13¾. Compared with yesterday, spot and November oil is a ⅛ higher.

REFINED.

Firm; as compared with yesterday a shade higher. November is quoted at 23⅛, and December at 23. Sale 500 each first and last half of December at 23. Lines, for 1871, a shade firmer but not quotably higher.

OIL BARRELS.

Steady but unchanged. City make on spot still quoted at $2.00@2.05.

RECEIPTS CRUDE.

Brilliant Oil Works 1,190, Lockhart, F & Co; same 74, account J Munhall; A B Mills 74, W Bartle; National Oil Works 222, account J B Barbour; Keystone Oil Works 666, account O S Goldrick; Spray Oil Works 293, account L Hepler; Riverside Oil Works 302, account D C Herbst; Star Oil Works 146, account Thos. Hackett; H C W Tweddle 148, account Thos. Chess; same 222, account S A Hull. Total 3,350.

SHIPMENTS REFINED OIL PER A. V. R. R.

Fawcett, Logan, Stockdale & Co. 250 bbls refined oil to W. P. Logan Bros. & Co., Phila.

McKelvy Bro. & Co., 516 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bro. & Co. Phila.

J. A. McKee, 250 bbls refined oil to Logan Bros & Co., Phila.

J. M. Riter, 313 bbls refined oil to Logan Bros. & Co., Phila.

Lockhart, F. & Co., 314 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Standard Oil Co., 615 bbls refined to Warden, F & Co., Phila.

Braun & Wagner, 105 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Phila.

Montzheimer, K. & Co., 344 bbls ref. oil to Waring, K. & Co., Phila.

National Ref. Co. 564 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total .... 3,271 bbls.

TUESDAY, Nov. 14.

Forsyth Bro., 1,223 bbls refined oil to Warden, F. & Co., Phila.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 730 bbls refined oil to Warden, F. & Co., Phila.

Braun & Wagner, 547 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Phila.

Fulton, Marvin & Co. 477 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bros. & Co., Phila.

J. M. Riter, 471 bbls. ref. oil to Logan Bros. & Co., Phila.

Fawcett, Logan, Stockdale & Co., 350 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bro. & Co., Phil'a.

Pennock & Beeson, 50 bbls refined oil to Cary & Wistar, Baltimore.

National Refining and Storing Co., 209 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F. & Co., Phil'a.

H. Koehler & Co., 200 bbls ref. oil to Waring, K. & Co., Phila.

Wormser, Myers & Co., 100 bbls refined oil to Logan Bros. & Co., Phila.

J. A. McKee 250 bbls refined oil to W. P. Logan Bros. & Co., Philadelphia.

Total .... 4,606 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST VIA. W. P. RR.

Mentzer, H. & Co., 360 bbls refined to Loring, King & Co., Phila.

Kirkpatrick & L., 240 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Union Ref. & Storing Co., 219 bbls refined to Logan Bros & Co., Phila.

Total .... 819 bbls.

[By P. & A. Line.]

PET. CENTRE, Nov. 15.—12:25—Market dull and firm; spot worth about $3.20.

PARKERS, Nov. 15.—10:30 A. M.—River twenty-seven inches and rising.

OIL CITY, Nov. 15.—8:30—River twenty-two inches and rising slowly. Weather clear and cool.

PLEASANTVILLE, Nov. 15, 12 M.—Market inactive at $2.65 to $2.70.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15, 1 P. M.—Refined, November, 23⅝@23¾c; December 23@23⅛; January to March 22⅝@23¾c; March 23¾c; April to June 23⅞c. Crude 11@11⅛c.

3:30 P. M.—Refined, November, 23⅞@24⅛c; December 23@23⅛c; January to March 22⅝; March 23⅜@23⅝c; B. O. first six months 24½c. Sales for November, 2000 bbls., at 23⅛c; December, 2000 bbls, at 23c. Crude 11c.

ROUSEVILLE, Nov. 15, 11:40 A. M.—Market dull and quiet. Unchanged from yesterday's figures.

TITUSVILLE, November 15.—12 M.—Market very quiet and unchanged; $3 bid and $3.05 asked. Weather cloudy and cold.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15, 12 M.—Market firmer. Crude, 12⅞c. Refined; sales, 1,500 barrels, 23¾c.

3 P. M.—Crude, 12⅜ @ 12½c. Refined, 1,500 barrels, 23¼c, very quiet. Philadelphia market 23⅜ @ 23⅝; sale 500 barrels, 23¼c.

Markets by Telegraph.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra spring quiet.

WHEAT quiet and weak, market closing at $1.03½@1.03 for cash; $1.04½@1.04¾ seller December; No. 2 spring was moderately active this afternoon.

CORN dull and declined 2@2½c, closing at 50c for cash; 50c for seller November; this afternoon market is inactive.

OATS: No. 2 firmer, closing at 41c.

RYE: No. 2 dull but firmer, closing at 73c.

BARLEY dull and declined 3@3½c, closing at 80c for No. 2.

HIGHWINES steady at 83c for iron.

MESS PORK quiet but firm.

LARD sold at 13½@13⅝.

HOGS active and firm at $6.75@7.40.

CATTLE quiet and unchanged.

New York.

NEW YORK, November 15.—Cotton firm and advanced; sales of 7,875 bales uplands at 16½c. Flour quiet and unchanged, with sales of 10,000 bbls superfine at $4.90@5.35; extra $5.70@5.75; choice $5.80@6.10; white wheat $6.10@6.45; Ohio $5.60@6.25; St. Louis $5.80@6.25. Wheat in fair demand but at lower rates, with sales of 90,000 bush old and new spring mixed at $1.28; new $1.30@1.34; winter red amber $1.36@1.38; amber Michigan extra choice $1.45; white Michigan $1.46. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley steady. Corn dull and lower by 1@2c; sales 34,000 bush mixed at 80@82c; new 83@85c; new white 82c. Oats dull and lower, with sales 56,000 bush western at 59@60c; old 57c; Ohio 61@62c. Hops quiet and unchanged. Coffee firm. Sugar firm: sales 600 hhds Cuba at 9⅞@10⅛c; Porto Rico 10⅛@10⅜c. Molasses quiet and unchanged. Rice—Full prices asked, but no demand, 6¾@7¼c. Petroleum steady; crude 12⅜c; refined 23@23⅛c. Turpentine firmer, 46½@46¾c. Butter dull and drooping; western 16@26c. Cheese steady. Pork dull but unchanged; 600 bbls mess $24.50@24.75; prime $20.50@21.00; prime mess pork, new $24.75@25.25; clear $28.00; new uninspected, $24.00; 1,750 bbls mess, January and February $19.50@20.75. Beef quiet and unchanged. India mess $28.00@32.00; bulk meats dull but unchanged. Bacon quiet and weak; long clear middles 12⅛c. Lard dull and drooping; 100 tierces steam 13⅞@14⅛c. Whiskey dull and drooping; 675 bbls 88@88½c.

Latest.—Flour steady. Wheat firm and 1c better; new spring $1.30@1.34½; winter red amber $1.36@1.38. Rye steady. Oats dull and drooping; western 58c; Ohio 61@62½c. Corn dull and drooping; old mixed 80c; new 80@82c. Eggs steady at 32@33 for fresh. Pork steady; 250 tierces mess, seller January, $19.50, which is now bid. Beef unchanged. Bulk meats dull and nominal. Bacon dull and nominal. Lard dull but unchanged; 13½c for December, 13¾ offered; 13⅞ asked for January, 13⅝ offered.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 15.—Cotton firm; sales of middling, 15½c. Flour—firm at $5.50@5.75. Wheat scarce and firm, hardly any offering; red sold at $1.16@1.18. Corn dull and declined at 45@48c. Oats unchanged. Rye do. Barley dull and nominal. Groceries firm: Sugar 10@13c. Coffee 16½@20½c. Molasses 75@80c. Oils steady. Eggs firm at 31@32c. Butter quiet. Cheese quiet. Cloverseed quiet and unchanged at $9.25@9.75; Timothy seed $4.75. Pork dull and nominal. Lard firm at 13@14c. Bulk meats dull and nominal. Green meats dull and declined; shoulders 6½c; sides 9½c; hams 11½@12c. Whiskey dull and drooping at 86c.

Hogs opened firm but closed dull at $6.60@7; receipts 5,000 head.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, November 15.—The dry goods business continues very dull, yet the prices are without material change. Atlantic A brown sheetings 12c; Indian Orchard A B do N N 12c; do C 11½c; do L D 10½c; do R 10½c, Roman C cambric and Lonsdale muslins 15c; Hills Semper Idem 16½c, Portsmouth B 8½c; Bird Book 15c, Lawrence L L 10½c; Tremont C 9c; Amoskeag corset 11½c; [illegible] bleached do 13c; Raritan gold mixed repellants $1.12; Middlesex repellants $1.25; Crossling's best velvet carpets $2.00; do No. 1 quality do $2.40 and Bright's tapestry do $1.32½.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 15.—Cotton dull but unchanged. Flour: superfine winter $4@4.14; extra winter $4.25@4.35. Wheat higher; No. 2 spring $1.20; No 2 red winter $1.22@1.23; No 1 red winter $1.27@1.30. Corn firm, new mixed 56c, choice old white 75c. Oats firmer at 41@44c. Barley higher at 85@95c for prime. Rye—nothing done. Whisky dull at 86c. Tobacco unchanged. Hemp steady; sales 250 lbs of choice undressed. Bulk shoulders 10½c for sides, clear rib 14½@14⅝c; do clear 15@15½c. Cattle unchanged. Hogs steady at 6½@6¾c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 15.—Tobacco sales, 24 hhds. 3.25 @ 4.50; common to good; lugs, $4.75 @ $10.00; medium bright wrapper. Bagging firm; 20 @ 28c. Cotton firmer; middling, 14½c. Flour and grain, provisions and whiskey quiet, unchanged in every respect. Hogs weaker and lower; medium choice, $6.50 @ $7.00.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, November 15.—Wheat steady; No 2 white Wabash $1.47; amber Michigan $1.32; No 1 red Wabash $1.32; No 2 $1.18, closing at $1.17½c; No 3 $1.13; rejected red $1.08. Corn dull and declined 2c; No 2 mixed 65c; high mixed 60c. Corn 58c; new yellow 63c. Oats dull and weak; No 1 46½c; No 2 44½c; Michigan 46½c. Clover Seed steady at $5.50. Freights dull and nominal.

Live Stock Markets.

BUFFALO, Nov. 15.—Cattle market opened this morning with a fair demand for the better class of stock, although the supply was heavier than last week, being 247 cars against 129; common dull; sales to-day sixty Ohio, averaging 1263 pounds; 58 do., averaging 1520 lbs at $[illegible]; 56 Indiana averaging 1165 lbs. at $6.25, 129 Kentucky ranging from 1228 to 1565 lbs. at $6.25@7.62½; 144 Illinois ranging from 1112 to 1150 lbs. at $6.25@6.62½, and 45 Canada ranging from 976 to 1065 lbs. at $4.50@4.76. Sheep market not yet open and prospects indicate a slow trade. Hogs, demand active at $7.25@7.50 for common to extra.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, November 15.—Flour dull but unchanged. Wheat dull and drooping, with Indiana red at $1.35@1.37; amber $1.40@1.45. Rye steady at 93c. Corn dull but unchanged; new yellow 82@86c; old 88@90c. Oats 52½c. Petroleum steady; crude 15½c; refined 23½c. Provisions inactive. Whiskey dull: iron 88c.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, November 15.—Flour in fair demand at full prices. Wheat scarce and firm for Ohio and Indiana at $1.33@1.38. Corn firm: new yellow 80@85c. Oats in fair demand and advanced at 42c. Rye firm and advanced at 70@75c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky firm at 87½@88½c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, November 15.—Flour firm. Wheat dull and a shade lower; 5 cars No. 1 red winter at $1.21. Corn steady; No. 1 yellow and red 71c; new shelled 61c. Oats steady at 46c. Petroleum firm; refined 20c: more inquiry for crude which is firm at $4.00.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, November 15.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady with No. 1 at $1.08 and $1.04½ for No. 2. Oats firm with No. 2 at 41c. Corn dull and prices nominal. Barley firm with No. 2 at 80c. Freights to Buffalo lower at 7c.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, November 15.—Cotton strong. Flour quiet; superfine $5.00. Corn 82@84c. Oats 48c. Hay $23.00@25.00. Bran $21.50@22.00. Lard 15@16c. Pork $25.00. Bulk shoulders 11½c; sides 16c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, November 15.—14 cars ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 1 do do, Rees, Graff & D; 40 bxs starch, J Conner; 25 do do, S Ewart & Co; 50 do do, Carter, McGrew & Co; 400 do do, Dilworth, Harper & Co; 2 bxs lime, G R Clark; 132 pcs c s tubing, 6 w c pumps, Fahnestock & Bro; 131 pcs c s tubing, Lindsay, S & E; 173 bbls apples, A T Canfield; 200 bbls flour, Shomaker & Co; 125 bxs starch, Rinehart & S; 25 do do, Voigt & McGraw; 7,000 ft lumber, McQuewan & Bro; 3 crates starch, W M Gormley; 25 bxs do do, D Haworth; 5 crates do, G W McClure; 10 bxs do, R E Sellers & Co; 125 do do, E Heazelton; 60 do do, 10 crates do, S H Baird; 100 bxs Rinehart & S; 175 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 25 do do, S H Baird; 24 casks wine, N Young; 8 hfs, 10 qrs, 6 kits fish, J Mills & Son; 24 hf bbls do do, Atwell & Lee; 20 do do, Haworth & D; 6 cars pig iron, Nimick & Co; 1 do do, W Smith; 7 bbls beans, H Rea Jr; 5 do eggs, P Duff & Son; 43 do apples, W C Armstrong; 24 do do, Bruggerman & O'B; 15 sks oats, H J Lynch; 206 bgs oats, Graham & Marshall; 4 bbls d apples, 1 keg lard, Carter, McGrew & Co.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD. November 15.—500 ft lumber, 16 sks wheat, 33 do barley, 30 sks oats, 20 bbls apples, Meanor & Harper, 21 sks barley, McHenry & H; 1 sk potatoes, 1 sk walnuts, 1 sk h nuts, J D Frecker; 34 sks barley, P Duff & Sons; 50 sks barley, J M Miller; 82 sks wheat, W McKee & Co; 375 bushs barley, Bruggerman & O'B; 1 car wheat, Marshall, K & Co; 100 bbls flour, Dan Wallace; 400 sks do, 1 car barley, Schomaker & Co; 100 bbls flour, Seighmyer & Co; 1 car s corn, Scott & Gisal; 5 bbls whiskey, Voigt, McG & C; 8 hhds tobacco, Martin Hevl; 3 do do, W & D Rhinehart; 19 bales cotton, Kennedy & Co; 6 do do, E Hyde & Son; 12 bbls castor oil, Fleming & Bro; 1 hhd tobacco, R & W Jenkinson; 5 pails c tobacco, E Goldsmith; 30 cases wine, B H Lubler; 1 hhd sausage, Reese Owens; 1 do shoulders, F Sellers & Co; 2 tcs d beef Jas H Parker; 26 bgs pea nuts, 5 bbls l oil, I Dicker & Co; 5 bbls l oil, Hyer, McC & Co; 5 hhds shoulders, Dalzell & T; 10 bbls whiskey, M McCullough & Co; 3 cases tobacco, M Gaatchy.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD. November 15.—166 bbls apples, A Barrall; 65 do do, 3 bxs butter, 10 kegs a butter, Voigt, M & Co; 75 bbls apples, 3 bxs butter, 24 kegs a butter, Bruggerman & O'Brien; 55 bbls apples, 15 bxs butter, 1 bbl eggs, H Rea, Jr; 50 sks oats, A Austin & Co; 1 keg lard, Keil & R, 10 bbls eggs, Arbuckles & Co; 10 boxes cheese, 20 cases tobacco, Dilworth, Harper & Co; 15 sks p corn, Woodworth & Davison; 16 bbls apples, C Keed; 30 bxs cheese, N J Braden; 4 bbls cider, 2 do apples, 688 bush potatoes, T K Smith; 150 bbls apples, Houck J & Co; 141 do do, J B Murphy; 15 bbls eggs, Voigt, M & Co; 10 bbls peas, Bruggerman & O'B; 25 bbls highwines, T D Casey; 25 do do, Shipton & Wallace; 43 do do, Wm Carr; 2 cars bulk meat, E H Myers & Co; 20 tcs lard, F Sellers & Co; 5 tcs meat, J H Parker; 21 bbls crackers, Kramer, Bohm & Co; 50 bbls cranberries, F Upton; 12 bbls eggs, J J Pettitt; 250 bbls flour, 1 car m feed, Schomaker & Co; 30 bbls highwines, M McCullough & Co; 200 bbls flour, owner.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, Nov. 15.—14 hides, J C Lappe; 2 bbls tallow, G Hasley; 4 cars metal, J Moorhead; 1 do do, Brown & Co; 6 cars railroad iron, Burlington Cedar R & M RR Co; 1 car metal, H Woodsides; 3 do limestone, Shoenberger & B; 1 car lime, Henderson Bro; 3 pkgs butter, R H Adams; 4 do butter and eggs, G W Crosman; 8 do do, J C Cuddy; 9 do do, J Hilty; 8 do do, Kimerdall & Co; 16 sks potatoes, J A H Echenfelt; 2 bbls tallow, C Yeager & Co; 17 sks rye, 39 do oats, Scott & Gisal; 1 hide, Seibert & Berg; 11 sks potatoes, T A Patterson; 15 do do, 11 do wheat, A Dougherty; 52 sks ear corn, M F Bright; 16 pkgs potatoes, Chas Mosbaif; 1 car grain, Scott & Gisal; 25 bales hops, Z Wainwright; 30 bbls beans, Vangorder & S; 1 car apples, R Knox & Son.

WEST PENNA RAILROAD, November 15.—7 sks rags, J A McLaughlin; 12 sks buckwheat flour, Brenneman & Reno; 24 do potatoes, J Keeling; 149 sks wheat, Gilmore & Co; 12 sks flour, W Welsh & Co; 65 bush turnips, Voigt, M & Co; 25 sks barley, J Rhodes; 1 bbl butter, Miller & McCullough; 18 bgs oats, A Holsteine; 34 bgs flour, 8 bbls beans, Watt, Lang & Co; 13 bgs potatoes, H Anderhold; 7 sks feathers, H Rea Jr; 7 bgs turnips, W Stroup; 148 bgs wheat, W Welsh & Co, 5 pkgs leather, R M Bard; lot oats, Rainbow & Aiken; 26 bbls flour, Adam Stemler.

ALLEGHENY STATION, November 15.—16 rolls leather, J Eisenbeis; 33 sks rags, J R Jones; 2 cars metal, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell; 1 car lime, Johnston & Co; 1 do do, J K Shinn; 40 bgs b flour, S Dyer; 1 car cooperage, Raiya & R; 2 cars cotton, O M Harper; 2 do flaxseed, M B Suydam; 3 bbls cider, R & A Carson; 26 hides, Lappe & Weise; 26 sks barley, Dipple; 20 bbls onions, 10 do cranberries, 130 do apples, Fred Owens; 25 bxs starch, A Ross; 15 do do, 9 crates do, J Lockhart; 40 bxs do, J Kohen; 25 do do, S P Armstrong.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET COMPANY, November 15.—6 bales hay, A S Carlisle; 2 coops turkeys, 1 bx butter, 1 pkg lard, Keil & R; 143 sks wheat, 1 coop turkeys, McCracken, G & Co; 128 bxs w glass, R C Schmertz; 10 bbls flour, 18 bales hay, Brady & Co; 207 bxs w glass, Alex King; 2 bbls whisky, M Rush.

GENEVA PER BELLE, November 15.—10 bales hay, S R Patterson; 50 oil bbls Arthur Kirk; 21 sks wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 16 sks flour, 7 jars butter, St. Nicholas Hotel; 4 jars butter, 1 bbl eggs, M W Rankin & Bro; 43 bgs oats, Kiel & Ritchart; 26 bxs lard, Watt, Lang & Co; 30 head sheep, T. Norris; 18 sks wool, Clark & Co.

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RIVER NEWS.

The river remains about stationary at this point with about 3 feet 7 inches in the channel. Weather cloudy and cold—mercury at 4 p. m. down to 40. Indications for a rise very discouraging, and river men, as might be expected, are very much disheartened.

There have been no arrivals since our last reports.

The Brill departed for Cincinnati last evening with a fair trip and engagements below. Pilots—Capt. Jake Poland and Son.

The Mollie Ebert and Messenger are announced to leave for New Orleans on the first water. The capacity of the Ebert has been increased from 650 to 1000 tons.

The new tug boat John A. Wood is is pronounced to be in all respects one of the finest boats in the western country. It is said that her cost will fall but little short of $80,000.

Capt. Cox made a trial trip with his new steamer Oceanus yesterday, and while we do not know certainly, yet we have no doubt that everything worked satisfactorily. The Colossal, was considered a good boat, but that Oceanus lays her in the shade is generally admitted.

We should not be much surprised if Captain Stockdale would yet be able to have his new side wheeler ready for business by the time there is water, notwithstanding the delay he experienced in getting her launched.

There was an occasionally light spitting of snow yesterday—the first of any consequence of the season. Some of our river men have come to the conclusion that there will be no water until there is a fall of snow.

The Kate Putnam was at Evansville on Sunday, and had a splendid trip. A deck passenger, named Thomas Welsh, from Cleveland, Ohio, en route to Greenville, Miss. fell over-board at Enterprise and was drowned. His parents live on the Isle of Man. His body was not recovered.

The Sioux City *Journal*, of Friday says: The Ida Reese is receiving a cargo of freight for the Whetstone Agency, and expects to leave this evening. This, in all probability, will be the last trip up the river the present season.

The Hamilton and St. Joe Railroad Co. have purchased the transfer steamer Osborn, and have taken her to Atchinson, Kansas.

—Capt. John Sebastian, ex-treasurer of Hamilton county, Ohio, and an old and experienced Cincinnati and New Orleans pilot and steamboat commander, leaves Cincinnati on Saturday next, for Emporia, Kansas, where he will locate permanently. He has served long and faithfully on the river, in addition to rendering efficient service during the rebellion, under Admirals Foote, Davis and Porter, in the Mississippi gunboat service. We wish him health, success and repose in his new western home.—*Cin. Commercial.*

—Gentlemen owning seven-eights interests in the Kate Kinney—Joseph Kinney five-eighths, R. Potter one-eighth, and Nanson & Dameron, one-eighth—have sold interests as follows: To Hicks King, of Albany, Indiana, one-half; John R. Montgomery, of Jeffersonville, Indiana, three-sixteenths, and David Duckwell, of Louisville, three-sixteenths, for the sum of twenty-one thousand dollars.

—A Memphis dispatch says: The Susie Silver passed down, loaded very deep. She did not stop. Suit has been entered here by John Welsh, a deck passenger on her last trip, for $10,000 damages for breaking his leg, by a pile of corn falling upon him. The Marshal attempted, but failed to seize her.

—The Government steamer J. J. Abert is engaged in removing the shaft of the Imperial from the Mississippi river, opposite Mill Creek, near St. Louis, and that of the G. W. Graham, opposite the arsenal. Both stand perpendicularly in the water.

—Thos H. Willis, of Bardstown, Illinois, has sold to C. S. Ebaugh, of the same place, one-third interest of the steamboat Moonstone, and one-third interest of the barges Euola and Gen. Sherman, for $1,500.

—The Andrew Ackley was passed by the Rees on last Wednesday, twenty miles above Cheyenne. She was on a bar, almost high and dry. She had thirty-five soldiers from Forts Stephenson and Rice.

—The Carrie V. Kountz left St. Louis for Red River, Thursday, with 700 tuns, all for Shreveport and Jefferson, except 50 bbls flour for Natchez.

—The Damsel snagged and sunk Friday night, in the Upper Mississippi, near Savannah. Raised, and on Lacrosse ways, repairing.

—The United States steamers Octavia and S. H. Long are at St. Louis, having retired from the Missouri river.

—The Collier left Portland on Saturday for St. Louis, and the Lorena arrived there the same day, and has laid up.

—The Gorry Owen and Oddity left New Orleans last Tuesday for Ouachita river.

—The Lotawanna has entered the trade between New Orleans and Minden.

—The Silver Lake arrived at New Orleans on Saturday, from Louisville.

Capt. B. F. Hall has assumed command of the Charmer.

—Work on Keokuk Canal suspended.

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FOR MEMPHIS and NEW ORLEANS.—The first rise. The fine steamer
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INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
Gold, Coupon Bonds and Stock
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
A. BRADLEY, President,
W. VANKIRK, Vice President,
oc8:dat CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.

Allegheny Savings Bank,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
ORGANIZED IN 1845.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Deposits received and 6 per cent. allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.
Discount days, MONDAY and THURSDAY.

DIRECTORS:

James L. Graham,	John Benn,
A. Moore,	G. Wettach,
D. DeHaven,	Andrew Ackley,
S. H. Geyer.	

JAMES L. GRAHAM, President.
JOHN W. RIDDLE, Cashier. ju16:a10

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,
Of Pittsburgh.
No. 33 FIFTH AVENUE.
Capital Stock .... $500,000.
J. W. COOK, President,
R. W. MACKEY, Cashier,
fe25:z8 W. McCANDLESS, Asst. Cashier.

THE DIAMOND SAVINGS BANK.
No. 6 DIAMOND, PITTSBURGH.
CAPITAL $240,000
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Deposits in sums of $1 and upwards received. Interest allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to collections, proceeds of which will be remitted promptly.

DIRECTORS:

James M. Cooper,	Abraham Garrison,
James E. J. Allison,	Andrew L. Robinson,
Wm. Hinds,	L. Widerheld,
Jos. Fleming,	N. P. Sawyer,
Wm. D. Cooper.	

President—N. P. SAWYER.
Cashier—JOHN S. SCULLY. fe9:y32

CITY BANK,
112 FIFTH AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL $100,000
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
FOREIGN EXCHANGE bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all and in all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
JAMES McCABE, Vice President.
W. N. MORGAN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

D. Ihmsen,	James McCabe,
Thomas Rourke,	Hugh Keating,
Patrick Kane,	Terence Campbell,
Chas. B. Barr,	James Phelan,
Chas. Maginn	H. A. Fraywogle,
R. J. Grace,	Thomas Barnes.
N. Stupy.	

je1:k5 JOS. M. GAZZAM, Solicitor.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT CO.
Of Pittsburgh,
FOR THE
Safe Keeping of Valuables,
Under guarantee, and the renting of Safes in its
Fire and Burglar-Proof Vaults,
No. 83 Fourth Ave.
President—WILLIAM PHILLIPS.
Vice President—HENRY FLOYD.

DIRECTORS:

William Phillips,	Byron H. Painter,
Henry Lloyd,	Jos. S. Morrison,
William Rea,	George Black,
William M. Lyon,	Curtis G. Hussey.
Jas. I. Bennett,	

Sec'y and Treas.—S. F. VON BONNHORST.
Open daily from 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M.

COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY,
No. 92 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CAPITAL $300,000
Stockholders Individually Liable.
W. H. EVERSON, President. W. C. MACRUM, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

ALEXANDER BATES,	JOHN LINDSAY,
A. H. ENGLISH,	D. S. MACRUM,
W. H. EVERSON,	JOHN O. PHILLIPS,
W. O. HUGHART,	B. F. WILSON,
JACOB KLEE.	

Collections made on all accessible points of the United States and Canadas.
INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS.
Prompt attention given to all business of correspondents.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STREETS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.,
(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.)
DEALERS IN
Exchange, Coin, Coupons,
And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
Government Bonds.
ALSO
Sight Draughts on London.
my1:s82

N. Holmes & Sons,
BANKERS,
57 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES,
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
United States Securities.
ja30:a1

THE STRONGEST AND BEST SECURED, as well as most profitable investment now offered in the market.
7 Per Cent. Gold
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,
Coupon or Registered
(AND FREE OF U. S. TAX,)
Principal and Interest Payable in Gold, issued by the
Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Minnesota R. R. Co.
The small remaining balance of the Loan for sale at
90 and Accrued Interest in Currency.
Interest payable May and November.
J. EDGAR THOMPSON, } Trustees.
CHARLES L. FROST. }

The Bonds are issued at $20,000 per mile against the portion of the line fully completed and equipped.

The greater part of the road is already in operation, and the present earnings are largely in excess of the operating expenses and interest on the bonds. The balance of the work necessary to establish through connections, thereby shortening the distance between St Paul and Chicago, 45 miles, and 90 miles to St. Louis, is rapidly progressing, in time for the movement of the coming grain crops, which, it is estimated will double the present income of the road.

The established character of this road, running as it does through the heart of the most thickly settled and richest portion of the great State of Iowa, together with its present advanced condition and large earnings, warrant us in unhesitatingly recommending these bonds to investors as, in every respect, an undoubted security. A small quantity of the issue only remains unsold, and when the enterprise is completed, which will be this Fall, an immediate advance over the subscription price may be looked for.

These bonds have 50 years to run, are convertible at the option of the holder into the stock of the Company at par, and the payment of the principal is provided for by a sinking fund. The convertibility privilege attached to these bonds cannot fail to cause them at an early day to command a market price considerably above par. U. S. Five-twenties, at present prices return only 4½ per cent. currency interest, while these Bonds pay 9½ per cent.; and we regard them to be as safe and fully equal as a security to any Railroad Bond issued; and until they are placed upon the New York Stock Exchange, the rules of which require the Road to be completed, we obligate ourselves to rebuy at any time any of these Bonds sold by us at this date at the same price as realized by us on their sale.

All marketable Securities taken in payment free of Commission and Express charges.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
32 Wall Street, New York.
FOR SALE BY
S. McCLEAN & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.
TOWNSEND, WHELEN & CO., Philadelphia.
BARKER, BROS. & CO., Philadelphia.
KURTZ & HOWARD, Philadelphia.
BOWEN & FOX, Philadelphia.
DeHAVEN & BRO., Philadelphia.
Of whom Pamphlets and information may be obtained. no11

CALCINED PLASTER.—50 barrels best brand Calcined Plaster in store and for sale by JOHN R. CANFIELD,
no2 141 First avenue.

IRON AND STEEL.

LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
MERCHANT IRON.
And Heavy Hardware.
Carriage, Plow, Machine, Square Head Bridge and Skein Bolts,
NUTS, WASHERS, and COACH SCREWS, HARROW TEETH, PLOW HANDLE EXTENSION RODS, &c.
BOLTS, SPIKES and WROUGHT IRON SHAPES for Bridges, Dams, Piers, Breakwater and other permanent structures made promptly at a small advance in price of iron.
FOUNDATION BOLTS FOR DAMS, with ends slit by machinery, HOOK and EYE SCREW and SCREW and STRAP HINGES. Originators and Patentees of their new line of
Wagon Hardware,
Comprising Patent Wagon Box. Strap Bolts and Wrought Iron Bolster Plates, Large Head Wagon Rivets, Neck Yoke Eyes, King Bolts, Box Rods, Ruber Plates, Axle Bolts, Queen Bolts, Tongue Cap, Sand Band, Single Tree and other labor saving odd shapes of iron. Send for prices to
LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
91 and 93 Water St., and 114 and 116 First avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Etna Iron Works,
SPANG, CHALFANT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron, Nails, Boiler Plate
AND
WROUGHT IRON TUBES.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Cor. of Sandusky St. and West Penna. and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R's, Allegheny City.
Postoffice address, PITTSBURGH, PA. no4:g40

CRESCENT
STEEL WORKS.
MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,
OFFICE: No. 339 Liberty Street,
my18:x46 PITTSBURGH, PA.

DUQUESNE WORKS.
Coleman, Rahm & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON, NAILS, STEEL,
Axels and Springs.
DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA
FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG AND DROPPER BARS, FLANGES, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROWBARS WEDGES and HARROW TEETH SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS, cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A B STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES.
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.
All Goods First Class and Warranted.
OFFICES AND WORKS—16th street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water street, Pittsburgh. mh9

Pittsburgh Steel Works.
ESTABLISHED IN 1845.
ANDERSON & WOODS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Refined Cast Steel
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. ALSO,
Best Refined German Plow & Spring Steel.
CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa. au1:m41

PITTSBURGH
Novelty Works.
FOUNDED A. D. 1833.
MOORHEAD, ADAMS & CO.,
Manufacturers of KEYSTONE STANDARD (Fairbank's Patent) PLATFORM AND COUNTER
SCALES.
Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches. Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.
Corner of FIRST AVENUE and GRANT STS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sheffield Steel Works.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Manufacturers of every description of
Cast and German Steel.
RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.
WAREHOUSE—83 Water and 100 First streets.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of all Descriptions of
STEEL.
OFFICE and WAREHOUSE—30th 31st and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c.

John Porterfield & Co.,
FAMILY GROCERS,
And dealers in Best Brands of ST. LOUIS FLOUR.
No. 15 MARKET STREET,
no14:h20 Corner of First Avenue.

Laing & McKallip,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED,
Hydraulic Cement, White Lime, Calcined and Land Plaster, and Anthracite Coal,
No. 347 LIBERTY ST.,
oc9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN McKIRDY .... A. TAYLOR.
Jno. McKirdy & Co.,
General Commission Merchants,
Flour, Grain, Seeds, Feed, &c.
No. 351 Liberty Street.
ju28:h PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T. GORMLY, 1812
W. M. GORMLY,
Wholesale Grocer,
271 LIBERTY STREET,
(Directly opposite Eagle Hotel.)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Meanor & Harper,
FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE
Commission Merchants,
No. 320 LIBERTY STREET.
Consignments solicited. oc1

W. C. Armstrong,
(Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong.)
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
ap22:z30 No. 25 MARKET STREET.

L. J. BLANCHARD,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
No. 396 PENN STREET.
ap1:z30

M. STEELE .... J. A. STEELE.
M. STEELE & SON,
Commission Merchants,
And Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c., &c. No. 25 OHIO STREET, near East Common, Allegheny City.

JOHN I. HOUSE ... EDW. HOUSE ... WM. H. HOUSE
JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, corner of Smithfield and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON .... A. WALLACE.
SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. [illegible] avenue, Pittsburgh.

HENDERSON, J. & BROTHERS, 286 Liberty street. Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Patent Medicines. [illegible]

NITRATE SODA.—200 bags in store and for sale by J. R. CANFIELD,
no1 141 First avenue.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

FORT PITT
Boiler, Still and Tank WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER.
MANUFACTURERS OF
TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS. OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS, SETTLING PANS SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS. STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES, PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Cor. 2d, 3d, Short and Liberty Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh8:f99

O'HARA BOILER WORKS
F. REPHAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, OIL TANKS, STILLS, AGITATORS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, SETTLING PANS, PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS, BRICHEN FIRE BEDS, &c.,
Cor. of Second Avenue and Liberty Street.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Repairing done promptly. Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.
F. REPHAN, formerly Manager at CARROLL & SNYDER'S. no4

Riesick & Bro.,
FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF
SAFES AND VAULTS.
NO DAMP. NO MOULD.
ENGINES AND MACHINERY,
BREWERY WORK, REPAIRING and PUTTING UP MACHINERY, HYDRAULIC CEMENT. Corner 17th and PIKE STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa. no16:36

Samson Boiler Works,
BRENNEMAN & WARD.
Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, TANKS, OIL STILLS AND SHEET IRON WORK, Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 PENN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Particular attention paid to repairing. se15:d54

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY
AND
Pipe Works.
Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,
(NINTH WARD.)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. SMITH,
MANUFACTURER OF
Cast Iron Bowl Pipe,
FOR
GAS AND WATER WORKS.
My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general
Castings for Gas and Water Works
I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

WEST POINT FOUNDRY,
L. H. Smith & Co.,
Corner Duquesne Way and Water Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Manufacturers of the celebrated
ANCHOR SAD IRON,
which is PLANED, not GROUND, and therefore superior in finish to any other.
Send for Price List. au19:b71

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,
Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER
WASHINGTON WORKS,
FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions, Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office No. 19, corner First and Smithfield streets.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:z59

DICKSON, MARSHALL & CO.,
IRON CITY FOUNDRY,
Manufacturers of
Bridge, Rolling Mill,
Blast Furnace and
Machinery Castings,
Corner Liberty and Twenty-Third Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. nov6:g6

ROLLS

THOS. CARLIN & CO.,
Fourth Ward Foundry & Machine Works.
SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Built to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes.
my16:q5

LIVERY & SALE STABLES.

Robt. H. Patterson & Co.,
CORNER OF
Seventh Avenue and Liberty Street
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
WILL ON EVERY SATURDAY HOLD AN
AUCTION SALE
OF
Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Wagons,
And everything appertaining to the Horse.
Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.
JOHN H. STEWART,
AUCTIONEER.

JOHN H. STEWART .... ROBT. H. PATTERSON.
ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.
Livery, Sale and
COMMISSION STABLES
Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ap28:h4

LEAD, DRUGS, &c.

PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color Works,
J. Schoonmaker & Son,
PROPRIETORS,
Manufacturers of WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, BLUE LEAD, ZINC, LITHARGE, PUTTY and all colors DRY AND IN OIL.
OFFICE AND FACTORY
460, 462, 454, 456 and 458 Rebecca Street,
ALLEGHENY.
We call attention to the guarantee pasted on our Strictly Pure White Lead, and when we say a "pure carbonate of lead," we mean "chemically pure," that is free from Acetate and Hydrate, and therefore is whiter and superior, both in color and covering property.
GUARANTEED to be a purer carbonate of Lead and whiter than any in the market, and will forfeit the price of this package if containing the least adulteration.

PAINTING, GRAINING, &c

JOHN T. GRAY,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
GRAINER AND GLAZIER
No. 54 NINTH STREET,
ja28:z7 (Late Hand street.) Pittsburgh, Pa.
oc18:d5-wwf

STONE.

WEST COMMON
Machine Stone Works,
Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.
FREDK ATWATER & CO.,
Have on hand or prepare on short notice, Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed on reasonable terms.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.—After Oct. 16th, 1870, Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Ex	12:30 am	Mail Train	11:50 am
Mail Train	8:10 am	Fast Line	11:10 pm
Brinton Ac	10:20 am	Cincinnati Ex	3:35 am
Cincin'ti Ex	12:20 pm	Pittsb'gh Ex	2:40 am
Phila. Express	3:50 pm	Pacific Ex	10:05 pm
Fast Line	7:40 pm	Way Passen'r	10:20 pm
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Wall's No. 1	6:30 am	Wall's No. 1	6:20 am
Wall's No. 2	11:31 am	Brin'n Ac No. 1	7:30 am
Wall's No. 3	3:05 pm	Wall's No. 2	8:50 am
Johnstown Ac	4:05 pm	Johnstown Ac	9:30 am
Wall's No. 5	6:05 pm	Wall's No. 3	2:20 pm
Wall's No. 4	5:10 pm	Wall's No. 4	5:50 pm
Wilkinsb'g Ac	8:50 pm	Wall's No. 5	7:20 pm
Walls No. 6	11:00 pm	Brin'n Ac No. 2	1:20 pm
		Wilkinsb g Ac	10:00 pm

Cincinnati Express and Pacific Express leave daily. All other trains daily, except Sunday.
The Church Train leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 9:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station at 2:10 p. m.
For further information apply to
W. B. STOREY, Agent.
The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
A. J. CASSATT,
je13 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.
From June 12, 1870, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	12:38 a m	Fast Line	12:43 a m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:38 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail	7:03 a m	Pacific Ex	12:08 p m
Erie & Yan Ex	6:33 a m	Chicago Mail	2:38 p m
Chicago Ex	10:43 a m	Cleveland Ex	2:38 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	2:38 p m	Erie & Ya'n Ex	2:48 p m
Pacific Ex	2:08 p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex	7:08 p m
Wellsville Ex	4:33 p m	C. & St. L. Ex	7:18 p m
Erie Express	4:48 p m	Erie Express	11:18 p m
DEPART FROM ALLEG'Y.		ARRIVE IN ALLEGHENY.	
Bea'r Falls Ac	8:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac	6:53 a m
Leetsdale "	11:53 a m	Bea'r Falls "	8:03 a m
" "	11:53 a m	Enon "	8:38 a m
New Castle "	3:13 p m	New Castle "	10:23 a m
Enon "	3:58 p m	Leetsdale "	12:43 p m
Leetsdale "	5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls "	2:23 p m
Bea'r Falls "	6:23 p m	Leetsdale "	7:33 p m
Leetsdale "	10:43 p m	" "	7:33 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	1:13 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:56 a m

Chicago Express leaves daily.
Pacific Express arrives daily.
Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.
Fast Line arrives daily, Mondays excepted.
All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.
F. R. MYERS, Genl. Pas. & Ticket Agent. J. N. McCULLOUGH, Genl. Manager.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA R. R.—On and after MAY 29, 1870, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

(ALLEGHENY TIME.)

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Springd'e No. 1	6:40 a m	Mail	6:55 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:30 a m	Freeport No. 1	9:20 a m
Express	10:20 a m	Claremont Ac	11:10 a m
Claremont Ac	1:28 p m	Express	3:00 p m
Freeport No. 2	3:35 p m	Springd'e No. 1	3:05 p m
Mail	5:20 p m	Freeport No. 2	5:20 p m
Springd'e No. 2	8:20 p m	Springd'e No. 1	6:20 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.
The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 8:00 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 12:30 P. M. and arrive at Allegheny Junction at 3:00 P. M.
Through tickets to Butler and Hannahstown may be purchased at Walker's Stage Office, No. 3 St. Clair street, near the Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny.
For further particulars apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent,
Federal Street Depot.
Local Tickets to all important Stations on the main line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.
A. J. CASSATT,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.
ROBERT NEILSON,
my30 Superintendent, Pittsburgh.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.
On and after MONDAY, June 6th, 1870, 3 through Trains daily (except Sunday) will leave and arrive at Union Depot for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo and all points in the Oil Regions.

	LEAVE PITTSBURGH.	ARRIVE AT PITTSBURGH.
Day Express	7:50 A. M.	8:30 P. M.
Night Express	9:00 P. M.	7:00 A. M.
Way Passenger	9:30 A. M.	
Mail Train		6:00 P. M.
Brady's Bend Acc'n	3:25 P. M.	10:20 A. M.
Soda Works	6:15 P. M.	8:10 A. M.
1st Hulton	6:40 A. M.	6:25 A. M.
2d Hulton	5:00 P. M.	9:00 A. M.
3d Hulton	11:00 P. M.	7:30 P. M.
Parnassus	11:45 A. M.	2:30 P. M.
Church	1:00 P. M.	10:10 A. M.

Express trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation trains stop at all stations.
Silver Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains, both ways between Pittsburgh and Brocton.
Through Coaches on Day Express Trains between Pittsburgh and Brocton.
J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Sup't.
je13 JAMES H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after WEDNESDAY, July 6, 1870, Trains will arrive at and depart from Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, as follows—city time:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Mail Train	6:30 A.M.	1st McKeesport Ac	6:40 A.M.
Glenwood Ac	7:10 A.M.	Glenwood Ac	8:00 A.M.
Way Passenger	9:05 A.M.	West Newton Ac	8:25 A.M.
1st McKeesport Ac	11:00 A.M.	Express Tr'n	10:00 A.M.
Expr's Train	3:15 P.M.	2d McKeesport Ac	2:10 P.M.
West Newton Ac	4:30 P.M.	Way Passen'r	3:35 P.M.
Braddock's Ac	5:30 P.M.	Mail Train	6:10 P.M.
2d McKeesport Ac	6:20 P.M.	Braddocks Ac	7:00 P.M.
3d McKeesport Ac	10:40 P.M.	3d McKeesport Ac	9:50 P.M.
West Newton Church Tr'n	12:45 P.M.	West Newton Church Tr'n	10:10 A.M.

*Sundays only. All other Trains daily except Sunday.
D. D. ANGELL,
ju8 Master of Transportation.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY
PAN HANDLE ROUTE.
CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after SUNDAY, June 11, 1870, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:
Pittsburgh Time.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Express	12:28 a. m.	12:13 noon
Fast Line	10:48 a. m.	7:18 p. m.
Southern Express	3:33 p. m.	12:13 mid.
Mixed Accommodation	3:03 a. m.	6:23 p. m.
McDonald Accommod'n	11:35 a. m.	7:23 a. m.
Steubenville Accommod.	4:33 p. m.	9:33 a. m.
McDonald Accommod'n	6:03 p. m.	3:13 p. m.
Sunday Church Train	12:58	9:58 a. m.

The 10:48 A. M. Fast Line will leave daily. The 12:13 noon Express arrives daily. All other trains run daily except Sunday.
W. L. O'BRIEN,
General Ticket Agent, Columbus, O.
W. W. CARD, Sup't., Dennison, Ohio. je12

HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

BEAVER FALLS
CUTLERY CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Table Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives,
Butcher Knives,
Bread Knives,
Carving Knives,
AND OTHER
ARTICLES OF CUTLERY
OF SUPERIOR MAKE.
Beaver Falls Cutlery Co.,
BEAVER FALLS,
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Logan, Gregg & Co.,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
No. 52 Wood Street.
Meat Cutters and Stuffers,
HORSE SHOES AND NAILS,
Nail Rod,
BUILDING HARDWARE.
WHICH WE OFFER AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
Merchants are invited to examine our stock.
Orders by mail will have prompt attention.

COAL AND COKE.

Charles H. Armstrong,
DEALER IN
Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal,
And Manufacturer of
COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.
OFFICE AND YARD, corner Butler and Morton streets, Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward; also, Second street, Eighth ward, and at foot of Ross street, P. & C. R. R. Depot, Second ward.
Orders left at either of the above offices, or addressed to me through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention.
Refer to whom I am supplying: Hussey, Wells & Co., Wm. Smith, Union Iron Mills, S. S. Fowler & Co., Mitchell, Stevenson & Co., Bissell & Co., Graff & Hugus, Alex. Bradley, Park, Bro. & Co., Park, McCurdy & Co., Reese, Graff & Dull, Wm. M. Faber & Co., J. R. Lyon & Co., James Marshall & Co., Allen, McKee & Co., Union Depot Hotel, Connellsville R. R., Pennsylvania R. R., Allegheny Valley R. R.

Oscar F. Lamm & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONNELLSVILLE COKE,
DEALERS IN
Youghiogheny and Anthracite Coal
PITTSBURGH, PA.
OFFICE: ROOM No. 5, Gazette Building.
Orders respectfully solicited. ap30:v10

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
No. 567 Liberty Street,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.
Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office or addressed to them through the mail will be promptly attended to.

PLUMBERS, GAS FITTERS.

L. B. FULTON .... A. J. McCANN.
FULTON & McCANN,
Practical Plumbers
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS.
Fifth Avenue, near High Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Lead Pipe, Gum Hose, Gas Fixtures, Sinks, Bath Tubs and Wash Stands, Iron Pipe and Fittings, Lift and Beer Pumps, and Stand Cocks always on hand. Public and Private Buildings fitted up with Gas, Water and Steam. Heating Apparatus. Jobbing promptly attended to.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

Observations Made by the Storm Signal Service of the United States Army.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 14, 1870.	A. M. 7:23	P. M. 4:23	P. M. 11:23
Height of Barometer	29.88	29.84	29.90
Change since last report	03 deg.	04 deg.	06 deg.
Thermometer	36 deg.	38 deg.	35 deg.
Change in last 24 hours	5	3	2
Direction of wind	N. W	S. W	N. W
Velocity of wind—miles per hour	10	10	2
Pressure of wind—pounds per square foot	4:92	4:92	0:02
Force of wind reduced to Beufort scale—approx	C.	C.	A.
State of weather	1	5	2

NOTES—In the telegraphic reports, only the variations of the Barometer since the last reports are given; decrease being marked here and throughout the table by the minus sign.

Character of the winds, to save space, is indicated by letters of the alphabet, as follows: A, just perceptible; B. gently brisk; C, pleasant brisk; D, very brisk; E, high wind; F, very high wind; G, strong gale; H, violent gale; I. hurricane; J, most violent hurricane.

State of the weather, in the same way, is indicated by numerals as follows: 1. clear; 2. fair; 3, light rain; 4, heavy rain; 5, snow.

JAMES WEST, Observer Sergeant.

Mr. T. W. Kennedy is the authorized carrier to deliver the GAZETTE in the Seventh and Eighth Wards: Any one wishing this paper left will please send their address to the office. The delivery will be made prompt and early. Any of our readers who may fail to get their papers to-day will please leave notice with us, that they may be promptly served to-morrow.

The paving of Ridge avenue is completed and one of the finest thoroughfares to be found in any city is at last opened up to travel.

The Corner Stone of the M. E. Church, corner of Sarah and Twenty-fourth streets, East Birmingham, will be laid this afternoon with appropriate ceremonies.

Serious Fall.—John Friedman, a tailor residing on Smithfield street, in attempting to go down stairs in the dark, Saturday night, fell and fractured both bones in his left forearm. Dr. Walter was summoned and reduced the fracture.

The Allegheny Fire Department was engaged yesterday in washing off the pavements on the prominent thoroughfares around the public squares. This is probably the most economical method of doing this work, and it is also decidedly the best way of cleaning off the mud deposits from the sidewalks.

Salty.—A few days ago, in a well being drilled in Temperanceville, salt water was struck at a depth of fifteen hundred feet. This water is the strongest ever found in this country and flows from the well at the rate of about four hundred barrels per day. It will no doubt prove a fortune to its owner, Mr. W. A. Taylor.

The long winter evenings now at hand furnish excellent pictures of solid comfort. In your easy chair, as you quietly enjoy the brilliant writing of a favorite author, and sip from a pitcher Pier, Dannals & Co.'s cream ale, it matters little to you how loudly the wind blows or how fiercely the storm rages without.

The Musical Public will be pleased to learn that the Pittsburgh Quintette will give another of their parlor entertainments at the chapel of the female college, on next Tuesday evening. This is the second of the parlor concerts given by the Quintette, and those who attended the former one will be delighted to know that a treat is in store for them again.

A Small shed attached to Lindsay's Rolling Mill, Rebecca street, near the Ferry Landing, Fifth ward, Allegheny, was destroyed by fire about eight o'clock last night. Several barrels of oil, stowed in it were also burned. The loss was small; origin of the fire unknown. An alarm from Box 6 called out the Fire Department.

People still come freely to Miner's Book House, on Fifth avenue, to get bargains in books and stationery, as cannot be secured every day. The stock of books, especially of light literature, is quite full and new additions are being constantly made to increase the variety to make selections. Those in need of books, stationery, and articles in the trade, should call and purchase.

Old Smokers can appreciate a good segar and old smokers therefore crowd the establishment of John Megraw, No. 45 Ninth street to purchase their supplies. Megraw has all the favorite brands, and keeps his stock always up to the standard. He has everything in the smoking line—complete outfit, and thus has made his establishment the grand rendezvous for purchasers of the weed.

Stock Sales.—The following stocks were sold on second floor of McIlwaine's Auction Rooms, last evening:

Iron City National Bank	101 00
Third National Bank	155 00
Second National Bank	162 00
Merchants and Manufactures National Bank	70 00
Exchange National Bank	70 00

The Editors of the GAZETTE will confer a favor on many pedestrians who have occasion to pass along the north side of Robinson street, between Anderson street and Arbuckle's alley, Allegheny, if through their columns they call the attention of the Street Commissioner to the condition of a pavement in that locality. It has been bad enough all summer, what may we not expect now that bad weather is approaching. And oblige

A CONSTANT READER.

Arm Amputated.—On Monday of last week a little boy ten years of age, son of Ludwig Gelzhauser, of Birmingham, fell over an embankment near the Monastery, breaking both his fore-arms. The fractures were properly reduced and the little fellow was supposed to be doing well until Friday last, when it was discovered that mortification had taken place in the right arm. Dr. A. G. Walter was summoned on Saturday, and finding it necessary to save the boy's life, amputated the arm.

Taken in Charge.—Alex. Creelman the insane boy, an account of whose doings we published yesterday was kept in the lock-up until yesterday morning when Mr. Davis, Secretary of the Board of Poor Directors of the county, who had been sent for by the Mayor came and took charge of the unfortunate lad and had him sent to Dixmont Hospital. The boy when he left home took with him a carpet-bag filled with good clothing which he left some place in the city. The persons having it in charge will confer a favor by leaving it at the Mayor's office.

Uriling, Follansbee & Co.—There is no store in this country where a finer assortment of neat-fitting ready made clothing is kept, and nowhere can customers find more agreeable and polite salesmen to attend to them. It is a common remark of those dealing with this firm that the general make-up and style of their goods are superior to anything ever seen before in a ready made clothing house, and some of our neatest and most tidily young dressed men and boys find here already made and for sale the best fitting and most stylish garments to be had anywhere. Give them a call, corner Wood street and Fifth avenue.

List of Letters retained for postage in the Pittsburgh Postoffice, November 15, 1870.

Fowler, Charles A., Dubuque, Iowa, due three cents.
Gadd, James., Louisville, Kentucky, due three cents.
Hinkle, John F., Kenton, Ohio, due three cents.
Roney & Thompson, Marysville, Ohio, due three cents.
Strachen, James., St. Louis, Missouri, due three cents.
Schimer, G., New York City, New York, due three cents.
Seager, N. W., Cleveland, Ohio, due three cents.

The Drivers on the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Railway cars have not quite gotten used to the new extension of the road and seem as yet to be quite unaware of the fact that when they dash their horses at full speed around the corner of Smithfield street and Seventh avenue, they endanger the lives and limbs of foot passengers who may happen to be crossing the street. It is probable that after they have killed or maimed a few people they may get used to the extension and consent to drive more cautiously around that corner. But in the meantime much curiosity is felt by the people who are in the habit of crossing the streets thereabouts as to who are to be the victims before the lesson is learned.

Coal.—We are informed by one of our largest coal dealers that fully TEN MILLION BUSHELS of coal are now loaded, and await the opening of navigation to be floated to the cities of the South. Our informant further states that in all of his experience he has never known such a vast quantity of black diamonds to be loaded and awaiting shipment here at the one time—another proof of the great increase of the business of our city. Let us hope that all of this immense quantity of fuel may reach its destination, and relieve the necessities of the cities below dependent upon us for coal—that it may successfully run the gauntlet of the numerous bridges and other obstructions, natural and artificial, and thus remunerate the industry and labor of our operators in coal, while at the same time it furnishes coal to *"fire the Southern"* grates, is the ardent wish of us all.

Information Wanted

Of John Irwin, twenty-three years of age, who left his home at Ormsby borough on Sunday, the 13th of November, and has not since been seen. He has a scar on his left cheek bone, just below the eye. On one of his arms there are tattooed with India ink the letters J. T., an anchor and an Indian woman, standing on a ball or sphere. He wore a grey suit, light colored hat with broad black band and calico shirt. Information of his whereabouts or fate will be gratefully received by his father, L. Irwin, American Iron Works, care of Jones & Laughlin, Pittsburgh.

Illegal Voting.

Patrick O'Flaherty and Jas. Whalen, arrested in Fayette county, an account of which we published a few days since, were brought before Judge McCandless, yesterday, for a hearing. Col. Searight moved to quash the information, on the ground that it did not set forth the name of Whalen, one of the parties charged with illegal voting, and for the reason that O'Flaherty, whose name appeared in the information was the person to whom the paper had been issued and that he had not voted illegally. The accused were held to bail in the sum of $1,000 each for a hearing on Saturday.

A Vigorous Collector.

William Hannen, a resident of South Pittsburgh, is the owner of certain tenement houses in said borough, one of which is occupied by Mrs. Rachel Morgan. Rachel, owing to some disappointment in business affairs, was not prepared on last "pay day" to liquidate the last months' rent, and, according to her statement, her landlord, Mr. Hannen, attempted to enforce payment, not by due course of law, but by force of arms. She alleges that he came into her house and demanded the rent, and when she informed him that she had not the money, he drew a knife and made threatening demonstrations. Justice Barker was consulted by Mrs. Morgan, and the result was the issuing of a warrant and the arrest of Hannen, who was required to give bail for a hearing, on a charge of disorderly conduct.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY

A Boy Attacked, Robbed and Beaten by Two Ruffians.

John Long and his brother Nicholas, a boy about thirteen years of age, residing in Birmingham, Monday last went up to St. Clair township to buy a game chicken, and after making the purchase started on their return home. They had proceeded but a short distance, however, when they were attacked by Henry Martin and Frank Daniels, who, after beating and abusing the boy Nicholas took the chicken from him and five dollars in cash. They subsequently returned a small portion of the money and ran away. John Long yesterday appeared before Justice Heisel and made two informations charging them with highway robbery and assault and battery. Warrants were issued for their arrest, and Justice Heisel's officers are in search of the scamps.

THE CHRISTIAN'S VINEYARD.

Last Night at Library Hall—The Young Men's Christian Association Annual Meeting—The Past Year's Work—President Porter's Review—Addresses by Messrs. Miller and Beaver—Christian Song.

Library Hall was made the headquarters for a grand assembling of Christian workers last evening, the occasion being the annual meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association. The Hall up in the balcony and down in the auditorium, was completely occupied by an interested audience, whose earnestness for a moment never seemed to flag throughout the evening. Upon the platform were seated a number of prominent ministers, representing all our Protestant denominations and happily indicating the universality and absence of sectarianism in the work of the Association.

The exercises commenced promptly at half-past seven o'clock, when President Porter announced the hymn commencing—

Come, Holy Spirit, Heavenly dove,
With all thy quickening power,

which was sung by the choir of the Christ M. E. Church.

Rev. Dr. Howard then read an appropriate selection of Scripture, which was followed by a fervent invocation to the Throne of Grace by Rev. John A. Gray, pastor of Christ M. E. Church.

The hymn commencing—

Come thou, Almighty King,

was then sung by the congregation, led by Prof. Wm. H. Slack, Prof. Johnson presiding at the organ.

The President of the Association, Mr. H. K. Porter, now came forward and delivered the

ANNUAL ADDRESS.

In commencing, he referred to the favor of God, vouchsafed to them, as they assembled in annual meeting at the close of another year. The scroll was covered with the records of the year, which could not be changed, but might be profitably studied. It was not essential to pass in review all the work, as in former years. The community had come unto a fuller understanding of the work in which they were engaged, and to a proportionately heartier appreciation of it, hearty as its appreciation had always been. This marked confidence, which seems to have been of steady growth since the organization, had been so peculiarly manifested the past year that they gratefully make mention of it. They had been most kindly met in all requests for assistance. Contributions to defray expenses had been generously made, and the reception accorded those preferring such requests had been such as to enhance the value of the gift. This kind feeling had not been exceptional, but hardly a contribution had not been thus characterized.

MINISTERIAL INTEREST.

The same cordial response from the ministry also has been the source of keenest gratification. More perhaps than in any previous year, except in time of unusual religious interest, had they been represented in the meetings, notwithstanding the multiplicity of their engagements. In the outdoor meetings and especially in sermons to young men, they had always shown themselves ready to give thought and labor and time to forward the work. This series of sermons especially addressed to young men, preached in the church of which the minister is pastor, was a new feature. Akin to this series of sermons, was the series of

LECTURES, READINGS AND CONCERTS

Given in the spring, and soon to begin again. These entertainments had made the rooms very attractive, and large audiences had invariably greeted the speakers and singers, who had so kindly complied with their wishes.

Another element of power introduced into the work was

THE FREE LIBRARY,

which is now assuming fair proportions, and by the end of another year will require more ample room than the present cases can furnish. For the present the aim of the committee was to select books that shall be of special value to ministers and Sabbath-school teachers, while not overlooking entirely other departments.

The change of location of

THE ROOMS,

made in April, was an important and beneficial one. The new quarters are bright and cheerful, spacious and well adapted to the purpose. The visitors were constantly increasing in number and the use made of the parlor by all benevolent or kindred organizations proved it to be attractive.

Reference was next made to the

INFLUENCE OF THE ASSOCIATION

which was not confined alone to the city, but was extending to neighboring towns. A special committee had this outside work in charge and reported the organization of seventeen new associations. A number of cases were cited to show the influence of the Association as a *restraining* power, by which many had been saved from *entrance* into sin. In this connection, the

YOUNG MEN'S HOME

though not controlled by the Association, and yet allied it to had done a great work, and had been of the very greatest benefit to the Association, giving a practical exemplification of their theories, and by its shelter and provision of the body, illustrating the gospel of good-will toward men.

THE SPIRITUAL ADVANCEMENT

Had also been marked during the year. All the business, as well as religious meetings had been pervaded with a deep spiritual feeling. All the regular meetings had been carried on as usual, and although no effort had been made to ascertain specific results, yet it was believed many had been saved through these instrumentalities. A report at one meeting showed that during the preceeding five weeks one hundred and thirty meetings had been held. Three members of the Association had devoted themselves exclusively to the ministry and were engaged in the preparatory studies.

A hearty tribute is paid to the energy, zeal and effectiveness of

THE PRESENT SUPERINTENDENT,

Mr. Thomas K. Cree, who, with a thorough business training that had already secured him success in private business, had accepted the place, and was performing a great amount of work with rare skill and effectiveness.

The address, which was listened to with earnest attention, was finished with the

CLOSING WORDS:

"Though devoutly grateful at the retrospect—so full of the tokens of our Father's love—we may not linger too long absorbed in it. By all the blessings conferred on us in the past are we incited to truer service and worthier efforts in the future. The motto of the old nobility of France, "*noblesse oblige*," is worthy of our adoption. Nobility imposes obligations—and every fact that we recall to-night that should evoke our gratitude, is beckoning on to joyous labor full of faith. Never was the need more urgent than to-day; never was the encouragement or the reward greater. 'Forgetting then the things that are behind, let us press forward.' The harvest truly is great. Brothers and Christian friends, permit me to press the thought, that as we offer the prayer taught by the Master for the increase of the number of laborers, we see to it that we couple the answer to the petition so far as He shall give each one of us the needed wisdom and the promised strength."

FINANCIAL.

The balance sheet of the Treasurer, Mr. W. L. McClintock, for the year exhibits as follows:

RECEIPTS.

Balance in Treasury, Nov. 1st, 1870	$ 29 67
Donations	5,688 19
Active Membership Fees	614 00
Sale of old Papers and Stove	61 75
Sale of Tent	63 50
Sale of Hymns and Tracts	66 30
Total receipts	$6,523 41

EXPENDITURES.

Papers and Periodicals	$ 332 28
Printing and Stationery	305 61
Advertising	142 97
Rent	1,450 00
Salary of Superintendent	1,463 88
Janitor and Collector	228 50
Fitting up New Rooms on Sixth St.	847 12
Current Expenses at Rooms	183 32
Gas	235 13
Conventions, Religious Meetings and Tracts	239 25
Library	842 87
Cash on Hand	162 22
Total expenditures	$6,523 41

The congregation again united in singing the hymn, commencing,

"My Faith looks up to thee
Thou lamb of Calvary
Saviour divine
Now hear me while I pray
Take all my guilt away
But let me from this day
Be wholly thine."

The President now in a few felicitous words introduced

S. THANE MILLER, ESQ

the President of the Young Men's Christian Association of Cincinnati.

Mr. Miller was received with evidences of enthusiasm, and commenced his address by saying that he was not always received in such a manner, and related the story of his visit to Montreal with a friend. When speaking to a Sunday school the Superintendent told the children that he came from Cincinnati, and that it was famous for having the most and largest hogs in the Union—and that they had two representatives before them. (Laughter.) He wished, however, to commence his speech differently. He thought while listening to the President that they should be enthusiastic and desired if they felt pleased with the work of the Association, that

THEY WOULD LET LOOSE

their feet and hands, and manifest it. (The audience responded to the electric touch of the orator, by an enthusiastic round of applause, which was followed by another for himself.)

Continuing his remarks he expressed his pleasure at being present upon a platform before a Pittsburgh audience. He felt like Brother Moody who had been accused of not liking Englishmen and denied the charge earnestly, contending that he did admire John Bull. He loved her (laughter) So he loved Pittsburgh, and was glad once again to greet an audience of Christian workers in the Iron City.

The speaker then gave a slight sketch of the wonderful rise and progress of the Young Men's Christian Association, and characterized it as a healthful exhibit for a young man hardly yet rejoicing in his majority.

He wished, however, to speak to them of the economy, the practicability, the energy of these Associations. The first point which attracted attention, was

THEIR READING ROOM.

In his own city of Cincinnati the reading room had been the means of bringing many a young man to Christ. One single instance of this had come under his own observation, wherein a young man, son of one of the best citizens of the town and the husband of an estimable wife, dropped into their reading room, glanced over a temperance tract, was struck by its truths, and was thus turned from the error of his ways and was now a prominent and highly honored member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

In pursuing his theme, the speaker indulged in some practical criticism on the condition of the Pittsburgh Association's rooms, and advised the ladies to visit the rooms with tack hammers, tear up the old carpet and have it replaced by a new one. Then, too, a lyceum should be organized; many a young man might be attracted to such an organization, and thus their talents would be developed, and many of them would certainly turn out worthy and honored representatives of the ministry.

In commending the Young Men's Home he said he had

DINED IN STATE

There and had been impressed with the fact that he who managed it—Thomas H. Rabe, Esq., could make the money go farther and come out better in such matters better than any man he had met in Pittsburgh; and housekeepers who found it difficult to make "both ends meet" might learn by calling at the "Home." (Applause.)

He thought they should have a building for the Young Men's Christian Association in Pittsburgh. The grandest thing Pittsburghers could do was to determine that the Association *would* have such a building free, and forever devoted to the uses of the Association. In Cincinnati they had been considering a new plan. They proposed to organize an army of two hundred women, each of whom would pledge herself to secure $500, either collect or or subscribe it, for the Association. If that was tried in Pittsburgh he knew it would be successful. He wouldn't like to be the Pittsburgh man who didn't want to give and was assaulted by two hundred women collectors. (Laughter.)

The speaker next turned his attention to reminiscences of the association's work in Cincinnati, and the results which had accrued. From there he had learned that to pursue the work properly they

MUST HAVE PERSEVERANCE.

never weary in well-doing. Have sympathy for those out of Christ—not a patronizing, but a practical, earnest sympathy, which would attract men, and might in time be instrumental in their salvation. Personal application was another all-important method of working,—in connection with persistent prayer it would avail when all other means had failed. Christian men should not shrink from this personal work. These homeless men unsaved—must be met in this way. There were seven million young men in the country, only two hundred and fifty thousand of whom were in the church. If they were to be saved, they must be by the efforts of those who had been blessed of God.

The speaker closed with an earnest appeal for financial aid in behalf of the Association, and requested that the audience spend

A MOMENT IN SILENT PRAYER

Before the collection was taken up. In response a silence as impressive as it was sacred was observed in the assembly, which was broken by Mr. Miller's voice repeating, "inasmuch as ye have done unto one of these little ones ye have done it unto me."

The ushers then waited upon the audience for their offerings, which was followed by the anthem—

Guide me, O thou Great Jehovah.

by the choir.

President Porter said a soldier was always welcome to a Pittsburgh audience, and it gave him the highest pleasure to introduce one who had tested his patriotism on the field and was now proving a valiant soldier in another warfare—

GEN. JAMES A. BEAVER,

President of the Young Men's Christian Association of Bellefonte.

Gen. Beaver, who has lost a leg in the service of his nation, came forward upon crutches as his name was pronounced, and was greeted with hearty applause.

He said he would say the little he had to say in a compass of fifteen minutes. He was glad the collection had been taken. He was a Pennsylvanian by birth and education, and as such he was proud of its wealth, its manufacturers, its people, its institutions. In his little mountain home they received daily the Pittsburgh papers, and he had been led to look upon Pittsburgh with a more favorable eye than the great city at the other end of the State, with which he had business relations.

About the little word "seek," as used in the basis of confederation of the Young Men's Christian Association, was the gist of what he had to say. That word said that they should "seek to unite," and yet many Christians had not been doing this. He believed that any man who was not engaged in this work in connection with the Young Men's Christian Association.

CHEATING THE LORD.

Often, business men, christian business men, were induced to give of their means, just to get rid of the canvasser. But they did not give of their time. Now, of all things that should be given to the Lord,—a certain portion of it and this too, beside the money which was given, and this was just what the Young Men's Christian Association's were trying to do. They wanted to get business men to come in and help them.

One advantage of these Associations was that by them, Christians could transact business in a business way—such as the churches had not yet done. By finding a work for every man and putting the man to the work, they helped the church. There were but a few churches which were so completely organized so as to bring out the full energy of each member. It should be so and that was the real object of the Young Men's Christian Association.

He thought this question of giving time to the Lord should

BE CAREFULLY CONSIDERED

By every Christian man. Love for His cause and work should permeate all their business; that business should be so arranged that a goodly portion of time should be given to the Lord. These associations were not gathering into the fold every young man who was yet unsaved, *that* was what they were *seeking* to do, but they were not doing it because all were not enlisted. The command was "go ye into all the world and preach the Gospel to every creature." This cannot be alone to the ministers but to all Christians. All Christian men in Pittsburgh should

UNITE IN GIVING

a portion of their time as well as money to the Lord's cause, that it might be greatly prospered. [Applause.]

Mr. Miller was again brought forward at the close of this address, and sang the answer to

"The Old, Old Story,"

a solo and chorus, in which the audience joined with much spirit. As the chorus to the last verse was being sung, the audience arose, and at its conclusion they were dismissed with the benediction by the Rev. B. F. Woodburn, of Allegheny.

THE COLLECTION.

At the close it was ascertained by the report from the ushers that the contributions amounted to $1,500. One sacrificing individual, apparently short of funds, and yet with a benevolent heart, had thrown into the basket a moss agate set of jewelry, very valuable. Considering that no special effort was made, and that many contributors gave their donations privately, the financial result of the meeting was highly gratifying.

THE COURTS.

U. S. Circuit Court—Judges McKennan and McCandless.

TUESDAY, Nov. 15.—Court met at 10 o'clock A. M., Judges McKennan and McCandless on the bench.

The case of William Stitt vs. A. and F. W. Heidekoper was taken up. This was an action of trespass, the plaintiff claiming that he had contracted with the defendants for the sale of certain oil lands in Crawford county, for which he was to receive as compensation all over thirty thousand dollars of the proceeds of sale. He sold the territory for seventy thousand dollars, and claims forty thousand. The case was tried at the May term, 1870, and a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of $18,000. There was a motion for a new trial, which, after argument, was granted, and the case now comes up a second time for adjudication. Messrs. Kerr and Golden appeared for the plaintiff, and Messrs. Bell and Thos. Williams for defendants. On trial.

On motion of Col. Kerr, Col. T. B. Searight, of Fayette, and Col. Geo. F. Chester, of Crawford county, were sworn and admitted to practice in this court.

In the case of J. C. Anderson vs. B. Schmit & Co., bill for infringement of patent, a final decree awarded, sustaining the patent, and H. D. Gamble, Esq., appointed Master to ascertain the amount of gains and profits.

Supreme Court—Full Bench.

TUESDAY, November 15.—Court met at ten o'clock A. M. Present, Chief Justice Thompson and Justices Read, Agnew, Sharswood and Williams.

Gordon vs. Schriver, Green county, non prossed.

On motion of D. Kaine, Esq., A. C. Nutt, Esq., of Fayette county, was admitted to practice in this Court.

Fruit vs. Lee, Lawrence county, argued by McCombs for plaintiff in error and Kuntz contra.

Lauchheim's appeal, Reis et al's. appeal, Raney and William's appeal, Lawrence county, argued by McMichael, Kountz and Mogris for applicants, and by Lowrie and Burgwin for appellees.

Phelan vs. Moss, Green county, argued by Phelan for plaintiff in error, and by Sayers contra.

Stitzell vs. Reynolds, et al, Fayette county, argued by Boyle for plaintiff in error, and by Playford contra.

Allum's appeal, Green county, argued by Downey for applicant, and by Purman contra.

Cunningham vs. Mitchell, Fayette county, argued by Minor and Wilson for plaintiff in error, and by Howell and Boyle contra.

Grays appeal, Green county, dismissed.

Davis vs. Zimmerman, Green county. Submitted.

Ross vs. Noble, Butler county, argued by Bredin for plaintiff in error, and by Mitchel contra.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

TUESDAY, November 15.—Court met at ten o'clock A. M., Judge Kirkpatrick on the bench.

In the case of Donahen vs. the Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Railway Company, previously reported, the jury found for the plaintiff in the sum of $625. This, as we stated yesterday, is the third time the case has been tried, and each time a new trial granted on the ground of excessive damages. The first jury found for the plaintiff in the sum of $300, the second $500 and the last one has seen that and goes $125 better. There will not, it is presumed, be another motion for a new trial.

The case of Mary Ross vs. C. S. Simmons et al., previously reported, was still on trial at the hour of adjournment.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

117. Snodgrass vs. Arthurs.
248. Kaufman vs. Gorbach.
4. Downer vs. Brown.
240. McKee & Bro. vs. Duff.
241. Same vs. same.
239. North vs. Glass.
227. Grafton vs. P. C. & St. L. R. W. Co.
13. Hill, Patterson, & Co. vs. Bleickers et al.

Common Pleas—Judge Collier.

TUESDAY, Nov. 15.—In the case of Burgess vs. Dickson, previously reported, the jury found for the plaintiff in the sum of $44.02.

Samuel Duff vs. Benj. Page, et al., motion for a preliminary injunction returnable, Thursday, Nov. 17, 1870.

Tustin & Klee vs. Rabe, on motion of S. Fulton, Esq., Attorney for plaintiffs, nonsuit taken off.

James Leech vs. Andrew Leech, on motion the Prothonotary is ordered and directed to pay the money in the above case to John Large, Esq., Attorney for plaintiff.

In the matter of the petition of East Birmingham School District to supply lost deed, the court ordered the proceedings in the case to be filed of record.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

44 Mauch vs. Weise.
27 Lewis vs. Wallace.
51 Oliver M'Clintock & Co., vs. Graham,
52 Galt vs. Mackey & Watson.
54 Britian & Voncannan, for use, vs. Schomaker.
56 Commonwealth, for use, vs. Kealer.
58 Hedges & Taylor vs. Hayworth.
59 Arbuckle & Co., vs. Gibson,
60 Mitchell vs. Gibson.
61 Edmundson & Son vs. Smith.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—The Opera House was filled with a select and appreciative audience last night to see Edwin Booth, the greatest tragedian of the age in his personation of "Iago." His rendition of the character was faultless, and the support rendered him by the Opera House company was excellent throughout. This evening he will appear as Shylock, in the Merchant of Venice, which, if we except "Richelieu," is his strongest piece. To-morrow evening Richard III, will be presented, with strong cast. Friday evening, Richelieu; Saturday matinee, Iago; Saturday evening, Richard III. The box sheet for secured seats is now open. The favorite actress, Mrs. Ettie Henderson, appears in support of Mr. Booth on each occasion.

SEEBACH.—Madame Marie Seebach, the great German tragedian, whose powerful and classical portraiture of character and brilliancy of acting have elicited the praise of the most critical journals of Europe and America, will appear in her great interpretation of "Mary Stuart" at the Academy of Music, on Friday evening. On Saturday evening "Faust" will be presented. A strong company of German artists will accompany and support this renowned actress. Sale of seats at Kleber's music store, 122 Wood street, this morning.

ACADEMY.—In order to make the necessary arrangements for the accommodation of the great German tragedienne, Marie Seebach, and her company at the Academy on Friday night, that establishment has been closed during the week. Monday evening, Fox & Denier's celebrated pantomime troupe will commence a brief engagement, when any amount of fun may be expected.

MASONIC HALL.—There was a large audience at Masonic Hall last evening to see the grand original female minstrel show. Madame Rentz has an excellent troupe, comprising some of the best talent in the business. Go and see them to-night is what everybody says who has seen them.

VARIETIES.—The entertainments given at the Varieties Theatre are the best of their character ever presented in this city. There is more versatility in them, a larger company and a greater amount of talent than will be found in any other Varieties Theatre in this country. Mr. Aims is one of our most popular managers.

FAIRS.—The attractions at Point Chapel and St. Bridget fairs, are still sufficient to draw large crowds of persons to both places, and afford them enjoyment while there. The Light Guard Fair at City Hall, is a splendid place to put in the evening in an enjoyable manner.

Kid gloves are rapidly advancing in price, owing to the war in Europe. Moorhead has a choice stock on hand, which he is disposing of for the usual rates. Ladies who wish a supply should call early to secure bargains.

Go to Burns', No. 262 Liberty street, for your shell oysters. Best in the city.

For good dinners go to Burns, 262 Liberty street. Best shell oysters in the city.

CITY SCALES.

The Controller Directed to Bring Suit Against Persons for Violation of the Ordinance Relative to Weighing Hay, &c.

Our very worthy and efficient Controller R. J. McGowan, who has, ever since he assumed the duties of the office, had an "eye single" to the city's interest, has, from facts in his possession, discovered that there is not as much revenue being derived from certain sources as there should be, and one of these sources is the city weigh scales. It appears that there is a large amount of hay, straw, &c., sold in this city which is not weighed on the city scales, as required by ordinance. Some of it is weighed on scales outside the city limits, and some of it is not weighed at all; and, as a consequence, the city loses the price of weighing. At the last meeting of the Committee on Scales this matter was introduced by the Controller, and the Committee authorized him to bring suit against all persons violating the ordinance referred to. Farmers and others who have been in the habit of weighing their hay on scales in Sharpsburg and other places and selling here without weighing on the city scales will save some trouble by discontinuing the practice.

The object of the ordinance requiring hay, straw, &c. to be weighed, was not passed with a view to creating a revenue originally, but for the protection of the citizens, and the tax for weighing is so light that it is scarcely felt by the individuals who have it to pay, the consumers of course, yet when taken in the aggregate pays at least a reasonable interest on the original investment, and unless it is enforced strictly the ordinance should be repealed, as it would be giving the rogues an advantage over honest men to permit them to sell their hay without weighing, when the honest man conforms to the requirements of the ordinance and pays for the weighing of his hay.

The Controller was also directed to bring suit against the owners of all private scales where coal, &c., is weighed, who fail to report to the Controller monthly as required by ordinance.

NARROW ESCAPE.

A Scaffold Falls, Precipitating Fourteen Men a Distance of Fifteen Feet.

"Accidents will happen" is an old axiom and none the less true on account of its age, but accidents frequently happen, or rather things occur and are termed accidents, when in reality they are nothing more than the legitimate results of carelessness. An "accident" of this last named character occurred at the new market house, on Fifth avenue, about eight o'clock yesterday morning, by which fourteen men narrowly escaped serious injury if not instant death. The walls of the market house have reached a height of about fifteen feet, and at the lower end of the building, on the inside of the wall, a scaffold had been erected for the bricklayers to work upon. There were fourteen men and a large quantity of brick and mortar on the scaffolding, the flooring which is said to have been only one thickness of inch pine boards, gave way and precipitated the workmen, brick, mortar and all to the ground, a distance of fifteen feet. Nearly all the men were more or less bruised and cut from the fall. One of them only was seriously injured, and that was Michael Kearney, a laborer, who had just ascended the scaffold with a wheelbarrow load of bricks a moment before the occurrence, and fell in such a manner, that the entire load of bricks fell upon his chest, injuring him it is feared internally. He was at once removed to his residence, and a physician summoned. Wm. Collingwood, one of the bricklayers, received a severe blow on the head and also on the hand, but his injuries are not serious. Kearney is a poor man, and has a wife and family who are dependent upon his labor for support. A subscription was immediately started for his benefit, and quite a creditable amount has already been raised, but not enough to keep his family until he recovers sufficiently to resume work.

Messrs. Ferdan and Kemp, we learn, are the contractors for the brick work, and if as stated the accident was the result of carelessness in not making the scaffolding secure, they are censurable for it.

FRANKLIN, PA.

[Correspondence of Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FRANKLIN, November 12, 1870.

This city, with a population of 7,000 or 8,000, is getting to be a live town. The oil interest is the leading one of the place. There are fifty or sixty new derricks put up within the last six weeks. Thirty-five or forty wells are in operation, producing two hundred and fifty barrels of the best quality of lubricating oil per day. Every house in the city is occupied, and some of the tenements have three or four occupants. The cry is for *new houses, new houses*; and they must be built, or the *new comers* will be compelled to camp out for a short time. I find a goodly number of prominent citizens of your county here on business among them. Last but not least is Mr. Wm. H. McKee, County Commissioner, and J. Coblens. J. S. Carnahan, of Philadelphia, is here this morning, on his way to the Cornplanter farm to look up the interests of the stockholders of that company. The weather is pleasant and delightful. Farmers are in good keeping and appear happy and prosperous. The County Court is in session this week, and will continue for a few days. The Teachers' Institute adjourned last night after holding a session for a week. There were several leading instructors present whose lectures were very entertaining, instructive and valuable to the young America of this county. The Republicans of this district have determined to close ranks, don their protective armour, and fight for a glorious victory in the coming campaign. The Democracy of this district held a pow-wow last night to post up their Congressmen elect as to their fealty to the party. The wire-pullers are afraid of their new men on the tariff question. The Congressman from the Twenty-fourth District, (Capt. McClelland) is here and has been interviewed. He asserts that he will vote for the interests of the citizens of his district on the protective policy. Look out for a *squabble* if he does. Mr. J. A. Smith & Co., the agent for your paper is doing a thriving business and increasing the circulation of the oldest and only organ of the party in Western Pennsylvania. The new hotel (Franklin Exchange) will soon be ready for the Mansard roof. The house is 144 feet front, 88 feet deep, 4 stories high, and will contain 96 rooms, all of which will be for the accommodation of the traveling public. The owners, Messrs. Mitchell's & Plumer expect to have it finished this winter, and it will cost $100,000. It will be furnished by the owners at an expense of $50,000. The National Hotel, George C. Turner, proprietor, is a well kept house, where your many friends can find clean and comfortable quarters at moderate prices. I have just learned of an oil strike on the county Poor Farm that is said to produce from 20 to 25 barrels per day. Good thing for the tax-payers I hope.

CHAPULTEPEC.

WASHINGTON, PA.

[Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONDAY, Nov. 14, 1870.

Since my last communication to your paper, one or two things have transpired in our famous old town to the account of which you may be willing to give a place in your columns:

Mr. V. Harding, one of our best and most public spirited citizens—a man for whom all feel the profoundest respect; an active, influential member of the M. E. Church, and for many years the faithful and efficient Superintendent of the Sunday School, is about to remove temporarily to Wheeling. This furnished a fitting occasion for the School to give Mr. Harding a token of its appreciation of his services. That token was a large and beautiful silver pitcher, two goblets and a salver. They were presented in the presence of the whole school; and the ocasion was one which will not soon be forgotten. Mrs. Harding, whose wise counsel and active hands have rendered efficient service in many a good cause in our town, has been the treasurer of our Library Association ever since its organization. She performed the duties of her office admirably. Some of her friends in the association made her the recipient of a handsome present.

We shall miss Mr. and Mrs. Harding. We hope they will soon return to us.

The Young Men's Christian Association is doing a good work here. Its members are active and zealous. They hold regular religious services in the jail and the county alms house, and two cottage prayer meetings every week. The Association has a monthly sermon, by one of the two pastors here, in the Town Hall. Last Sabbath evening the sermon was by Prof. Woods. It was able and eminently practical; listened to by a large and deeply interested audience. The Association is taking hold of the temperance question vigorously. We look for happy results in this direction.

AMICUS.

About Furs—The Prevailing Styles This Season—What the Ladies Will Wear the Coming Winter.

Though it is somewhat early to wear furs, yet the season is close at hand when they will be indispensable as a protection against the chilling blasts of winter, as well as a necessary article in the completion of the ladies' or misses' dress. The mink sable takes the lead of all other furs in durability and fineness, the finer grades far exceeding the Hudson Bay and Russian sables, which it has almost entirely driven out of the market. No other fur presents such a tasty and neat appearance when worn over the fine silk velvet sacque, cloak, or circular. For heavier goods, to be worn on cold days, what can be more comfortable or better adapted for winter dress than the Astracan and Persian Lamb sacques, collars, and muffs, which are so very fashionable this season? German fitch, which has so long been a leading fur, but which for a season or two has been somewhat superceded by other goods, has, like the eagle, renewed its youth, and will be more extensively worn this winter than it has been for several seasons. All these goods, together with many other styles, grades, and qualities, may be found at the great representative ladies' fur house of Wm. Fleming & Co., 139 Wood street, made in the best and most perfect manner, in all the newest styles and in almost endless variety. The reader will also find at this extensive and first-class house the largest assortment of Siberian squirrel, water mink, Alaska mink, black and brown sables, &c., at such prices that those of the most economical dispositions or most limited means can be suited. Retail dealers and country merchants can find no better place to obtain their fall and winter stock, as they will find by far the largest and most complete assortment ever offered for sale in this market. We once more assure our readers that they can save from 15 to 25 per cent. by buying their furs at Wm. Fleming & Co.'s, 139 Wood street.

Go to Burns', No. 262 Liberty street, for your shell oysters. Best in the city.

For good dinners go to Burns, 262 Liberty street. Best shell oysters in the city.

Good Coffee and Tender Beef Steak at all hours at Burns, 262 Liberty street.

The Continental.

Game, if properly prepared, is not only the most palatable, but also the most healthy meat, and now that the game season has fully set in epicures are on the *qui vive* to ascertain where to get it. If they would profit by the experience of one who knows whereof he speaks, they will look no farther, but make up their minds to go to Holtzheimer's Continental saloon for dinner to-day, and every other day for that matter, as his tables are always supplied with the most delicious venison, the plumpest partridges, freshest fish, and in fact everything of the kind, and such articles are prepared better and are more palatable at the Continental than at any other establishment in the city. The freshest shell oysters in the market are at Holtzheimer's.

Go to Burns', No. 262 Liberty street, for your shell oysters. Best in the city.

For good dinners go to Burns, 262 Liberty street. Best shell oysters in the city.

Good Coffee and Tender Beef Steak at all hours at Burns, 262 Liberty street.

Gentlemen's merino under-shirts and drawers, every variety; scarlet wool and cut flannel undershirts and drawers; English cotton fleeced half hose; merino half hose; lamb's wool half hose; cloth gloves and gauntlets, suspenders, ties, bows, &c., at the new stand Stocking Store, No. 30 Fifth avenue.

JOHN DEGELMAN & Co.

Another Great Victory over all competitors has been gained by Liebler the Trunk King, by the stocking of his immense warehouse, No. 104 Wood street, with an assortment which is the wonder of all his rivals and the delight and praise of all travelers who rejoice that henceforth they may be supplied with travelling appurtenances, which are so in reality and not merely in name.

PERSONALS.

MR. A. W. SMITH, the gentlemanly Assistant Warden of the county jail, is a candidate for the Republican nomination for Alderman of the Fifth ward. He would make a first class officer if elected.

JAMES E. BURNS is one of our most successful druggists.

DR. GEORGE L. MCCOOK owns the largest peat tract in the west.

EUGENE O'NEILL and R. W. MOONEY are the spicy men of the *Leader*.

MR. W. D. BURNS, of Sharpsburg, is called the "soldier's friend" and deservedly so, too.

DR. L. OLDSHUE and son are recognized as the most successful pathologists in this country.

COL. PHILLIPS is building a monument to his enterprise in the shape of a first class hotel on Smithfield street.

JOHN NEER, of the *Freiheits Freund*, did not kiss the bride in Alderman Mulea's office. Smythe, of the *Post*, did.

COL. N. P. SAWYER devotes himself exclusively to his business and has voluntarily retired from active politics.

MR. JOHN CHISLETT, of the Allegheny cemetery, is the owner of the best lot of fowling pieces and rifles in this city.

DR. GEORGE H. KEYSER ranks among the ablest physicians of the State. His speciality is the treatment of lung diseases.

MR. F. B. PENNIMAN, who recently retired from the GAZETTE, put in over forty years of his life in unbroken editorial labor.

MAYOR CALLOW is discharging his duties in an eminently satisfactory manner. The shrewd politicians of Allegheny say his reelection is certain.

W. O. HUGHART, ESQ., is one of the hardest working railroad men in the State. He will take no rest until Pittsburgh and Baltimore are united with iron rails.

HON. JAMES BLACKMORE was on the streets yesterday, sufficiently convalescent from a very severe attack of sickness to be out. We hope for his entire convalescence.

COL. J. P. BARR, we believe, has been a longer period in the editorial business than any other journalist of the city, Mr. Brigham, of the *Commercial*, perhaps excepted.

HON. THOMAS WILLIAMS was in the city yesterday, looking better than he has for a long time past. Rest from professional life has wonderfully improved his health.

HOWARD EATON is a champion duck shooter. Crawford county sportsmen are jealous of his abilities in this direction, and when he visits that section he helps lessen the stock of birds very materially.

COL. GIBSON, managing editor of *The Paper*, a new Democratic organ shortly to make its appearance, will continue to publish the *Genius of Liberty*, of Uniontown, organ of the Democracy of Fayette county.

THE ELEGANT and valuable silver set to be presented to W. P. Shinn, Esq., by the Grand Rapid excursionists, attracts much attention, being on exhibition at Reineman, Meyran & Seidle's Fifth avenue jewelry house.

MR. W. N. OGDEN has just returned from a business trip through Ohio. During his travels he called to see the wonderful two-fold baby of Morrow county, Ohio. He describes it as a wonderful freak of nature. The description published recently in these columns of the curiosity he says was correct. $25,000 has been refused for the babes.

The Bankruptcy Sale.

The great bankruptcy sale at No. 61 Wood street, noticed from time to time in this paper, still continues. We knew the stock of goods was a large one, but it greatly exceeded our knowledge. We have said that at the rate goods were going off, and the large attendance from town and country, they would all be sold last week. We learn now that, notwithstanding the sales exceed $100,000, there still remains a considerable residue. As the end approaches, the agent seems to grow reckless and determined to close out, and permits goods to be sold on any sort of a bid; half price, or quarter price, they are pushed off. At this galloping rate, the sales cannot last many more days, and while they do continue, better bargains than ever can be had. It is curious to see the effect of low prices upon men and women. Some who last week emptied their pockets of cash in exchange for dry goods because they were so cheap, are seen again this week, having replenished their cash, buying more of the same sort at half the rates deemed so low last week. In this way many are laying in supplies for the whole year, buying unseasonable as well as seasonable goods—providing for next summer—because if this opportunity is neglected, the same goods, when wanted next summer, would cost 100 per cent. more. It is wise for those who can spare the means thus to provide for future necessities. Let others go and do likewise.

The changes in the weather preceding the wintry season necessitate the greatest care to prevent catching cold. Ladies should use the precaution suggested by calling at Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street, and purchasing some of those wooden and knit goods, nubias, &c., of which he has a large stock on hand.

Ladies' and Children's merino underwear, every variety, at the new stand Stocking Store, No. 30 Fifth avenue.

JOHN DEGELMAN & Co.

Go to Burns', No. 262 Liberty street, for your shell oysters. Best in the city.

New Goods! New Goods! arriving daily at the new stand Stocking Store No. 30 Fifth avenue.

JOHN DEGELMAN & Co.

NOTHING LEFT BUT HIS BOOTS.

A Wolf Story that Needed Proof.

Says the *American Builder*: An old man living not a thousand miles from Washington, delights in nothing so much as telling anecdotes of his pioneer life to the people in the town where he resides, and though his stories are not always strictly true, he tells them with such an air of truth that his hearers find it hard to question his veracity.

On one occasion, when he had gathered his little audience about him, on a hotel step, he was more than usually spirited in his descriptions of hunting scenes, probably for the benefit of a stranger present, who manifested no surprise whatever at anything he heard, though he listened attentively.

Our story-teller, whose name is Brown, glanced at him several times a little uneasily, but he could not gather from the expression of his face any thing to encourage him to proceed. Not willing, however, to give him up as a stupid fellow, he made another attempt, and related that he had at one time killed six wolves, with one rifle shot, from the window of a log cabin in the woods, and that he had the six skulls at home to prove it.

"I remember the place," said the stranger, now quite worked up. "Wasn't it about a mile from where Jack Philton's farm is now?"

"Exactly," said the stranger, "and I want to tell of a curious thing that happened to me in that very cabin. I was out on a hunting expedition, and somehow got separated from my company, and I stopped there over night, for it was so dark that I could not see the way to go. I barred the door and windows and felt quite safe, though I could hear the wolves howl on the outside."

"I've heard them a hundred times," said Brown, quite interested.

"Well," continued the stranger, "I slept soundly until about three o'clock in the morning, when I was awakened by a dozen or more wolves coming down the chimney, and, sir, do you believe me, they pulled me to pieces and ate me up precisely in two minutes—every bone of me, nothing left but my boots."

"Do you you mean to say that the wolves ate you up?" said Brown, "ate you up."

"I do, sir, and I have the boots at home to prove it."

"Well," said Brown, amid the shouts of the audience, and with a curious, half-sold expression on his face, "all that I have to say is that—that needs—proof!"

ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

A Boy Travels from Cleveland to San Francisco on Two Dollars.

[From the San Francisco Morning Call.]

To take a trip across the Continent in the cars of the Central and Union Pacific Railway Companies is considered by many an expensive undertaking, but Wyatt William Ballard of the "Young America" stamp of boy, only fourteen years of age, has shown that he could make the trip with only two dollars in his pocket, at the time of leaving home. Wyatt is an orphan, who resided with a relative in Cleveland, Ohio, until a few months ago when he was taken with a desire to see the world, and California in particular, having read and heard a great deal of the beauties of the Golden State. From Cleveland he made his way to Chicago. When he reached that city he had two dollars which he had laid up when at home. The amount he intended to guard as carefully as he knew how. He wandered to the depot of the Chicago and Lake Shore Railway, and as the westward bound train was starting off, he jumped on board.

When the conductor came around the boy told him that he had no money but wanted to go to Omaha to meet his parents there, who had started some time before, and left him to the care of a maiden aunt who had ill treated and caused him to run away. The boy told his story with such apparent truthfulness that the conductor believed him and allowed him to remain on the train. Several of the passengers, to whom he told the same story, took pity on him and gave him small sums of money and food. After reaching Omaha and crossing the ferry, he managed to "deadhead" his way on the Central Pacific to this city, where he arrived a couple of months since. Upon his arrival here he still had the two dollars with which he started. With this, his cash capital, he engaged in business, selling newspapers, and continued at this until last Monday, when he became tired of a business—to use his own language—"at which he could not make salt, too many being at the trade already." He went to officer Hall and asked to be sent to the Industrial School, because he wished to learn to read, write and learn a trade. The matter was brought by the officer to the notice of the proper authorities, and the boy being found to be a proper subject, he was committed.

DIED:

BOURNE—On Monday afternoon, Nov. 14, ALFRED CHARLES, son of John and Susan Bourne, in the 3d year of his age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 276 Western avenue, Allegheny, THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock.

McCLURE—Mrs. ELIZA McCLURE, of Snowden township, Allegheny county, in the 73d year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence, TO-DAY, 16th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M.

HAY—On Tuesday morning, November 15th, JENNIE BRANDON, daughter of Rev. Geo. P. and E. S. Hays, aged 6 years and 10 days.

Funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 376 Ridge street, Allegheny, at 10 o'clock THIS MORNING, 16th inst.

MEVAY—On Tuesday, November 15th, 1870, at 7 o'clock A. M., at the residence of Mr. William Wylie, near Washington, Pa., GEORGIE ARNOLD, only son of Benjamin F. and Agnes A. Mevay, aged 19 month.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on THURSDAY, the 17th inst., at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his parents No. 176 Sheffield street, Allegheny city.

DUNLAP—On Tuesday morning, November 15, 1870, IDA FLORENCE, daughter of Mary and John Dunlap, aged 7 years and 6 months.

Funeral from the residence of the parents, Robinson street, Oakland. THURSDAY MORNING Nov. 17, at 10 o'clock. Carriages will leave the office of Fairman & Sampson, at 9 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ WILLIAM J. DICK & CO., UNDERTAKERS, 118 GRANT STREET. Every variety of Coffins constantly on hand, and every description of funeral furnishing goods at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere. The best carriages and hearse in the cities furnished. Agents for Raymond & Co., Patent Metallic Burial Cases.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Humphrey's Homepathic
MEDICINES.

A complete line constantly on hand. Also, a full line of

PATENT MEDICINES,
Sponges, Soaps and Toilet Articles.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at

ROSENBACH'S
Drug and Prescription Store,
no15 140 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Pittsburgh Locomotive Works.

It was a standing remark a few years ago among our numerous manufacturing establishments, we could not boast of one able to turn out first-class locomotive engine. For such work we were, up until a few years ago, entirely dependent on the eastern cities, but we are proud to chronicle the fact that such is not now the case. The above works are turning out some of the largest and strongest as well as the finest engines now in use in the country, under the able management of D. A. Stewart, Esq., the President of the company, and Wilson Mill, the Secretary and Treasurer. Its affairs are in a very prosperous condition, while the company has for its Superintendent Mr. J. Aug. Durgin, a mechanical engineer, whose skill and efficiency are known and recognized by the entire fraternity of master mechanics. The engines made by our home company are spoken of in terms of the highest praise, and wherever they have gone they have given the very best satisfaction for strength and general efficiency. We are proud to make these facts known, as they are alike creditable to our city and to the management of the company's affairs. We predict a prosperous future for the Pittsburgh Locomotive Works.

Good Coffee and Tender Beef Steak at all hours at Burns, 262 Liberty street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ HAMPTON BATTERY, ATTENTION!—A meeting will be held at the Armory of the Duquesne Grays, on THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 17, at 7½ o'clock, sharp, for election of officers. A full attendance is requested.
no15:h13

☞ OFFICE CITIZENS PASSENGER RAILWAY CO.—The Twelfth Annual meeting of the Citizens' Passenger Railway Company, of the City of Pittsburgh, will be held at MORGAN'S, No. 2 Sixth street, on MONDAY, Nov. 21st, 1870, at 7½ o'clock P. M., at which time and place a Board of Directors will be elected for the ensuing year, and such other business transacted as may come before the meeting.
D. P. CORWIN, Secretary.
PITTSBURGH Nov. 15, 1870. no15:b32

☞ STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.—A special meeting of the Stockholders of the Union Lubric Oil Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 25 Seventh street, on FRIDAY NEXT, the 18th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. Full attendance is requested, as business of importance will be transacted.
ISAAC M. PENNOCK, President.
no13:h18

OFFICE PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R.R. CO.
PITTSBURGH, November 12, 1870.
☞ NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Company will be held at their office, corner of Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, on the first Monday, (5th day) of December next, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year.
JOHN H. PAGE, Jr.,
no13:MWF Secretary.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH & BIRMINGHAM PASSENGER RAILWAY CO.,
PITTSBURGH, November 10th, 1870.
☞ THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Passenger Railway Company will be held at the MONONGAHELA HOUSE, on MONDAY, November 21st, 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M., at which time and place a Board of Directors will be elected for the ensuing year, and such other business transacted as may come before the meeting.
no11:g8 WM. K. NIMICK, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.,
PITTSBURGH, November 2d, 1870.
☞ NOTICE TO ASSESSORS—The Assessors Duplicates for the Triennial Assessment for A. D. 1871, are now ready for distribution at the office of the County Commissioners.
Assessors will please call immediately and get their books, as they will be required to return them on or before the first day of January next. By order of County Commissioners.
no3:g3 W. H. McCLEARY, Clerk.

☞ PUBLIC NOTICE.—Having been appointed GAS and GAS METER INSPECTOR for Allegheny county, notice is hereby given that until the necessary office and Mechanical Testing Machinery can be provided, I will be found at the OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS, Twenty-third street, near Penn, Pittsburgh.
S. H. SMITH,
Gas and Gas Meter Inspector.

☞ BOUNTY.
$100 Bounty Collected
For all soldiers who enlisted between May 4th and July 22d, 1861, who were discharged for disability before serving two years, and who have heretofore received no bounty.
The undersigned has removed his office to GAZETTE Building, corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, and is now prepared to collect claims speedily and at moderate rates. Call on, or address, with stamp.
J. F. BROWN.
Claim Agent, GAZETTE Building
Corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—The partnership formerly existing between BRENTANO & BAUER, No. 555 Penn street, was to-day dissolved by mutual consent. A. Brentano will pay all debts of the former firm, and he is also entitled to collect the outstanding debts.
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 7, 1870. no9:g82

NEW GOODS
Now Ready!
Hats, Bonnets,
Ribbons,
Feathers,
Flowers,
And all the Latest Styles in
LACE GOODS, JEWELRY, &c.,
At Bottom Prices,
AT
Mrs. S. C. ROBB'S,
No. 91 Federal St., Allegheny.

$50.00 REWARD!
The Park Commission of the City of Allegheny offer the above reward for the arrest and conviction, or information leading thereto, of the person or persons perpetrating the vandalism on West Park on the night of the 29th ult., whereby the metallic cup of the "BOY FOUNTAIN" was broken, the Humboldt Memorial and the surroundings defiled, and the plants and flowers plucked up by the roots. The Commission regard it as due to themselves as well as the community, that no efforts be spared in bringing the scoundrels to justice, and with that object in view the co-operation of all good citizens is invoked, and the above reward offered. By order of Commissioners,
J. R. OXLEY, Secretary.
no8:g74

A. H. English & Co.,
98 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Publishers of OSGOOD'S PROGRESSIVE SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS, including Osgood's Reader and Speller, Dean's Arithmetic, Burtt's Grammars, and Cowley's System of Penmanship.
☞ All orders by mail promptly filled. no7:g58

"HILL & ADAM'S
SEWER PIPE CO,"
65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny.
Manufacture highly VITRIFIED WATER AND SEWER PIPE. Dealers in CHIMNEY TOPS, FLUES and HYDRAULIC CEMENT. Discount to the Trade.
C. G. McMILLEN, Agent.
my7:w61

WINE VINEGAR.
We are receiving a lot of CASKS and BARRELS of the celebrated
E. & M. Bollman
IMPERIAL WINE VINEGAR out of a cargo just landed at Baltimore.
WATT, LANG & CO.,
172 and 174 Wood street.

Eclipse Coal Hod.
I am now prepared to furnish dealers with any number of my new improved patented Coal Hod at very low rates. All orders should be sent to the patentee, FRANK L. BLAIR, 335 Beaver street, Allegheny City, or apply to J. DUNLAP, Pittsburgh. oc4:e5

NOTICE.
JOHN McMONIGLE,
Tavern, Union Township.
The License Board will hear the above application on MONDAY, the 14th inst., at 9 o'clock A. M.
JOSEPH BROWNE, Clerk.
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 9th, 1870. no10:g62

EDWARD HERLINE........HOWARD B. HAMILTON
HERLINE & CO.,
LITHOGRAPHERS, ENGRAVERS and PRINTERS, No. 931 CHESTNUT STREET, entrance 39 South Tenth street, Philadelphia.
☞ Special attention given to Checks, Drafts & Lithography.

RUBBER TUBING.
All sizes of India Rubber Tubing, constantly on hand, at
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Agents for this city.

CHEAP
STOVES AND TINWARE,
FENDERS,
COAL BOXES,
FIRE IRONS, &c., &c.,
P. C. DUFFY'S,
ja29:e4 146 Grant street.

LACOCK, HAWTHORN & CO.,
TIN ROOFERS and Manufacturers of all kinds of Galvanized Iron Cornices, Window Caps, Brackets, Ventilators, &c. Contracts taken in any part of the country for Roofing, Cornice work Tin, Copper or Sheet Iron work. No. 28 Ohio St. Allegheny City, Pa.

NOTICE.
JOHN SMITH,
Second Ward, Pittsburgh, TAVERN.
The License Board will hear the above application on SATURDAY, Nov. 19th, A. D. 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M.
no15:h22 JOSEPH BROWNE, Clerk.

SODA ASH.
100 casks Common.
50 casks Refined.
For sale by J. B. CANFIELD,
no1 141 First avenue.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF ALLEGHENY GAS CO.,
ALLEGHENY, Nov. 7, 1870.
☞ DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR per share, payable on and after the 15th inst.
J. S. DAVIDSON,
no8:g69 Treasurer.

☞ GERMAN NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the capital stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after the 10th inst. free of all taxes.
JOS. LAURENT, Cashier.
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 5, 1870. no7:g57

THIRD NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 5, 1870.
☞ THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 12th inst., free of all taxes.
J. B. LIVINGSTON,
no7 Cashier.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
November 1, 1870.
☞ THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on its Capital Stock out of the profits of the last six months, which will be paid to stockholders or their legal representatives after the 11th inst. free of Government, State and local taxes.
oc2:w W. ROSEBURG, Cashier.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, November 1, 1870.
☞ THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have declared a dividend of (5) FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, free of tax, payable on and after the 11th inst.
A. LONG,
no2:g17 Cashier.

☞ DIVIDEND.—The Directors of the LAWRENCE SAVINGS BANK have declared a dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT., payable forthwith.
no5:g50 W. W. YOUNG.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, November 2, 1870.
☞ DIVIDEND—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of FIVE DOLLARS per share, payable on demand, free from all tax.
D. C. HULTZ, Secretary.

IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 1, 1870.
☞ THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of
SIX PER CENT.
on the cash stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable, free of U. S. tax, to stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after the 11th inst.
J. MAGOFFIN,
nov2:g19 Cashier.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 1, 1870.
☞ DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of
TWO DOLLARS
Upon each share of the Capital Stock out of the earned profits of the last six months, free of Government and State taxes, payable to stockholders on and after the 8th inst.
no2:g27 WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

OFFICE PA. INS. CO.,
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 31, 1870.
☞ DIVIDEND.—The Directors of the Pennsylvania Insurance Company of Pittsburgh have declared a dividend of
THREE PER CENT.
out of the profits of the last six months, payable on MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, on the full paid stock, and to be credited on the stock notes of the part paid stock.
HUGH McELHENY,
nov1:g11 Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE TRIUMPH OIL COMPANY,
No. 205 Liberty Street.
PITTSBURGH, October 20th, 1870.
☞ THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT., payable on and after November 10th at this office. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 4th to the 10th days of November, inclusive.
Non-resident Stockholders are requested to send their Postoffice address to this office.
WILLIAM MUSSLER.
oc26:f87 Secretary and Treasurer.

TO THE
RUPTURED.

Why People Complain
of Trusses.

The reason is obvious to many persons that it wholly arises from ill-fitting and ill-adjusted instruments, and in many cases no Truss is needed but frequently does harm. It is not generally understood by those who require Trusses that their adaptation and fitting requires skill and scientific knowledge fully as much as it does to prescribe proper medicines for the cure of diseases. Much injury is done to persons by ill-fitting Trusses. A Truss should never be fitted by any person not thoroughly qualified in the anatomy of the human body, but especially in the anatomy of the parts concerned in the production of a Hernia or a Rupture: for it ought to be apparent to every one that such knowledge is absolutely necessary to every one who undertakes the treatment of Hernia, whether by an operation or by an application of an appliance to retain the protruding part. We have often seen persons who have purchased as many as half a dozen trusses without getting suited, a circumstance that may reasonably be expected when one attempts to know more of his own system than one who has devoted the greater part of his life to the treatment and management of such maladies.

If any one will ask himself the question why it is so many persons suffer in this way and fail to get relief, the question is readily answered that they call at the store of some dealer in these articles and, hit or miss, they make the application, selected from a number before them without knowing whether it will answer the purpose intended or not. What we say about Trusses is measurably true of other appliances, such as Shoulder Braces and Supporters worn by females for weaknesses and infirmities to which their physical organizations are prone. Applied by Dr. KEYSER, at his Great Medicine Store, No. 167 Liberty street. Pittsburgh, Pa.

Rupture or Hernia Cured.
Radical Cure Truss, Patent Truss,
Supporter Truss,
Self-Adjusting Truss,
Lace or Body Brace, for the Cure of Prolapsus Uteri, Piles, Abdominal and Spinal Weakness.
Silver-Plated Supporter.
Pile Props for the Support and Cure of Piles.
Elastic Stockings, for Weak and Varicose Veins.
Elastic Knee Caps for Weak Knee Joints.
Ankle Supporters, for Weak Ankle Joints.
Suspensory Bandages, Self-Injecting and every kind of Syringes.
Syringes, Sick Feeders, Urinals.
Pessaries, Bed Pans, Fine Sponges.

Sold at Dr. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE, 167 LIBERTY STREET.

Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure

Is the best remedy for Lung Diseases that has ever been compounded. We believe, besides, that if we could make that fact known as we know it, we could not supply the demand for the Lung Cure, much less give the necessary attention to the patients that would throng our office. We feel satisfied that we state nothing but plain unvarnished truth. If it be asked us whether we never use any other treatment but the Lung Cure, we answer most certainly do, but we at the same time the use of one bottle of Lung Cure will convince any one of its efficacy more than anything we can say or write, as most people are convinced more by their own experience than by any other means in the world—we find this the case in our daily experience. Most of our patients are those who have been recommended to us by persons that we have cured, some of them reaching back through a considerable period. If you ask the question then, How is it that so many die of pulmonary diseases? I answer, nearly all of them put off treatment too long. Every one of them, or most of them, to speak more guardedly, could be cured in the incipiency of the disease. We have seen this thing done more than a hundred times, not only in simple cases that would have ended disastrously, but in marked and bad cases of Lung maladies.

We have had patients brought to our office and have visited them at their houses, who have recovered after their friends had deemed them almost hopelessly beyond the reach of cure. We wish to impress upon the reader the important truth that consumption of the lungs is not necessarily the fatal disease that it has mostly been made out to be. If you attend to it in time it is nearly if not altogether, as manageable and curable as any other disease of the human body. Do not misunderstand us. We know the difficulty of healing a spongy texture like lungs. We take into account all this in their treatment and in the management of the cases that come under our guidance and direction, and whilst our heart is often made sad, over cases brought to our notice, of a hopeless and incurable character, on the contrary, it is often gladdened by recoveries, which, under ordinary treatment, would never have taken place.

Price $1.50 per bottle. If your druggist does not sell it, send Five Dollars to Dr. Keyser and he will send four bottles with full directions by express. Address,

Dr. KEYSER,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

INSURANCE.

Franklin Savings Bank,
No. 43 OHIO STREET, Allegheny.
CAPITAL..........$100,000.
Stockholders individually liable.
Interest paid on time deposits.
DIRECTORS:
GEO. R. RIDDLE,
D. MACFERRON,
WM. MURDOCK,
J. W. HALL,
CHAS. SCHLIEPER,
WM. BURGOYNE,
S. DRUM.
GEO. R. RIDDLE, President.
JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier. no12:h

Western Insurance Co.
Of Pittsburgh.
ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEO. NEELD, General Agent.
Office 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.
Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.
DIRECTORS:
Alexander Nimick,
R. Miller Jr.,
James McAuley,
Alexander Speer,
Andrew Ackley,
David M. Long,
D. Ihmsen,
John R. McCune,
Chas. J. Clarke,
William S. Evans,
Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Philip Reymer,
Wm. Morrison.
oc21

CHARTER 1829 PERPETUAL.
FRANKLIN FIRE INSUR. CO
OF PHILADELPHIA.
OFFICE 435 AND 437 CHESTNUT STREET.
Assets on August 1st 1870, $3,009,888 24.
Capital $400,000 00. Accrued Surplus and Premiums $2,609,888 24. Losses paid since 1829, over $5,500,000. Perpetual and Temporary Policies on Liberal Terms. The Company also issues policies upon the Rents of all kinds of Buildings, Ground Rents and Mortgages.
DIRECTORS—Alfred G. Baker, Samuel Grant, Geo. W. Richards, Isaac Lea, Geo. Fales, Alfred Fitler, Thos. Sparks, Wm. S. Grant, Thomas S. Ellis, Gustavus S. Benson.
ALFRED G. BAKER, President.
GEO. FALES, Vice President.
Jas. W. McAllister, Secretary.
T. H. Reger, Assistant Sec'y.
COFFIN & KELLOGG
se13 Cor. Third Avenue and Wood St.

A. McFARLAND, President. S. H. HARTMAN, Vice President
W. GIBSON MILLER, Secretary.
Federal Insurance Co.
OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
OFFICE: Cor. Federal and Lacock Streets
DIRECTORS:
Edward Gregg,
Valentine Baker,
M. Sheilaby,
Jos. H. Borland,
Wm. Schoyer,
W. J. Langfitt,
W. G. Gibson,
J. Kohen,
Samuel B. Smith,
W. B. Anderson,
M. B. Suydam,
James Allison.
jel7:y73 F. M. LOVE, General Agent

CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,
Phelan's Building,
NO. 23 FIFTH AVENUE, SECOND FLOOR, PITTSBURGH PA.
CAPITAL ALL PAID UP
DIRECTORS:
N. J. Bigley,
Dan'l Wallace,
Jake Hill,
Thomas Smith,
John Floyd,
S. H. Hartman,
S. McClurkan,
Jno. S. Willcock,
Capt. M. Bailey,
A. Chambers,
Jas. M. Bailey.
ROBERT H. KING, President.
JNO. F. JENNINGS, Vice President
JOS. T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
ALEX. M. KING, General Agent.
INSURES ON LIBERAL TERMS ON ALL FIRE AND MARINE RISKS
ap2:g37

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.
Of Pittsburgh.
OFFICE, NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
T. J. HOSKINSON, Vice President.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent
DIRECTORS:
John Irwin, Jr.,
T. J. Hoskinson,
C. G. Hussey,
Harvey Childs,
Charles Hays,
Capt. Wm. Dean,
B. L. Fahnestock,
W. H. Everson,
Robert H. Davis,
Hugh S. Fleming,
Capt. J. T. Stockdale,
T. H. Nevin.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMP'Y.
COR. FEDERAL ST. AND DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.
Office, in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
W. W. MARTIN, President.
JOHN BROWN, JR., Vice President.
JAMES E. STEVENSON, Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
John A. Myler,
Jas. L. Graham,
John Brown, Jr.,
O. H. P. Williams,
Jas. Lockhart,
Robert Lea,
George Gerst,
Jno. Thompson,
Jos. Myers,
C. C. Boyle,
Jacob Kopp,
J. McNaugher.
ap6

LEGAL.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
W. D. of Pennsylvania,
PITTSBURGH, November 8th, 1870.
THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE: That on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1870, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of JAMES H. LOH, of Allegheny City, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a Meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Allegheny county, Penna., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register, on the 12th day of NOVEMBER, A. D. 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M.
A. MURDOCK,
no9:g78 U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of the MONONGAHELA BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION for a Charter.
In the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Allegheny, No. 635; December Term, 1870.
October 29th, 1870, the above application filed, and notice is hereby given that the same will be granted at the next term (March) of said Court, unless exceptions be filed in the meantime thereto.
Attest: JACOB H. WALTER,
no9:g80-w Prothonotary.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of SARAH E. PATTON, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against said estate will present them, and those owing said estate pay the same to
JOSEPH HUGHEY,
oc12:f1 w Monroeville, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of MARGARET CRAWFORD, deceased, late of Kilbuck Township, all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby notified to make payment, and all those having claims to present them duly authenticated to the undersigned.
J. M. CRAWFORD, Administrator.
OHIO TP., Oct. 15th, 1870. oc24:f71

NOTICE.—Letters C. T. A. on the Estate of HAMIT BANK, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the estate of deceased, will present them without delay, and all persons indebted will make payment.
THOS. M. BAYNE
Administrator, C. T. A.,
No. 87 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.
OCTOBER 21, 1870. oc22

EDUCATIONAL.

Iron City College
Cor. Penn and Sixth Streets
PITTSBURGH, PA.
The most popular and successful Business College in the United States.
An Institution for the thorough, practical education of young and middle-aged men, with advantages possessed by no other school in the country. Students can enter at any time. No class system. Each Student receives individual instruction.
For Circulars giving full particulars, call at the College, or address the Principals.
SMITH & COWLEY.
P. S.—The School is always open to the inspection of visitors, who are cordially invited to call and examine our system of practical actual business training.
au24:dl:daf S. & C.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

P. McARDLE,
Fashionable
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Keeps constantly on hand CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS; also, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
No. 93 1-2 Smithfield St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Gent's Clothing made to order in the latest styles. ap9

NEW FALL GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
Cloths, Cassimeres, &c.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER,
se3 Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

BRASS CASTINGS.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.
Bell and Brass Founders,
ENGINE, LOCOMOTIVE AND ROLLING MILL
BRASSES
Made Promptly to Order.
BABBITT'S METAL
Made and Kept on Hand.
Proprietors and Manufacturers of
J. M. Cooper's Improved Balance Wheel
STEAM PUMP.
Office—883 PENN STREET. Foundry—Corner 17TH and RAILROAD STREETS, Pittsburgh Pa.

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

Schmidt & Friday,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, &c.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES.
Nos. 384 and 386 Penn,
Cor. of ELEVENTH ST., formerly Canal.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ OPERA HOUSE.
Lessees and Managers...HENDERSON & CANNING
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 16, 1870.
second appearance of the eminent Tragedian,
Mr. Edwin Booth,
For which occasion Shakespeare's great work in four acts, entitled
THE MERCHANT OF VENICE.
Shylock..........Mr. Edwin Booth.
Portia..........Ettie Henderson.
Thursday—Richard Third. Friday—Richelieu. Saturday—Richard Third. Saturday Matinee—Iago.
Private Boxes, $8.00; Orchestra Chairs, $2.00; Parquette Chairs, $1.50; Dress Circle reserved $1.00; Dress Circle admission, 75c.; Gallery 25c.

☞ MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL.
Lecture Season---1870-'71.
REV. A. A. WILLETTS, D.D.,
Of Philadelphia, will Lecture at
Mercantile Library Hall,
On THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 17th.
SUBJECT—"SUNSHINE ON THE PHILOSOPHY OF A HAPPY LIFE."
Admission, 50 cents.
No reserved Seats. Tickets for sale at the Library. Doors open at 7½ o'clock. Lecture commences at 8. Tickets for the course of 1870 71 for sale at the Library. no14

☞ TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATRE. FRED. AIMS.....Manager
Great Troupes of the World! To night and Saturday Afternoon, HERNANDEZ FOSTER PANTOMIME TROUPE, M'lle and Mons. Leopold, Gymnasts; Miss Emma Alford, Miss Ellen Wesner, the Song and Dance Artists; Collins Oaks and Perdy Gallagher, Irish Comique; Sidney Franks; Jennie Benson, Cloggist; C. A. Gardner; Dancing Blondes. 100 Male and Female Artistes. Also, great comic pantomime: Tom, Tom, or Three Blind Mice, with gorgeous transformation scene.

☞ MASONIC HALL—
LAST THREE NIGHTS OF
Mme. Rentz's Female Minstrels,
Whose performances are nightly hailed with acclamations of delight!
TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, Nov. 15, 16 and 17. New Features and Entire change of Bill at each entertainment.
Admission, 50 cents; Reserved Seats, 75 cents; Children, 25 cents.
Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock.
no15:h29

Marie Seebach,
THE GREAT TRAGEDIENNE.
At the Academy of Music
Two Nights Only.
FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 18th, Schiller's renowned
MARY STUART.
SEEBACH in her great role—MARY STUART. Mathilda Veneta—Elizabeth, Queen of England. The entire Company in the cast.
SATURDAY, EVENING Nov. 19th, FAREWELL NIGHT, BENEFIT of M'me MARIE SEEBACH.
Goethe's sublime creation,
FAUST.
SEEBACH in her world-renowned impersonation of MARGUERITE and a most powerful cast.
Admission $1; reserved seats 50 cents extra. Family Circle 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents.
The sale of seats will commence Wednesday morning, Nov. 16th, at H. Kleber & Bro.'s Music Store, 122 Wood street, where librettos with English translation can be had. no12:h15

☞ THREE FREE LECTURES, by
Prof. O. S. FOWLER,
IN MASONIC HALL,
FRIDAY EVENING, Nov 18, at 7:30, on LIFE, HEALTH and SELF-CULTURE.
SATURDAY, at 2:30, to Ladies, FEMALE HEALTH.
SATURDAY EVENING, at 7:30, LOVE COURTSHIP and MARRIED LIFE.
Consult him at to your Phrenology, best business, &c., at the MONONGAHELA HOTEL, from Nov. 19th to Nov. 30th. no12:h5-tf

☞ ST. BRIDGET'S
FAIR,
ELEVENTH WARD.
OPEN EVERY NIGHT.
no5:g55

☞ POINT CHAPEL.
GRAND FAIR.
OPEN THIS EVENING,
For the benefit of St. Mary's Church. oc29

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Nov. 12th, 1870.
To Sewer Contractors.
The Sewerage Commission of the City of Allegheny are prepared to receive proposals for the construction of the following Sewers, with their appurtenances, (inlets, manholes, &c.):
Contract No. 1.
Comprising about 400 feet of 30-inch single ring Circular Brick Sewer, and about 300 feet of 18-inch Circular Pipe Sewer on Grant avenue, from Lincoln avenue to connect with the Sewer on Beech street.
Contract No. 2.
Comprising about 400 feet of 3 feet Circular Brick Sewer, and about 200 feet of 18-inch Circular Pipe Sewer on Pasture Lane from Jackson street to old city line.
Contract No. 3.
Comprising about 1,000 feet of 18-inch Circular Pipe Sewer on Webster street, from Jackson street to connect with the Sewer on North Avenue.
Drawings and specifications can be seen and full information obtained at this office.
Bids must be endorsed "Sewer Proposals," Contract No. 1 (or 2 as the case may be) and delivered on or before 3 P. M. SATURDAY, November 19, 1870.
No bids will be received unless made upon blanks furnished by this office.
The Commission reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
By order of the Commission.
CHAS. DAVIS,
no12:b9 CITY ENGINEER.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, November 11, 1870.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the City Engineer until 3 o'clock P. M. MONDAY, Nov. 21st, 1870, for the
Construction of a PUBLIC SEWER (3 feet brick) on 17th, Pike and 16th street.
Also, for the Grading of BOYD STREET, from Forbes street to Locust street.
Also, for the Grading of SHINGISS STREET, from Old avenue to Eagle street.
Also, for the Grading of ERIN STREET, from Bedford to Centre avenue.
Also, for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of WEBSTER AVENUE, from Roberts street to Arthurs street.
The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
Specifications can be seen and blanks for bidding can be had at this office. No bids will be received unless made upon blanks furnished by this office.
no11 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until noon, FRIDAY the 25th inst., for building a PUBLIC SCHOOL HOUSE in the Fifteenth ward. Plans and specifications are now ready for examination at the office of Wm. Jancey, Esq., corner of Penn avenue and Butler street, and at the office of the architects, Barr & Moser. By order of the DIRECTORS.
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 10, 1870. no12

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
ALLEGHENY, Nov. 15, 1870.
NOTICE.—The revised assessment for grading, paving and curbing of RIVER AVENUE, from Union alley to Bridge street, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, November 25th, 1870, when it will be returned to the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.
CHARLES DAVIS,
no15:g20 City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
November 12, 1870.
NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Grading and Macadamizing of LARIMER AVENUE from Spring to Hill's road is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until Tuesday, November 22, 1870, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.
H. J. MOORE,
no11 City Engineer

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE
PITTSBURGH, November 8, 1870.
NOTICE.—The assessment for grading, Paving and Curbing GIST STREET from Fifth avenue to Bluff street, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, November 15, 1870, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
H. J. MOORE,
no8 City Engineer

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE—Granting Franz Gartner the right to erect an iron-clad addition to his store, corner Penn and 31st street.
SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the privilege be and is hereby granted to Franz Gartner to erect an addition of 16 by 45 feet, 16½ feet high, to his store, corner 31st street and Penn street, in the 12th ward.
SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 31st day of October, A. D. 1870.
A. H. GROSS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
no9 Clerk of Common Council.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION! AUCTION!
N. Whiting & Co., Auctioneers.
Bankruptcy. Important to the Trade and Public. Great Bankrupt Sale of
DRY GOODS,
At No. 61 Wood street, under Lafayette Hall, commencing on FRIDAY, October 7th, 1870, A large consignment of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, consisting of West of England and Yorkshire broad and narrow Woolen Cloths, Cassimeres, Corduroy, Fancy Tweeds, Vestings, Clothing, [illegible] Also, British and Foreign [illegible] and Dresses, in Silk, Satin, Poplin, [illegible] together with a large [illegible] Stuffs, &c. Also, large stock of Flannels, Blankets, Counterpanes, [illegible] Rugs, Table Covers, Hosiery, Prints, Muslins, and a variety of other Goods too numerous to mention.
Sale to continue from day to day until the entire stock is disposed of, the whole being sold without reserve, in lots to suit, for cash.
Sale will commence at 10 A. M. and 2 and 7:30 P. M.

NOTICE.
EDWARD SWEENEY.
Ninth Ward, Allegheny, TAVERN.
The License Board will hear the above application on THURSDAY, Nov. 17th, 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M.
JOSEPH BROWNE, Clerk.
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 11th, 1870. no12:h6